

THE NEW INDIAN SCHOOL ,W.L . L

BAHRAIN

MATHEMATICS- CLASS XII

DETERMINANTS M.C.Q TEST

DATE:

1. If  $a, b, c$  are in A.P , the find the value of  $\begin{vmatrix} x+2 & x+3 & x+2a \\ x+3 & x+4 & x+2b \\ x+4 & x+5 & x+2c \end{vmatrix}$  , is

a) 0    b) 1    c)  $x$     d)  $2x$

2. For the system of equations:

$$x + 2y + 3z = 1$$

$$2x + y + 3z = 2$$

$$5x + 5y + 9z = 4$$

a) There is only one solution    b) there exist infinitely many solutions  
 d) there is no solution    d ) none of these

3 . For any  $2 \times 2$  matrix if  $A(\ adjA) = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 \\ 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$  , then  $|A|$  is equal to

a) 20    b) 100    c) 10    d) 0

4.If A is a square matrix of order 3 , with  $|A| = 9$  , then write the value of  $|2 \cdot adjA|$  .

a) 162    b) 18    c) 648    d) 729,

5.if A is a square matrix of order 2 and  $|A| = 4$  , then find the value of  $|2 \cdot A \cdot A^T|$  .

a) 64    b) 32    c)

6.The value of the determinant  $\begin{vmatrix} a-b & b+c & a \\ b-c & c+a & b \\ c-a & a+b & c \end{vmatrix}$

a)  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3$     b)  $3bc$     c)  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$     d) none of these

7.if  $f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & x-a & x-b \\ x+a & 0 & x-c \\ x+b & x+c & 0 \end{vmatrix}$  , then

a)  $f(a) = 0$     b)  $f(b) = 0$     c)  $f(0) = 0$     d)  $f(1) = 0$

8.The adjoint of matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} p & q \\ r & s \end{bmatrix}$     is

a)  $\begin{bmatrix} s & -q \\ -r & p \end{bmatrix}$     b)  $\begin{bmatrix} s & q \\ r & -p \end{bmatrix}$     c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & q \end{bmatrix}$     d) none of these

9. If the value of a third order determinant is 12 , then the value of the determinant formed by replacing each element by its cofactor will be

a) 12      b) 144      c) -12      d) 0

10. The matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 10 & 3 \\ -2 & -4 & 6 \\ -1 & -2 & b \end{bmatrix}$  is a singular matrix , if the value of b is

a) -3      b) 3      c) 0      d) any real number