

## Using Comparative Adjectives

Complete the sentence using the “-er” form and the word “than”



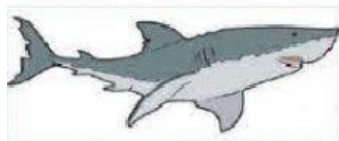
1. The mouse is \_\_\_\_\_ (small) \_\_\_\_\_ the horse.
2. The cat is \_\_\_\_\_ (clean) \_\_\_\_\_ the dog.
3. The turtle is \_\_\_\_\_ (slow) \_\_\_\_\_ the rabbit.
4. The horse is \_\_\_\_\_ (fast) \_\_\_\_\_ the cow.
5. The giraffe is \_\_\_\_\_ (tall) \_\_\_\_\_ the zebra.

Complete the sentence by doubling the final consonant and using the word “than.” (fat-fatter)

1. The elephant is \_\_\_\_\_ (big) \_\_\_\_\_ the rhino.
2. The hippo is \_\_\_\_\_ (fat) \_\_\_\_\_ the zebra.
3. A fish is \_\_\_\_\_ (wet) \_\_\_\_\_ a spider.
4. A worm is \_\_\_\_\_ (slim) \_\_\_\_\_ a snake.
5. The hare is \_\_\_\_\_ (mad) \_\_\_\_\_ the rabbit.



When the adjective end in “-y,” we change the “y” to “i” then add “-er” (happy-happier)



1. A butterfly is \_\_\_\_\_ (pretty) \_\_\_\_\_ a beetle.
2. A parrot is \_\_\_\_\_ (noisy) \_\_\_\_\_ a canary
3. The elephant is \_\_\_\_\_ (heavy) \_\_\_\_\_ the rhino.
4. A monkey is \_\_\_\_\_ (silly) \_\_\_\_\_ a gorilla.
5. The shark is \_\_\_\_\_ (deadly) \_\_\_\_\_ the barracuda.

Some adjectives, particularly the longer ones, use “more... than” (more interesting than)

1. The peacock is \_\_\_\_\_ (beautiful) \_\_\_\_\_ the turkey.
2. The lion is \_\_\_\_\_ (dangerous) \_\_\_\_\_ the jackal.
3. The dolphin is \_\_\_\_\_ (intelligent) \_\_\_\_\_ the tuna.
4. The snake is \_\_\_\_\_ (interesting) \_\_\_\_\_ the worm.
5. A wolf is \_\_\_\_\_ (vicious) \_\_\_\_\_ the fox.

