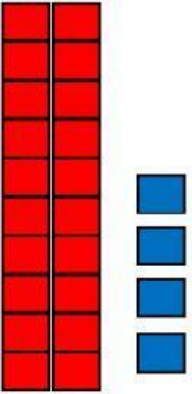
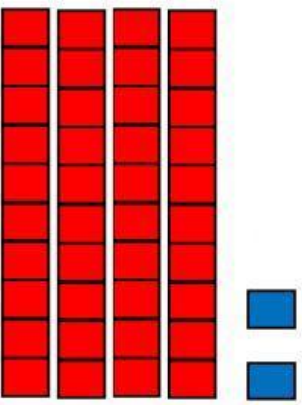
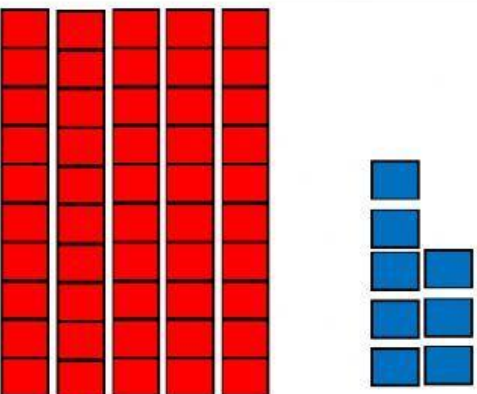
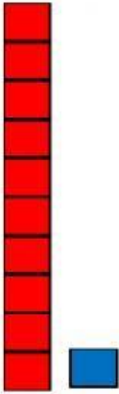


1. Cuenta las decenas y las unidades. Coloca el número correspondiente en la caja de valores y luego escribe en el recuadro el número que se forma.

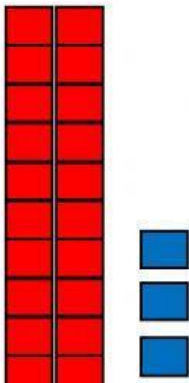
	<table border="1" style="margin: 0 auto; text-align: center; width: 150px;"> <tr> <td style="color: red;">d</td> <td style="color: blue;">u</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="height: 100px;"></td> <td style="height: 100px;"></td> </tr> </table>	d	u		
d	u				

	<table border="1" style="margin: 0 auto; text-align: center; width: 150px;"> <tr> <td style="color: red;">d</td> <td style="color: blue;">u</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="height: 100px;"></td> <td style="height: 100px;"></td> </tr> </table>	d	u		
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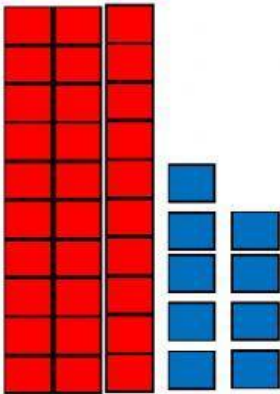
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d	u				



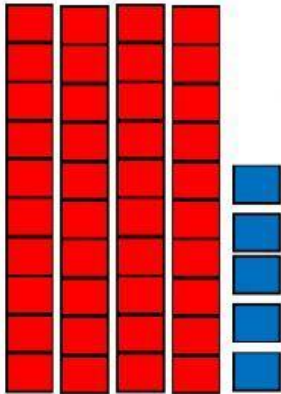
d	u



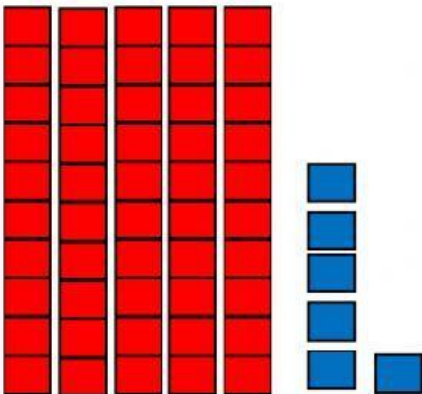
d	u



d	u



d	u



d	u

2. Completa las siguientes familias numéricas. Escribe los números que hacen falta en cada caso.

21	22	
		26
	28	

31		33
34		
37	38	39

	42	
	45	46
47	48	

51	52	
	55	
57		59