

SENTENCE ORDER

To write sentences in Spanish, you should know what the parts of simple sentences in Spanish are. Please pay attention to this formula:



Subject: (SUJETO)

As in English, the subject will be the name of a person, a place, an object a very commonly pronoun such as "I", "You", "He", etc.

The verb: (VERBO)

The verb refers to an action, a process, or a state. This means that verbs are things we do every day, like "DORMIR" (sleep), "CORRER" (run)

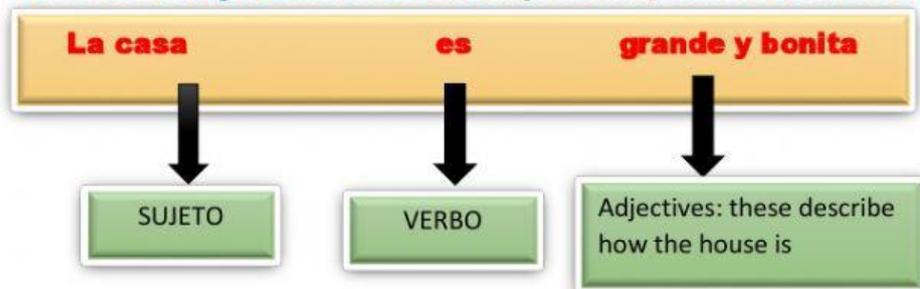
The complement: (COMPLEMENTO)

The complement is what we put after the verb. In basic sentences in Spanish, we will often add an object, which could be food, places, things, etc., or an adjective like "nice", "interesting," or "delicious"

EXAMPLES

CASA

Can be a subject and also a complement, but never a verb



BEBER

This is a verb. You can identify that is a verb when you try to conjugate it.



RESTAURANTE

Can be an object and also a complement, but never a verb

GRANDE

This is an adjective. Remember adjectives describe people, animals or things

LUCY

This is a name of a person. It is a subject

PERAS

This is a name of a fruit. It can be a subject, but also a complement

ACTIVITY

Now...Let's see how these elements work together, but before starting to write sentences, let's first check that we really understood what a subject, a verb and a complement is.

Put these words in the boxes taking into account the category: **SUJETO**, **VERBO** or **COMPLEMENTO**. Please follow the example. Remember that some of the words can be either a complement or a subject as well, **BUT NEVER A VERB**

RESTAURANTE / GRASOSO/ COMER / NARANJAS / LA MAMA / AMARGO/ ROJO / BAILAR / QUERER / PETER/ DESEAR / KARLA / DESAYUNAR / LAS FRUTAS / DELICIOSO / EL BEBE/ COMPRAR

| SUJETO | VERBO | COMPLEMENTO |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| RESTAURANTE | | RESTAURANTE |