

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Group: \_\_\_\_\_  
Teacher: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

**GRAMMAR:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Check(✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.**

- 1 I \_\_\_\_\_ my wallet when I was on vacation last year.  
A lost  B 've been losing  C 've lost
- 2 He \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money when his grandfather died.  
A 's inherited  B been inheriting  C inherited
- 3 She \_\_\_\_\_ had a bank account for five years now.  
A had  B has  C have
- 4 I've been playing football \_\_\_\_\_ I was six years old.  
A when  B since  C for
- 5 Have you \_\_\_\_\_ been to South America?  
A ever  B yet  C before
- 6 Have you \_\_\_\_\_? There's blue paint in your hair!  
A been painting  B painting  C painted
- 7 It's 11:00 a.m. and I \_\_\_\_\_ half an hour of work this morning!  
A did  B 've been doing  C 've done
- 8 **A** Can I speak to Peter, please?  
**B** Sorry, he's \_\_\_\_\_ gone out.  
A just  B ever  C yet
- 9 You look tired. What \_\_\_\_\_?  
A you have been doing  B have you doing  C have you been doing
- 10 Why is he asking for money again? I \_\_\_\_\_ him \$50 two days ago!  
A 've lent  B lent  C lend
- 11 I haven't finished my exams \_\_\_\_\_. I've got two more next week.  
A already  B yet  C soon
- 12 How long have they \_\_\_\_\_ going out together?  
A been  B already  C be
- 13 Alan \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money when he was a student.  
A borrowed  B has borrowed  C has been borrowing
- 14 **A** When \_\_\_\_\_ on vacation to Thailand?  
**B** Two years ago.  
A did you go  B have you gone  C you went
- 15 She \_\_\_\_\_ saved enough money for a car. She needs another \$500.  
A hadn't  B hasn't  C has

- 16 We \_\_\_\_\_ far too much on our vacation last year.  
A 've spent  B been spending  C spent
- 17 How much money \_\_\_\_\_ you earn last month?  
A did  B have  C do
- 18 I haven't seen her \_\_\_\_\_ last summer. How is she?  
A since  B for  C until
- 19 We've been living in this house \_\_\_\_\_ four years now.  
A from  B since  C for
- 20 A Would you like a cup of tea?  
B No, thanks. I've \_\_\_\_\_ one.  
A just have  B had just  C just had

**VOCABULARY & PRONUNCIATION:** \_\_\_\_\_

**a Check (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with money words.**

- 1 My parents have just finished paying the \_\_\_\_\_ on their house.  
A bill  B salary  C mortgage
- 2 I want to \_\_\_\_\_ some money, so I'm looking for a high interest account.  
A invest  B raise  C earn
- 3 Here's the money you \_\_\_\_\_ me last week – thank you.  
A lent  B borrowed  C owed
- 4 This ring isn't \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money, but I love it!  
A cost  B afford  C worth
- 5 I bought this book yesterday. It \_\_\_\_\_ \$20.  
A spent  B cost  C charged
- 6 We can't afford the \_\_\_\_\_ for private education.  
A costs  B fees  C charges
- 7 We managed to get a \_\_\_\_\_ to buy a new car.  
A loan  B mortgage  C check

**b Check (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.**

- 8 I hate shopping \_\_\_\_\_ clothes.  
A to  B by  C for
- 9 My brother borrowed \$10 \_\_\_\_\_ me last month.  
A from  B by  C to
- 10 It isn't a good idea to get \_\_\_\_\_ debt.  
A for  B into  C on
- 11 He paid for dinner \_\_\_\_\_ cash.  
A in  B for  C by
- 12 The hotel charged me \$25 \_\_\_\_\_ a two-minute phone call!

A for  B of  C from

- 13 Tina still hasn't paid me \_\_\_\_\_ the money I lent her!  
A with  B back  C up

**c Check (✓) the synonym of the adjectives.**

- 14 very dirty  
A furious  B filthy  C hilarious
- 15 very angry  
A positive  B starving  C furious
- 16 very pleased  
A delighted  B amazed  C delicious
- 17 very hungry  
A terrified  B starving  C boiling
- 18 very big  
A boiling  B awful  C enormous
- 19 very funny  
A positive  B hilarious  C delighted
- 20 very cold  
A boiling  B amazed  C freezing

**d Which is the stressed syllable? Check (✓) A, B, or C.**

- 1 A furious  B furious  C furios
- 2 A enormous  B enomous  C enormous
- 3 A positive  B positive  C positive
- 4 A delighted  B delighted  C delighted
- 5 A terrified  B terrified  C terrified

**READING: \_\_\_\_\_**

**1 Read the article and check (✓) A, B, or C.**

In 1990, the World Bank published a report showing that there were over a billion people in the world with an income of just one dollar a day. At the start of this century, the United Nations promised to halve this figure by 2015. It has been working hard to keep this promise ever since. A series of short movies was made to show what you can buy in different countries with this tiny amount. In a market in Nepal, for example, they could only buy four bananas and a loaf of bread. It was impossible to buy meat or any protein.

Other people have been horrified to learn how enormous the problem is and have taken action in different ways. A U.K. charity called *1 Dollar a Day* has been raising money to

invest in projects to improve health, clean water, education, etc. They have also given people loans to help them set up a business as it is difficult to borrow money if you have no bank account.

In the U.S., two school teachers decided to try spending only one dollar each day on food for a month and have now written a book about their experience. They say they were often starving and got bored with eating the same food. And they couldn't afford to buy healthy foods such as fresh fruit and vegetables. The book describes how much rich countries waste and how they try to save money by buying cheap food from other countries.

The World Bank has recently published another report on how the situation has changed since 1990. One dollar is worth less now, and food and fuel cost more, so it is difficult to work out exactly how much progress there has been. However, there have clearly been some amazing changes. Between 1990 and 2008, the number of people who earned salaries below the poverty line went down from 43% of the developing world to 22%, so the U.N. has already made a big difference. Of course, there is still a huge amount to do to improve the lives of millions of people throughout the world.

Example: More than a billion people \_\_\_\_\_ one dollar a day in 1990.

A gave  B earned  C saved

1 In \_\_\_\_\_ the U.N. made a promise to cut the poverty figures by half.

A 2000  B 1900  C 2015

2 In Nepal, it costs one dollar to buy \_\_\_\_\_ and some bread.

A cheese  B meat  C a few bananas

3 The charity *1 Dollar a Day* lends people money to \_\_\_\_\_.

A get water  B start a business  C buy food

4 Two school teachers spent one dollar a day on \_\_\_\_\_.

A a book  B vegetables  C eating

5 They were often very \_\_\_\_\_.

A tired  B hungry  C healthy

6 It wasn't possible to buy \_\_\_\_\_ with a dollar.

A unhealthy food  B anything  C fruit

7 The book shows how much rich countries \_\_\_\_\_.

A throw away  B spend each day  C can afford to buy

8 Since 1990, the situation has changed \_\_\_\_\_.

A very little  B not at all  C a surprising amount

9 In 2008, \_\_\_\_\_ of the world's population was very poor.

A 43%  B 22%  C over a billion

10 The writer says we still need to do \_\_\_\_\_ to help people.

A a little  B a lot  C some things