

Worksheet (4)

Unit (16)

The Talking World

عزيزي الطالب ،

في نهاية هذه البطاقة ستكون قد :

1-تدربت على استخدام must / have to للحديث عن قواعد و أمور هامة من الضروري فعلها.

2-تدربت على استخدام so , because , although لربط الجمل .

Structure :Expressing obligation

have to / must must= have to = has to

يتم استخدام have to / must للحديث عن قواعد , قوانين أو أمور من الضروري فعلها

مثال :

- I **must** (have to) do my homework every day .
- They / You / We **must** (have to) come to school early .
- She / He **must** (has to) study hard for the exams.

حينما نتحدث عن أشياء ليس من الضروري فعلها نستخدم (**don't have / doesn't have to**) وكلاهما مضاد have to

have to **×** don't have / doesn't have to

I / They / We / You **don't have to** go now it's still early.

She / He **doesn't have to** go now it's still early.

عزيزي التلميذ ,بعد أن قرأت الأمثلة و درست القاعدة

Choose the correct answer.

1. You (**doesn't have to – don't have to – must**) run . It's still early
2. I (**must – don't have – has to**) wash my hands before I eat
3. We must (**keep – keeping – to keep**) our school clean.
4. The classroom is already clean. We (**must – mustn't – don't have to**) clean it
5. We (**must – mustn't – don't have to**) come to school early
6. Sara (**have to – has to – don't have to**) see the doctor , she is very ill
7. His marks are bad, he (**have to – doesn't have to – has to**) to study hard
8. Rawan has a lot of new clothes ,she (**has to – must – doesn't have to**) buy new ones
9. The car is clean ,the boys (**have to – must – don't have to**) clean it
10. It's sunny today so Khalid (**don't have to – doesn't have to – must**) wear heavy clothes

أحسننت و لأنك تلميذ ذكي انتقل للقاعدة التالية

أدوات الربط so – because – although

نستخدم **because** لتوضيح السبب
Tamara gets high marks because she works hard .
نستخدم **so** لتوضيح النتيجة
marks Tamara works hard , so she always gets high .
نستخدم **although** لإضافة فكرة ثانية تجعل الفكرة الأولى مفاجئة
Although Kareem was very ill , he went to school .
Kareem went to school although he was very ill .
ملاحظة : يمكننا استخدام **although** في بداية الجملة أو في المنتصف .

عزيزي التلميذ المجتهد .

أكمل الجمل التالية باستخدام because , although , so

11-Complete by using (although – because – so).

1. Rana was tired, she couldn't sleep.
2. I couldn't receive emails my computer is working.
3. Could I use your pen I lost my pen .
4. Gamila sleeps early she get up early in the morning .
5. Kamel works very hard he is very old.
6. Mum made a lot of cakes and sweets we have a birthday party .
7. I got full marks Dad bought me a gift

عزيزي التلميذ ، أجب كما هو مطلوب بين القوسين .

12.Do as shown between brackets.

- 1- It's raining outside because I need an umbrella. (Correct the mistake)

1- صلح الخطأ:

- 2- We don't go to school in Fridays . (Correct the mistake) (.....)

2- صلح الخطأ:

- 3- I go to school on foot .(Make a question)

3- كون سؤال:

- 4- at / in / on five o'clock - at / in / on January - at / in / on 1998

4- اختار:

at / in / on Monday - at / in / on May 29th (use at / in / on) .

- 5- You are 13 years old ,you don't have to pray. (correct the mistake)

5- صلح الخطأ:

- 6- Zaina gets up at 6:00 in the morning . (make a question)

6- كون سؤال:

وليك امر الطالب:

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