



Colégio Carpe Diem

PROFESSOR (A)

Tatiane Brandao

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ESTUDANTE

ATIVIDADE DOMICILIAR DA LÍNGUA INGLESA

UNIT 2



GRAMMAR 2

Review: Quantity and Uncountable Nouns

- 1 Look at the chart. Circle the quantifiers and underline the countable and uncountable nouns.

countable nouns	uncountable nouns
how many...?	how much...?
a He saw a lot of whales.	b He had a lot of fresh food.
	
c He saw some / a few whales.	d He had some / a little fresh food.
	
e He didn't see many whales.	f He didn't have much fresh food.
	
g He didn't see any whales.	h He didn't have any fresh food.
	

- 2 Look at the sentences in activity 1 again and complete the rules of countable and uncountable nouns with the words and phrases in the box.

a lot of (2x) can't be many much
one by one plural (2x) some or any (2x)

- a Countable nouns can be counted
_____ and can be made
_____. To indicate large quantities,

countable nouns can be preceded by
_____ or _____. To refer to
an indefinite quantity, they can be preceded
by _____.

- b Uncountable nouns _____
counted one by one, nor can they be made
_____. To indicate large amounts,
uncountable nouns can be preceded by
_____ or _____. To refer to
an indefinite amount, they can be preceded
by _____.

TIP

How many and *How much* are used to ask
about quantities and amounts.
How many + countable noun in the plural
How much + uncountable noun

How much is also used to ask about prices:
How much did that trip cost?

- 3 Complete the questions with *How much*
or *How many*.

- a _____ is a trip to Australia?
b _____ countries would you like to visit?
c _____ free time do you have for a
visit to the museum?
d _____ people are traveling with you?

- 4 Choose the correct words.

Dear Parents,

Next week is the annual school adventure camp for
9th Grade students.

All students will need to bring a *some* / *much* warm
clothes, but they don't need b *many* / *much* because
the camp only lasts for three days. Please pack
c a *few* / a *little* extra socks because the camp is cold
at night. Students do not need to bring d *any* / *many*
food. The camp provides all meals with e a *lot* of /
much fresh fruit and vegetables.

They can bring f a *little* / a *few* money, but not too
g *much* / *many*. Students cannot bring h a *little* /
any gadgets like mp3 players or cell phones. The
teachers have cell phones for emergencies. See you
next week!

The Teachers



GRAMMAR GUIDE page 36



WRITING

A Description of a Journey



- 1 25 Read and listen. Where is Kate?

From: Kate
To: Nick
Subject: Plane Journey!

Hi Nick,

Well, we've arrived – at last! What a journey! It was a nightmare! 😞😞😞

The plane left London on time. The food was OK and the in-flight movies were excellent. I watched *Avengers: Infinity War*. Have you seen it? It's great. But when we were only 30 minutes from New York there was a disaster! We couldn't land because of bad weather. First, we had to fly to Washington, DC. Then we had to wait for three and a half hours to get off the plane. Then we waited for an hour in line at the immigration desk. Next, we lined up for another two hours for a hotel. After that we waited 45 minutes for the shuttle bus to the hotel. We finally arrived at the hotel at midnight – eight hours after landing! And the restaurant was closed, so there was no food!

We're going to New York this morning, I hope. I'll send you an email when we get there.

Kate

- 2 Read the email again and order the events.

- a ☐ had to fly to Washington
b ☐ arrived at the hotel
c ☐ waited at the immigration desk
d ☐ the plane left London
e ☐ lined up for a shuttle bus
f ☐ lined up for a hotel



LANGUAGE FOCUS

Linkers

First, we had to fly to Washington, DC.

Then we had to wait for three and a half hours.

Next, we lined up for another two hours for a hotel.

After that we waited 45 minutes for the bus. We **finally** arrived at the hotel at midnight.

- 3 Look at the Language Focus and complete the rules below with the words in bold.

- a We use _____ to indicate the beginning of an event.
b We use _____, _____ and _____ to indicate the order of events.
c We use _____ to indicate the end of an event.

- 4 Choose the correct words.

Have you ever been on a sightseeing bus tour? We went on one in New York last year. We set off from Broadway and **a next / first** we went to Times Square, in the center of Manhattan.

b Then / Finally, we drove up one side of Central Park and saw the Museum of Natural History.

c After / Next, we went to Harlem and saw the Apollo Theater. Michael Jackson sang there when he was young. **d After that / First**, we drove down Park Avenue. Lots of famous people live there. The buildings are really beautiful. **e Then / Finally**, we got off the bus by the Guggenheim Museum. It was wonderful!

- 5 Write a short email (120-150 words) to a friend describing a journey.

Writing a Description

Step 1 > PLAN

Think about the journey and make notes. Where were you going? Was it a good or bad journey? What happened?

Step 2 > WRITE

Write your first draft. Include an introduction, a description of where you were going, what happened and a closing phrase. Remember to use linkers to show the order of events.

Step 3 > CHECK

Check your work for errors. Have you used linkers?

Step 4 > WRITE

Write your final copy and hand in your work.



