

HSK 2 Lesson 2 text 1 worksheets A (e-c)

Vocabulary study

15 Matching questions

- | | |
|---|---|
| ☐ 跑步 (Pǎobù) | A. to run, to jog ^{5 of 1} |
| ☐ 出去 (Chūqù) | B. go out |
| ☐ 几(Jǐ) | C. what time |
| ☐ 每天 (Měitiān) | D. less , a few |
| ☐ 几点(Jǐ diǎn) | E. every, each |
| ☐ 点 (diǎn) | F. a few , how many |
| ☐ 很少 (Hěn shǎo) | G. o'clock |
| ☐ 少 (Shǎo) | H. is or isn't/yes or no/whether or not |
| ☐ 生病 (Shēngbìng) | I. to like |
| ☐ 每 (Měi) | J. morning |
| | K. seldom , very little |
| | L. to get up, to get out of bed |
| | M. to fall ill, to be sick |
| | N. everyday |
| | O. all , both |

- | |
|--|
| ☐ 喜欢 (xǐ huān) |
| ☐ 都 (Dōu) |
| ☐ 起床 (Qǐchuáng) |
| ☐ 早上 (Zǎoshang) |
| ☐ 是不是 (shì bù shì) |

12 Written questions

Definition
to run, to jog

Term
起床 (Qǐchuáng)

Definition
all, both

Term
点 (diǎn)

Term
每天 (Měitiān)

Term
几(Jǐ)

Definition
morning

Term
几点(Jǐ diǎn)

Definition
less, a few

Definition
seldom, very little

Definition
every, each

Definition
go out

5 Multiple choice questions

Definition
everyday

- ☐ 早上 (Zǎoshang)
- ☐ 喜欢 (xǐ huān)
- ☐ 每 (Měi)
- ☐ 每天 (Měitiān)

Term
点 (diǎn)

- ☐ to like
- ☐ o'clock
- ☐ what time
- ☐ go out

Definition
to like

- ☐ 早上 (Zǎoshang)
- ☐ 几点(Jǐ diǎn)
- ☐ 喜欢 (xǐ huān)
- ☐ 每天 (Měitiān)

Term
早上 (Zǎoshang)

- ☐ to like
- ☐ everyday
- ☐ go out
- ☐ morning

Definition
all, both

- ☐ 都 (Dōu)
- ☐ 少 (Shǎo)
- ☐ 点 (diǎn)
- ☐ 每 (Měi)

5 True/False questions

Definition

to get up, to get out of bed

Term

起床 (Qǐchuáng)

☐ True

☐ False

Definition

what time

Term

几点(Jǐ diǎn)

☐ True

☐ False

Term

少 (Shǎo)

Definition

to run, to jog

☐ True

☐ False

Term

每 (Měi)

Definition

everyday

☐ True

☐ False

Term

几(Jǐ)

Definition

to run, to jog

☐ True

☐ False



Listen to audio and put the words in right order (by 1,2,3.....) :

[] 每 every, each [] 生病 to fall ill, to be sick [] 早上 morning

[] 跑步 to run, to jog [] 少 less, a few [] 起床 to get up, to get out of bed

[] 每天 everyday [] 很少 seldom, very little [] 几 a few, how many

[] 出去 go out [] 都 all, both [] 点 o'clock

[] 几点 what time [] 喜欢 (xǐ huān) to like

[] 是不是 (shì bù shì) is or isn't/yes or no/whether or not



Language Points

1. 每 Měi

The Pronoun “每 Měi” - every, each

“每 Měi” is used before a measure word, indicating each or every individual or group.

每 Měi + Measure word = every

E.g:

每分钟 Měi fēnzhōn	– every minute
每天 Měitiān	– everyday
每个月 Měi gè yuè	– every months
每个老师 Měi gè lǎo shī	– every teacher
每个医院 Měi gè yīyuàn	– every hospital

Translate into English:

Dà wèi měi nián dōu qù zhōngguó lǚyóu

1) 大卫 每年 都 去 中国 旅游。

Nǐ měi gè xīngqīliù dōu gōngzuò ma?

2) 你 每 个 星期六 都 工作 吗?

Měi gè rén dōu xǐhuān tā.

3) 每 个 人 都 喜欢 他。

Měi běn shū dōu hǎokàn.

