

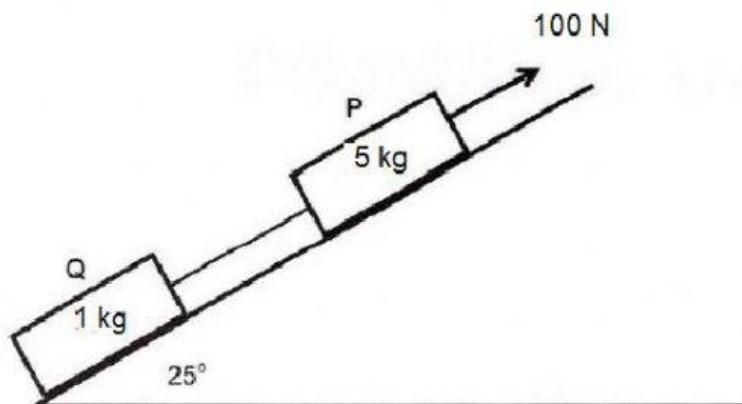
## Newton worksheet 18

### Tension when boxes are on a slope

#### Examples:

✓ Do not leave any space between sin and the angle eg.  $\sin 20$

1.



Calculate:

- 1.1 The  $F_{net}$
- 1.2 The acceleration of the system
- 1.3 The tension in the string

- 1.1 When you do a quick mental calculation you realise  $F_A > F_{g\parallel}$

$$F_{net} = F_A - F_{g\parallel}$$

$$= 100 - m \cdot g \cdot \underline{\quad} \theta$$

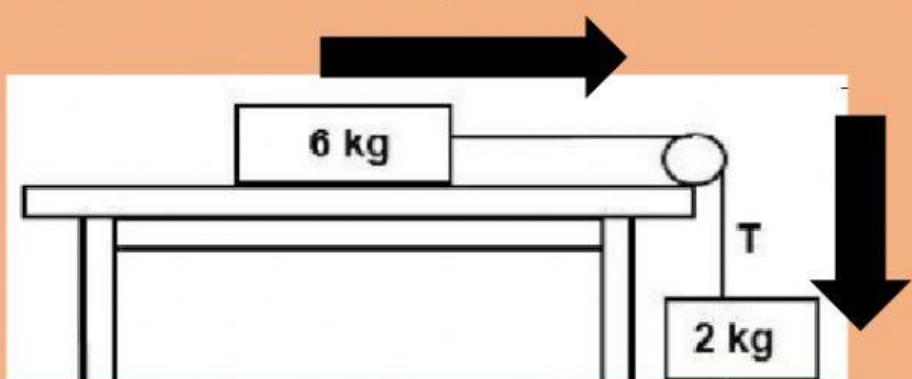
$$= 100 - 6(9,8) \underline{\quad} 25$$

$$= \underline{\quad} \text{ N up the slope}$$

\* you are **allowed** to look at the system as a whole, since both boxes move in the same straight line)

You **cannot** combine the masses and look at the system as a whole when the boxes don't move in the same straight line

Eg

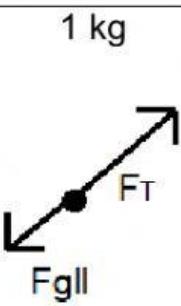


1.2  $F_{net} = m \cdot a$

\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_.a

$a = \text{_____ m.s}^{-2}$  up the slope

1.3 Remember that when you calculate tension- you **must** isolate a box (any box) and then calculate the tension. We will do both, so that you can see both options.



$$F_{net} = m \cdot a$$

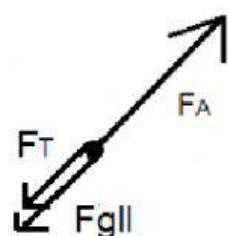
$$F_T - F_{gll} = (1)12,53$$

$$F_T - 1(9,8) \cdot \text{_____} = 12,53$$

$$F_T = 16,67 \text{ N up the slope}$$

\*It is OK if there can be a decimal difference sometimes

5 kg



$$F_{net} = m \cdot a$$

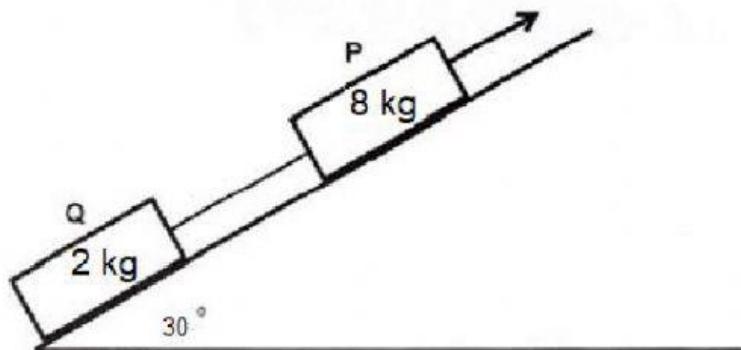
$$F_A - F_T - F_{gll} = m \cdot a$$

$$100 - F_T - (5)(9,8) \cdot \text{_____} = 5(12,53)$$

$$F_T = 16,64 \text{ N down the slope}$$

Eg 2

$$F_A = 20 \text{ N}$$



Calculate:

