

A. Choose the correct answer by crossing (X) a, b, c, or d.

The following text is for questions number 1 to 5.

Once upon a time, there was a man who was living in North Sumatra. He lived in a simple hut in a farming field. He did some gardening and fishing for his daily life.

One day, while the man was fishing, he caught a big golden fish in his trap. It was the biggest catch which he ever had in his life. Surprisingly, this fish turned into a beautiful princess. He fell in love with her and proposed her to be his wife. She said "Yes, but you have to promise not to tell anyone about the secret that I was once a fish, otherwise there will be a huge disaster". The man made the deal and they got married, lived happily and had a daughter.

Few years later, his daughter would help bringing lunch to her father out in the fields. One day, his daughter was so hungry and she ate his father's lunch.

Unfortunately, he found out and got furious, and shouted "You damned daughter of a fish". The daughter ran home and asked her mother. The mother started crying, felt sad that her husband had broken his promise.

Then she told her daughter to run up the hills because a huge disaster was about to come. When her daughter left, she prayed. Soon there was a big earthquake followed by non-stop pouring rain. The whole area got flooded and became Toba Lake. She turned into a fish again and the man became the island of Samosir.

1. What is the best title of the text above?
 - a. Toba Lake and Samosir in North Sumatra.
 - b. The man, the fish, and their daughter.
 - c. The story of Samosir Island.
 - d. The story of Toba Lake.
2. What is the complication in paragraph 3?
 - a. The mother started crying, felt sad that her husband had broken his promise.
 - b. His daughter would help bringing lunch to her father out in the fields.
 - c. His daughter was so hungry and she ate his father's lunch.
 - d. The daughter ran home and asked her mother.

3. Finally, what did happen to the man?

- a. He was sunk in the lake.
- b. He turned into a lake.
- c. He turned into a fish.
- d. He turned into an island.

4. What can we learn from the text above?

- a. We must obey our parents.
- b. We must not break our promise.
- c. We must not eat our father's meal.
- d. We must go fishing to find a golden fish.

5. Pay attention to the following statements.

- (1) The man lived in a big hut in a farming field.
- (2) The man did some trading for his daily life.
- (3) The man caught only little golden fish in his trap.
- (4) The man got so furious and shouted her daughter because she ate his father's lunch.
- (5) The man made the deal and they got married, lived happily and had a daughter.

The implications of the story are shown by the number

- a. (1) and (2) c. (2) and (3)
- b. (1) and (3) d. (3) and (4)

The following text is for questions number 6 to 8.

The Travelers and a Tree

One summer day, two men were walking. Soon it became too hot to go any further. Soon, it became too hot to go any further. Then, seeing a large tree nearby, they threw themselves on the ground to rest in its shade.

Gazing up into the branches one man said to the other. "What a useless tree! It does not have any fruit nor nut. We cannot even use its wood for anything." "Don't be so ungrateful!" rustled the tree in reply. "I'm being extremely useful to you at this very moment, shielding you from the hot sun, and you call me a good for nothing!" Then the gentle winds blew and made the travelers fall asleep.

6. Pay attention to the following sentences.

- (1) The two men were walking on dry season.
- (2) The two men threw themselves on the ground to rest in tree's shade.
- (3) The man argued that the tree was useless.
- (4) The tree did not have fruit or nuts.
- (5) The gentle winds blew and made the travelers fall asleep.
- (6) The men could use its wood for anything.

The things we can imply are shown by the number

- a. (1), (2), and (3)
- b. (1), (3), and (4)
- c. (2), (4), and (5)
- d. (3), (4), and (5)

7. The man had to stop under the tree because

- a. the tree was so useless
- b. they were ungrateful
- c. it was too hot to go further
- d. they fallen asleep

8. What can you learn from the story?

- a. All of God's creations have purposes.
- b. For all travelers, trees are useful for resting.
- c. Being a good for nothing is not very nice.
- d. We may not travel during the summer.

The following text is for questions number 9 to 12.

The Legend of Rain

Once upon a time, there lived a Clouds Family. Papa Cloud, Mama Cloud, and Cloud children lived quietly in the sky.

Every morning the cloud children went to the sky playground to play with the slide. But since there was only one slide, they had to take turn on the slide. Lody, the youngest cloud child, look impatient. He could not wait for his turn to come.

