

Pronunciation | intonation in echo questions

5 a Match the statements (1–8) with the replies (a–h).

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|---|---|--|
| 1 Jenny and I are getting married. | • | a Did he? That's amazing! |
| 2 I've just seen someone famous. | • | b Have you? Who was it? |
| 3 Bob's just a friend of a friend. | • | c Did you? And how do you get on now? |
| 4 I don't want any dessert after that big meal. | • | d Has it? Do you want to use mine? |
| 5 My grandfather once played professional football. | • | e Is he? I thought you knew him really well. |
| 6 My mobile phone has broken again. | • | f Don't you? But I made it especially for you! |
| 7 It's my stepmother's birthday next week. | • | g Is it? What are you going to get her? |
| 8 I fell out with my boss last year. | • | h Are you? Fantastic – when is the big day? |

b 🎧 Listen and check.

c Listen to the eight dialogues in exercise 5a again. In which dialogue does the second speaker sound ...

- friendly and interested (FI)?
- bored (B)?
- annoyed (A)?

1 ___ 2 ___ 3 ___ 4 ___ 5 ___ 6 ___ 7 ___ 8 ___

Reading

6 Read the article and choose the best title, 1, 2 or 3.

- 1 Young people – are they big spenders?
- 2 China – the richest country in the world?
- 3 Shenzhen – a changing city: how people spend their money

7 Read the article again. Mark the sentences true (T) or false (F).

- 1 How you spend your money does not depend on how old you are.
- 2 The city of Shenzhen has become richer because professional people have moved there for work.
- 3 People now spend twice as much money on education as before.
- 4 Most families in Shenzhen have a mobile phone.

8 What do the words in **bold** in the article mean?

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1 This (line 13) | 2 They (line 20) |
| a China | a houses |
| b education | b people |
| c 1,000 yuan | c apartments |

It's no surprise that what you spend your money on depends on your age, where you live, how big your family is, and how much money you earn. But have you ever thought about how people change their spending when a whole city starts to get richer?

Shenzhen, in China, has attracted lots of talented professionals in the last few years, and the average man or woman there now earns more than in any other medium-sized city in China. So what do these Shenzhen residents tend to spend their money on?

The first thing is education. This is very expensive in China, and professional people generally spend more than 1,000 yuan each on education. **This** is one and a half times more money than they spent in 1995. They also spend four times as much on communications and telephones. In every one hundred households there are now ninety-three mobile phones and fifty-four home computers. People have started to buy bigger houses. **They** now usually have an average five square metres more space in their apartments, and some have even bought second houses too.

The biggest change, however, has been in the number of people buying cars. In 1995 only four or five families in every one hundred owned a car. Now this number has shot up, and there are well over one million cars in Shenzhen.