

I. Use the correct tense-forms of the verbs in brackets. (23points)

In summer I (1 *go*) _____ to Brighton. When I (2 *arrive*) _____ there it (3 *be*) _____ late afternoon. After dinner I (4 *go*) _____ out for a walk. It (5 *be*) _____ a nasty day, the sky (6 *cover*) _____ with clouds, and it (7 *rain*) _____ a little. As I (8 *move*) _____ slowly along the quiet empty street, I (9 *see*) _____ a stranger. "(10 *be*) _____ that you, Peter?" he cried out. It (11 *be*) _____ Jones." I (12 *not see*) _____ you for ages," he said. — "Why, what you (13 *do*) _____ here?" I asked. "Why you (14 *not go*) _____ home?" — "I cannot, I (15 *forget*) _____ the name of the hotel where I (16 *stay*) _____." Jones explained that he (17 *leave*) _____ his things at the hotel and decided to go to the park. He had been walking for about 2 hours and finally got lost. "If you (18 *ring*) _____ up the hotels, you (19 *find*) _____ out the address of your hotel" I said and suggested that we (20 *go*) _____ to my hotel. While Jones (21 *take*) _____ a shower I (22 *begin*) _____ telephoning all the hotels in Brighton and next afternoon Jones (23 *find*) _____ his hotel.

II. Put the necessary articles and prepositions. (11 points)

Frenchmen call it "La Manche" but to the English, it is (1) _____ English Channel, one (2) _____ the world's most extraordinary pieces of water. (3) _____ centuries (4) _____ Channel has been Britain's defense against invaders. It has also been (5) _____ only way (6) _____ the Continent, (7) _____ highway crowded by ships. (8) _____ Channel stretches for 350 miles, from (9) _____ Atlantic Ocean (10) _____ the North Sea separating England's south coast (11) _____ France's north coast.

III. Choose the correct variant. (10 points)

English is the first language of many people in countries outside the United Kingdom. When you (1) _____ speakers of English from around the world, you (2) _____ notice that they do not all speak in the same way. There are also some (3) _____ in the words they use, including the names of (4) _____ objects that are part of everyone's daily life. But although pronunciation and (5) _____ are not the same everywhere, it is interesting that English speakers (6) _____ opposite sides of the world can understand (7) _____ other easily. It does not seem to (8) _____ where they learnt the language. And of course this is one reason why speakers of other languages are keen (9) _____ learning English too. If you know English, you are more (10) _____ to be able to study or work in all sorts of exciting places, such as the United States or Australia.

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|-------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. a) recognize | b) meet | c) find | d) attend |
| 2. a) originally | b) curiously | c) strangely | d) immediately |
| 3. a) mistakes | b) changes | c) differences | d) corrections |
| 4. a) common | b) popular | c) favourite | d) general |
| 5. a) composition | b) dictation | c) vocabulary | d) reading |
| 6. a) of | b) from | c) at | d) in |
| 7. a) each | b) one | c) some | d) the |
| 8. a) care | b) matter | c) worry | d) mind |
| 9. a) by | b) on | c) to | d) for |
| 10. a) likely | b) probably | c) possibly | d) luckily |

IV. Read the text below. Use the words given in capitals to form a word that fits each gap. (8 points)

Belarus is a landlocked country in Eastern Europe, it borders on Russia, Poland, Ukraine and Baltic countries. It is one of the most (1.BEAUTY) _____ and (2.AMAZE) _____ countries in the world. The country is full of unique landscapes, (3.HISTORY) _____ monuments and outstanding architecture. You will be fascinated by an (4.BELIEVE) _____ beauty of blue lakes and rivers, (5.END) _____ fields, meadows and rolling hills. The tourists can experience here the unforgettable (6.PEACE) _____ atmosphere.

It's a common fact that people in Belarus are extremely sociable, hospitable and generous. They are also described as resourceful and (7.HUMOUR) _____.

Belarus is a great (8.ATTRACT) _____ for tourists. That's why it's worth visiting by all means.

V. Choose the right variant. (7 points)

1. My brother can dance very well. - _____

- a) Does he? b) Can he? c) Can't he?

2. As far as I know she doesn't like him very much. - _____

- a) Didn't she? b) Did he? c) Do you?

3. He is tired. - _____

- a) So do I. b) So am I. c) Neither am I.

4. He doesn't have much for breakfast. - _____

- a) Neither have I. b) So do I. c) Neither do I.

5. Your English is much _____ than mine.

- a) more better b) good c) better

6. The population of Mexico City is _____ the population of Norway.

- a) twice bigger than b) twice as big as c) as big as twice

7. It's too late now. _____

- a) You mustn't go out. b) You mustn't to go out. c) You haven't to go out.

VI. One word in each sentence is wrong. Correct the mistakes. (6 points)

1. Travelling by bus is more cheap than by car. _____

2. Are there anything in the fridge? _____

3. I haven't been there since two months. _____

4. Do you know many about Egypt? No, hardly anything. _____

5. We used to be good friends, but we aren't no longer. _____

6. There's a pity that Jane refuses to help you. _____