## CONTEMPORARY AGES 19<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY

Watch the following videos: Beginning of 20th century,

2<sup>nd</sup> republic, Spanish civil war, Francoism, Spanish Transition to Democracy

2<sup>nd</sup> republic



Golpe de estado



Alfonso XIII



Civil war



Primo de Rivera



Transition to Democracy



Francoism



\*2nd WORLD WAR: Spain neutral

## TIMELINE – 20TH CENTURY LOCATE THE KINGS AND QUEENS IN THE CORRECT ORDER

1908

there is a lot of political conflicts:

- -strikes organised by trade union,
- -independence demanded,
- -morocco war

\*1st WORLD WAR: Spain neutral

	1923 General Primo de Rivera leads a coup
1930	taking control of the country.
6	Military dictatorship.
<del>   </del>	Constitution abolished,
m l	Labour unions and
95	political parties banned.
192	Won the war with Morocco.
	Alfonso XIII went to France into exile
	New constitution: Many reforms
	right to <b>vote</b> for woman.
က္က	Separation of <b>church</b> and state.
1931-193	Statues of <b>autonomy</b> for Catalonia and
	Basque country.
	Education reforms.
	Land reforms.
	Labour reform.
	1936 Franco led a coup against the Republic
1939	Spanish population divided into two areas:
	Republican area and national area.
	Consequences:
	100:000 people died
6	Many exiles.
	Huge economic losses.
9	There was hunger.
93	There was hate: society was divided into
H	winners and losers
	Abolished constitution
	Franco head of state: concentration of
	power
	Political parties and trade union banned
	Censorship: plays, books, film
	Hard repression: people who think
75	differently were arrested and some killed.
6	Internationally isolated
939-1975	Economic crisis
	1950 Spain started to be accepted
	1955 member of the united nations
$\vdash$	1960 Economy starts to improve

	Death of Franco amnistía política Legalizan los partidos políticos y los
1975	sindicatos 1986- España entra en la Comunidad europea