SOCIAL SCIENCES 6 TH	CEIP DANIEL MARTÍN

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Name:		Group:			
А	ctivity: CONTEMPORARY HI	ISTORY OF SPAIN			
For this task, using the corresp	ponding hints, you must uns	cramble the words by arrang	ing the letters in		
the correct order.					
Words:					
1. AOHRCYMN		_			
2. RPEOD ECÁNHSZ					
3. IDADRM					
4. IIVLC AWR					
5. LPEEIF IV					
6. EMYACDCRO					
7. NRFASOCCI ACRONF					
8. OUSOAONUMT CNIEIUOT	SMM				
9. TINSTOCIUTON					
10. UNJA SROLCA I					
11. ISPCEVORN					
12. GIOMNDK					
13. VIEUXEECT					
14. LSTEILIAVGE					
15. DILICJAU		_			
Hints:					
Spain is a parliamentary	, not an ab	osolute one.			

- 2. Current Prime Minister of Spain
- 3. Capital city of Spain
- 4. It was a war in Spain fought from 1936 to 1939. The Nationalists won the war, which ended in early 1939, and ruled Spain until Franco's death in November 1975.
- 5. Current king of Spain

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6.	It was restored after Franco's death in 1975 and the approval of the Constitution of 19	78.	
7.	Nationalist dictator who ruled Spain from 1939 to 1975.		
8.	Spain is divided into (f	or	example,
	Andalucía, Cataluña, Galicia, etc.).		
9.	It was approved in 1978 and led to the restoration of democracy in Spain.		
10.	. King emeritus of Spain whose reign lasted from 1975, after Franco's death, until 20	14,	when he
	abdicated. His son is the current King of Spain.		
11.	. The Autonomous Communities of Spain are divided into	for	example,
	Zaragoza, Segovia, Toledo, etc.).		
12.	. The official name of Spain is the " of Spain".		
13.	. It is one of the three branches of the government and is responsible for governing t	ne s	tate. It is
	made up of the Prime Minister and the ministers (chosen by the president).		
14.	. It is one of the three branches of the government and is responsible for passing the law	vs. I	t is
	represented by the Cortes Generales and it also appoints the president and controls the	e	
	government. It is made up of the Cortes Generales (Congreso de los Diputados and Ser	adc).

15. It is one of the three branches of the government and is responsible for making sure that people

Judicial and the Tribunal Supremo.

respect the law; it can declare a law constitutional. It is made up of the Consejo General del Poder