



MAYA CIVILIZATION WORKSHOP

1. Drag and drop the year next to the periods.

a. Post-Classic period.

b. Classic Period.

c. Pre-classic period.

Drag and drop the year.

1800 BC – 250 AD

950 AD – 1539 AD

250 AD – 950 AD

2. Complete the sentences with one word in each space.

a. The Maya civilization was a _____ Civilization.

b. The Maya were located in the southeastern _____, all of Guatemala, Belize and the western portions of _____ and El Salvador.

c. The Mayan cultivate maize, _____, chili pepper, and beans.

d. The Classic period was known as the _____ of the Maya Empire.

e. The _____ was given the right to rule by the gods.

f. The Mayan used an advanced form of writing called _____.

g. The solar calendar was also called _____.

h. Tzolk'in was the _____ calendar.

i. _____ became the most powerful city-state in the region for 200 hundred years.

j. The Maya created two farming systems _____ and terracing.



3. Drag and drop the gods to their description.

- a. It was the god of the rain and lighting.
- b. It was the most important Maya god. It created the earth.
- c. It was the god of storms, wind, and fire.
- d. It was a powerful snake god.

Drag and drop the god.

Kukulkan

Chaac

Itzamna

Bolon Tzacab

4. Read the statements and decide if they are true write (T) if they are false write (F).

- a. The Maya had strong laws when somebody committed a murder, arson and acts against the gods were often punished with death.
- b. The Maya built two kinds of pyramids in which the priest made sacrifices to the gods.
- c. The archeologist found palaces, temples and pyramids.
- d. The Mayapan city was abandoned around 1448 after a period of political, social and environmental turbulence.
- e. There were 14 cities in the Classic Period.
- f. The Maya are known for their temples, mathematics, astronomy and the calendar.