

# Gerund After Adjective & Prepositions

A gerund (often known as an -ing word) is a noun formed from a verb by adding -ing. Gerunds are commonly used after an adjective + a preposition:

He is **good at playing** chess.

**ADJECTIVE + PREPOSITION + GERUND**

## Some adjectives followed with preposition + gerund

Of	For	About	At	In	On
Scared of Fond of Afraid of Bored of Tired of Proud of	Famous for Responsible for Sorry for	Happy about Anxious about Crazy about Excited about Angry about Sorry about	Good at Bad at Angry at Excellent at	Interested in Successful in	Keen on

## A) Fill in using the correct preposition and put the verbs in the correct form.

1. UAE is famous \_\_\_\_\_ ( produce ) \_\_\_\_\_ oil.
2. He is good \_\_\_\_\_ ( speak ) \_\_\_\_\_ English.
3. She is fond \_\_\_\_\_ ( read ) \_\_\_\_\_ stories.
4. Sara is tired \_\_\_\_\_ ( make ) \_\_\_\_\_ dinner every night.
5. My brother is keen \_\_\_\_\_ ( take ) \_\_\_\_\_ photos.
6. Ahmad is anxious \_\_\_\_\_ ( present ) \_\_\_\_\_ his report.
7. I'm sorry \_\_\_\_\_ ( disturb ) \_\_\_\_\_ you.
8. Mom was really angry \_\_\_\_\_ ( lose ) \_\_\_\_\_ her wallet.
9. My sister is keen \_\_\_\_\_ ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ the piano.
10. My friend is interested \_\_\_\_\_ ( design ) \_\_\_\_\_ clothes.



# Gerund After Verbs & Prepositions

A gerund (often known as an -ing word) is a noun formed from a verb by adding -ing.  
Gerunds are commonly used after a verb + a preposition:

He has **difficulty in** sending SMS.

**Verb + PREPOSITION + GERUND**

Some verbs followed with preposition + gerund

Of	For	About	On	From	To	In
dream of die of consist of approve of accuse of suspect of	apologize for ask for blame for care for decide for forgive for pay for thank sb for	dream about ask about complain about warn sb about care about forget about think about worry about	carry on concentrate on congratulate on depend on insist on plan on	escape from protect from prevent from keep sb from stop sb from	object to adjust to be used to	believe in involve sb in succeed in
						<b>Up</b>
						stay up give up

A) Fill in using the correct preposition and put the verbs in the correct form.

- I blamed her \_\_\_\_\_ (make ) \_\_\_\_\_ me late.
- They accused the man \_\_\_\_\_ (rob) \_\_\_\_\_ the bank.
- I congratulated him \_\_\_\_\_ ( be) \_\_\_\_\_ the top student.
- She apologized to me \_\_\_\_\_ ( steal ) \_\_\_\_\_ my book.
- I can't forgive him \_\_\_\_\_ ( lie) \_\_\_\_\_ to me.
- What prevented her \_\_\_\_\_ (go) \_\_\_\_\_ on holiday.
- I want to thank them \_\_\_\_\_ (help ) \_\_\_\_\_ go my homework.
- If you try hard, you can succeed \_\_\_\_\_ ( reach ) \_\_\_\_\_ your goal.
- I have dreamed \_\_\_\_\_ (become) \_\_\_\_\_ successful.
- I wouldn't object \_\_\_\_\_ (clean) \_\_\_\_\_ the house.



**B) Choose the correct answer:**

1. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ smoking last year.  
a. give up            b. giving up            c. gave up
2. She carried on \_\_\_\_\_ even though no one was listening.  
a. listening            b. to listen            c. listen
3. We stayed \_\_\_\_\_ watching the movie last night.  
a. on            b. up            c. for
4. We plan on \_\_\_\_\_ this year.  
a. travel            b. to travel            c. travelling
5. We \_\_\_\_\_ arriving late.  
a. apologize for            b. apologize to            c. apologize in