

THE CONQUEST OF AMERICA

1. Write the names of the conquerors:

A) He conquered the Inca civilization:

B) He conquered the Aztec and Maya civilization:

2. The Spanish people changed the social structure in America. Write the names next to the definitions.



1. They came from Africa and did the hardest work as slaves: _____

2. They were family from a Spanish and an indigenous person: _____

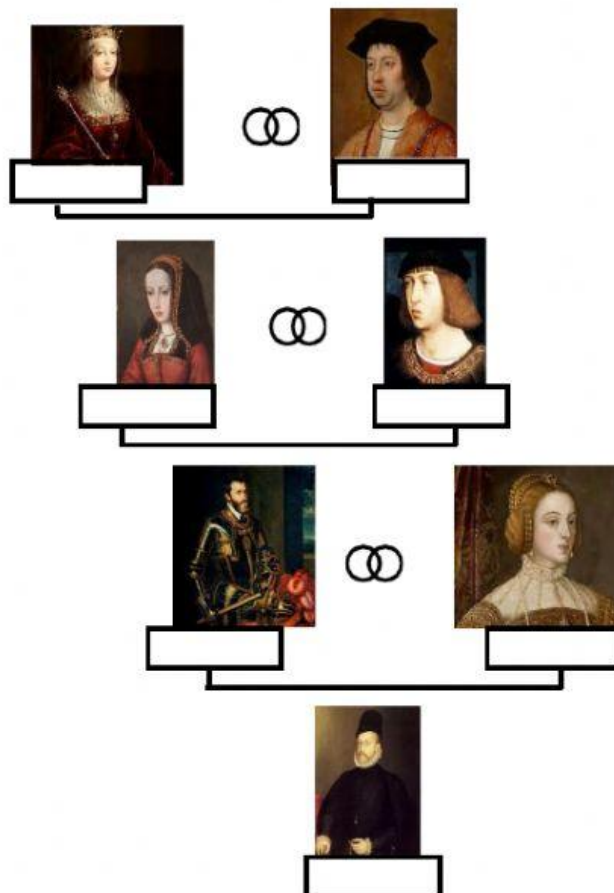
3. They were the most powerful ones: _____

4. They were native from America and known as "indios". _____

THE SPANISH EMPIRE

3. Complete this family tree. Drag the names to the correct place.

Fernando II Juana I (la loca) Isabel I Felipe I (el hermoso) Carlos I Isabel de Portugal Felipe II



4. Write Reyes Católicos, Carlos I or Felipe II.

- A) ... were cousins and got married. _____
- B) ... conquered Portugal. _____
- C) ... made Madrid the capital of Spain. _____
- D) ... conquered Granada, Canarias and Navarra. _____
- E) ... created a bigger empire by joining Castilla and Aragón. _____
- F) ... inherited the Austrian Empire from his father and the Spanish Empire from his mother.

- G) ... created the Inquisition to expel the muslims who didn't convert to the Catholicism.

- H) ... left the Austrian empire to his brother Fernando and the Spanish Empire to his son.

- I) ... gave money to Colón to help him arrive in America. _____

THE FALL OF THE SPANISH EMPIRE

5. Choose the correct answer.

- A) The lesser Austrias were:
- B) The monarchs of the 17th century didn't know how to govern well so they appointed them:
- C) It was a period of crisis and population decreased because of:
- D) After Carlos II died, there was:

LOS BORBONES

6. Answer the questions:

- A) Who succeeded Carlos II? _____
- B) Who were Felipe V's sons? _____
- C) Who was the best monarch of Spain and the best mayor of Madrid? _____
- D) Who appointed Goya as his royal painter? _____

EL SIGLO DE ORO

7. Match:

Quevedo
Velazquez
El Greco
Cervantes

He was Góngora's enemy.
He was Felipe IV's royal painter.
He wrote "Don Quijote de la Mancha".
He painted "El entierro del Conde de Orgaz".
He painted "Las Meninas".
He made many religious paintings.
He was born in Madrid in Alcalá de Henares
He wrote "A una nariz"