VOCABULARY IN PICTURES

Travel



arrive



buy a guidebook



buy souvenirs



come back home



get off a bus



get on a train



have adventures



meet people



pack a suitcase



plan a journey



send postcards



set off

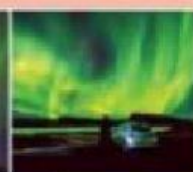
Extreme Adjectives



big / enormous



small / tiny



good / amazing



bad / awful



frightening / terrifying



tired / exhausted



happy / delighted



cold / freezing



hot / boiling



GRAMMAR GUIDE

Present Perfect and Simple Past

- we use the present perfect to talk about experiences in the past when we don't know or don't mention the exact time
They **have been** to the USA.
- we never use the present perfect for something that happened at a specific time in the past, we use the simple past in this case
We **went** to the movies last Saturday.
- we use the simple past to talk about completed actions at a definite time in the past
They **went** to the USA in 2009.
- we use the present perfect to ask questions about experiences in the past
Have you **ever been** to the USA?
- we use simple past questions to ask for more information about the experience
When did you **go** to the USA?

time expressions	
present perfect	simple past
this week	yesterday
in the last week	last year
never	when I was young
recently	in 2009

Quantity and Uncountable Nouns

	countable nouns	uncountable nouns
+	He had a lot of apples. He had some / a few apples.	He had a lot of money. He had some / a little money.
-	He didn't have many apples. He didn't have any apples.	He didn't have much money. He didn't have any money.
?	How many apples did he have? Did he have any apples? Yes, he did. / No, he didn't.	How much money did he have? Did he have any money? Yes, he did. / No, he didn't.

uncountable nouns

food	music
fruit	rice
information	space
milk	tea
money	water

- we use *some, any, a lot of, a few, a little, much* and *many* to talk about quantities of things
- we use *a lot of* with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns to talk about a large quantity
They eat a lot of fruit and vegetables.
- we use *some* in affirmative sentences with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns to talk about a medium quantity
All students will need to bring some warm clothes.
- we use *a few* in affirmative sentences with plural countable nouns to talk about a small quantity
Please pack a few extra socks as the camp is cold at night.
- we use *a little* in affirmative sentences with uncountable nouns to talk about a small quantity
You can bring a little money.
- we use *many* in negative sentences with plural countable nouns to talk about a small quantity
I don't have many friends.
- we use *much* in negative sentences with uncountable nouns to talk about a small quantity
She doesn't have much time.
- we use *any* in negative sentences with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns to talk about zero quantity
Students don't need to bring any food.
- we use *How many ...?* with plural countable nouns and *How much ...?* with uncountable nouns to ask questions about quantity
How many friends do you have?
How much fruit have you eaten today?



PROGRESS CHECK

Travel

- 1 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

adventures	home	journey
postcard	souvenir	suitcase

- a You haven't packed your _____. You're going to be late!
- b My mom bought me a _____ T-shirt in Venice.
- c Paul sent me a _____ from Australia.
- d I planned a _____ with my guidebook.
- e Lucy had lots of _____ when she went to Japan.
- f I had such a great vacation that I didn't want to come back _____!

Extreme Adjectives

- 2 Match adjectives a-f with extreme adjectives 1-6.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| a ☐ big | 1 awful |
| b ☐ small | 2 enormous |
| c ☐ cold | 3 exhausted |
| d ☐ tired | 4 amazing |
| e ☐ good | 5 tiny |
| f ☐ bad | 6 freezing |

Review: Present Perfect and Simple Past

- 3 Complete the sentences with the present perfect or simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

- a _____ you _____ (be) to Tunisia?
Yes, I have. I _____ (go) there in 2012. It was great.
- b _____ you ever _____ (read) a Harry Potter book?
Yes, I have. I _____ (not like) it.

- c _____ you _____ (send) your dad a postcard?

Yes, I _____ (send) it yesterday.

- d _____ your brother _____ (go) to Australia?

Yes, he has. He _____ (set off) two days ago.

Review: Quantity and Uncountable Nouns

- 4 Choose the correct words.

- a I haven't packed **any / much** socks.
- b Nick's bought **much / a lot of** souvenirs.
- c I don't have **many / much** time.
- d Did you meet **many / much** people while you were traveling?
- e I only spent **a little / a few** money on vacation.

Grammar Buildup 2

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

- 5 Choose the correct answers.

Alice a _____ to France, Mark?

Mark Yes, I have. It's b _____ country I've ever been to.

Alice When c _____?

Mark Two years ago.

Alice Did you eat d _____ snails?

Mark Yes, I did. They were awful. I e _____ them.

Alice And did you buy f _____ souvenirs?

Mark No, they were g _____ expensive. So, have you ever visited Paris?

Alice No, I've never been abroad.

- a 1 Do you go 3 Have you ever been

2 Did you go

- b 1 better 2 the best 3 best

- c 1 did you go 3 were you going

2 have you gone

- d 1 much 2 any 3 a little

- e 1 didn't like 3 am not liking

2 haven't liked

- f 1 any 2 much 3 a little

- g 1 enough 2 too 3 not enough