- 2.1 The  $F_{net}$
- 2.2 The acceleration of the system
- 2.3 The tension in the string

### 2.1 Looking at the system as a whole

The  $F_{g\parallel}$  is actually greater than the  $F_A$  in this situation

$$F_{net} = F_{g\parallel} - F_A$$

$$F_{net} = m.g.\sin \theta - F_A$$

$$F_{net} = 10(9,8) \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$F_{net} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ N down the slope}$$

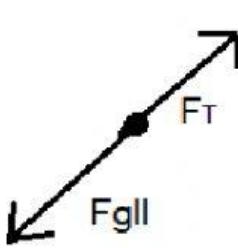
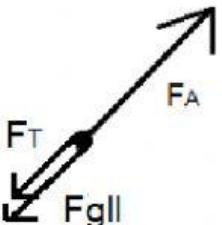
If you ever get a negative here then you know that you have chosen the wrong force as your bigger force

### 2.2 $F_{net} = m.a$

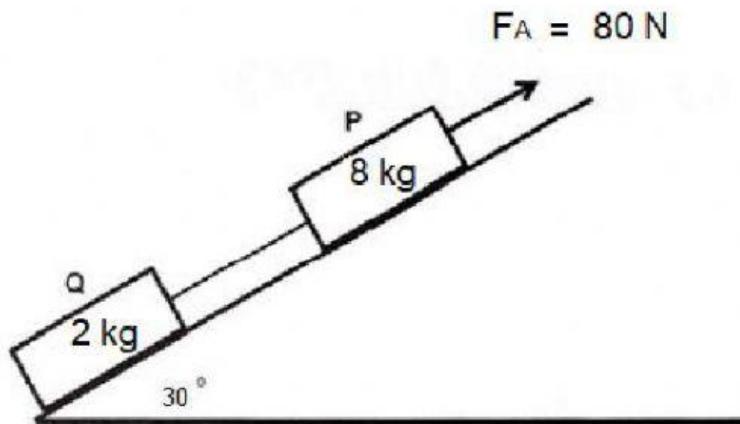
$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot a$$

$$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m.s}^{-2} \text{ down the slope}$$

### 2.3

<p>2 kg</p>  $F_{net} = m.a$ $F_{g\parallel} - F_T = (2) \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}(9,8) \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - F_T = 5,8$ $F_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ N up the slope}$	<p>8 kg</p>  $F_{net} = m.a$ $F_T + F_{g\parallel} - 20 = m.a$ $F_T + (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})(9,8) \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 20 = 8(\underline{\hspace{2cm}})$ $F_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ N}$
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3. The coefficient of kinetic friction on the box is 0,3 for the surface below



Determine:

- 3.1 The direction in which the system will move
- 3.2 The kinetic friction on the 2 kg box
- 3.3 The kinetic friction on the 8 kg box
- 3.4 The  $F_{\text{net}}$
- 3.5 The acceleration of the system
- 3.6 The tension in the string

3.1 The  $F_A$  is greater than  $F_{\text{gll}}$ , thus the system moves up the slope

3.2  $f_k = \mu_k \cdot F_N$

$$f_k = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}}).(\underline{\hspace{2cm}})(9,8).\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$
$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ N down the slope}$$

3.3  $f_k = \mu_k \cdot F_N$

$$f_k = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})(8)(9,8).\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$
$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ N down the slope}$$

$$3.4 \quad F_{net} = F_a - F_{g\parallel} - f_k - f_k$$

$$= 80 - (10)(9,8) \cdot \sin 30 - 5,09 - 20,37$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ N up the slope}$$

$$3.5 \quad F_{net} = m \cdot a$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot a$$

$$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m.s}^{-2} \text{ up the slope}$$

3.6

<p>2 kg</p>	<p>8 kg</p>
$F_{net} = m \cdot a$ $F_T - F_{g\parallel} - f_k = m \cdot a$ $F_T - (2)(9,8) \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 5,09 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $F_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ N up the slope}$	$F_{net} = m \cdot a$ $F_a - F_T - F_{g\parallel} - f_k = m \cdot a$ $80 - F_T - (8)(9,8) \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 20,37 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $F_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ N down the slope}$

## Homework

Pg 77 Q3

Pg 218 Q2