His brother, Tody, didn't like his attitude. Suddenly, they were quarrelling. Their white bodies become gray. It meant they were very angry. When the clouds were angry, water

usually came out of their bodies. It meant rain for the people on Earth. "Stop it, children! Stop fighting!" Papa Cloud said. "You can play with the slide in turns. Now, shake hands. Both of you!" ordered Papa Cloud.

Lody and Tody shook hands and slowly their colours changed. Their bodies became fair white again. The rain stopped and people could go on their activities again.

9. From the text, we know that

- a. cloud children are playing in the pre-school playground
- b. Tody is the youngest cloud child
- c. when the colour of cloud bodies became gray, it meant they were very angry
- d. Papa Cloud and Mama Cloud are always quarrelling

10. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- a. There was a Clouds family that lived quietly in the sky.
- b. The rain fall because of the anger of clouds.
- c. The cloud children played with one slide, so they had to take turn on the slide.
- d. Lody was the youngest cloud child.

11. What happened to the clouds when they were very angry?

- a. They threw thunder bolt to each bodies.
- b. Water came out of their bodies.
- c. They shook their hands.
- d. The rain stopped.

12. What can we learn from the story?

- a. Shake hands and be in harmony.
- b. Children are always in a hurry.
- c. Children are always quarrelling.
- d. Children love to play.

The following text is for questions number 13 to 17.

Juhha's Wonders

Once upon a time, there was a small village in Baghdad. Its population was very small. In this village, everybody knew each other and knew every little or big problems that went on in the village. In this small village, there was a bakery that was popular for its delicious bread. One day a poor old man was walking in the street passing the bakery and he stopped to smell the scent of the bread which was spreading out of the bakery.

Suddenly, the baker caught the old man and shouted at him demanding the price of bread's scent. He almost dragged him to the police.

A very famous wise man named Juhha heard the baker shouting. So he went to him and asked about the problem. Juhha stood calmly listening to the baker and he thought for a solution.

After a few minutes Juhha's eyes glistened and an amused smile was on his face. He asked the baker "How much money do you want?" The baker and poor man were astonished, but the baker answered "3 dinars," Juhha took the money out of his wallet and put it in his pocket of the money?" Juhha asked. "Yes, I did." the baker replied, and with big smile Juhha said "Well then, this is the price of your bread's scent!"

13. Who stopped to smell the scent of the bread?
 - a. The baker.
 - b. The police.
 - c. The old poor man.
 - d. Juhha, the wise man.
14. What did the baker do to the old man?
 - a. He wanted to hear the sound of the old man money.
 - b. He demanded the old man to pay for the scent.
 - c. He shouted his problem to the old man.
 - d. He gave the old man some solution.
15. "..., which was popular for its delicious bread" (paragraph 1)
What does the word "delicious" mean?
 - a. Sour.
 - b. Tasty.
 - c. Bitter.
 - d. Unpleasant.
16. What can we learn from the story above?
 - a. We must help poor people.
 - b. We must take the benefit of what we offer.

c. We should pay nothing for things we use.

d. We shouldn't ask other to pay for what that they don't get.

17. "One day a poor old man was walking in the street passing the bakery and" What is the synonym of the underlined word?
 - a. Affluent.
 - b. Wealthy.
 - c. Unfortunate.
 - d. Flush.

The following text is for questions number 18 to 20.

The Hen with the Silver Eggs

A long time ago, in an Arabian village, a woman went to the traditional market and bought a beautiful hen. A few days later to her surprise the hen she bought laid a silver egg. If the hen could only be persuaded to lay more than one egg each day, the woman was sure she would never have to work again. So the woman decided to make the hen eat more, so that it could lay more eggs. But the only result was that the hen died of indigestion and did not lay more eggs at all.

18. What does paragraph 2 mostly discuss about?
 - a. What the hen eats to lay more eggs.
 - b. The hen's eggs.
 - c. What the woman did to her hen.
 - d. What the hen did for the woman.
19. Why did the hen die?
 - a. It laid more eggs.
 - b. It was badly injured.
 - c. It ate nothing.
 - d. It ate too much.
20. According to the text above, it can be implied that the woman was
 - a. active
 - b. miserly
 - c. greedy
 - d. furious