4) 每 本 书 都 好看。

2. 是不是 Shì bùshì

Questions using 是不是 Shì bùshì - is or isn't

If one raises a question and is somehow certain about a fact or situation, they can use “是不是 shì bùshì” to confirm their guess.

“是不是 shì bùshì” (literally “yes or no”) is usually used before the predicate or at beginning or at the end of a sentence.

Translate into English :

Nǐ hěn shǎo shēngbìng, shì bùshì xǐhuān yùndòng?

1) 你 很少 生病, 是不是 喜欢 运动?

Shì bùshì Bàba míngtiān xiūxi?

2) 是不是 爸爸 明天 休息?

Nǐ shì bùshì měiguó rén?

3) 你是不是 美国 人?



Vocabulary application

少 (Shǎo) less, a few	每 (Měi) every, each
早上 (Zǎoshang) morning	跑步 (Pǎobù) to run, to jog
喜欢 (xǐ huān) to like	
生病 (Shēngbìng) to fall ill, to be sick	
起床 (Qǐchuáng) to get up, to get out of bed	

Please provide pinyin to the red highlighted words and translate the sentences into English:

喜欢

Hěn _____ Bù _____ Tài _____ le Zuì _____
 很 喜欢 不喜欢 太 喜欢了 最喜欢

Like

Wǒ de gǒu bù _____
 我的狗不 喜欢 早上 跑步。

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “喜欢”

生病



Wǒ bù _____ Tā méiyǒu _____
 我 不 喜欢 生病。 我 没有 生病

Wǒ _____ le, míngtiān _____ bù qù _____
 我 生病 了, 明天 早上 不去 跑步。

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “生病”

起床



Tā _____ tiān _____ Wǒ bùxiǎng _____
 她 每 天 6:30 起床。 我 不 想 起床。

Nǐ _____ ba
 你 起床 吧!

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “起床”

少



Hěn _____
很 少

Tài _____ le
太 少 了

Zuì _____
最 少

Duō _____
多 少

Wǒ bù _____ yùndòng, wǒ hěn _____ pǎobù.
我 不 喜欢 运 动, 我 很 少 跑 步。

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “少”

早上



早上 ↔ 上午 ↔ 中午 ↔ 下午 ↔ 晚上
6:00- 9:00 9:00- 12:00 12:00- 13:00 13:00- 18:00 after 18:00

Nǐ _____ kànshū ma?
你 喜欢 早 上 看 书 吗?
Shì bùshì tā míngtiān zǎoshang qù yīyuàn?
是 不 是 他 明 天 早 上 去 医 院 ?

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “早上”

跑步



tiān
每 天 早 上 跑 步

Zài xuéxiào
在 学 校 跑 步

Nǐ juéde _____ hǎo ma
你 觉 得 早 上 跑 步 好 吗?

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “跑步”

Word search - find the characters

	a	b	c	d	e
1	每	去	几	不	上
2	跑	天	是	喜	很
3	欢	生	疾	出	步
4	早	少	起	恨	是
5	床	环	点	炮	病

e.g. travel 2-a. 3-b

1. to be sick _____

2. what time _____

3. to run | _____

4. very little _____

5. everyday _____

6. Morning _____

7. go out _____

8. to get up _____

9. like _____

10. is or isn't _____



Listening exercises

Listening to the audio 3 times and translate the text into English:

Nǐ hěn shǎo shēng bìng, shì bu shì xǐhuan yùndòng?

A: 你很少生病, 是不是喜欢运动?

Shì a, wǒ měi tiān zǎoshang dōu yào chūqu pǎo bù.

B: 是啊, 我每天早上都要出去跑步。

Nǐ měi tiān jǐ diǎn qǐ chuáng?

A: 你每天几点起床?

Wǒ měi tiān liù diǎn qǐ chuáng.

B: 我每天六点起床。

Answer the questions based on the dialogue above.

1. The speaker B 的身体 怎么样?
de shēntǐ zěnmeyàng
2. The speaker B 每天 早上 做什么 运动?
tiān zuò shénme yùndòng
3. The speaker B 每天 几点 起床?
tiān jǐ diǎn

Listen to the audio and write down what you hear in Chinese and answer the questions:

1.

Question: _____

Answer: _____

2.

Question: _____

Answer: _____

3.

Question: _____

Answer: _____

4.

Question: _____

Answer: _____

5.

Question: _____

Answer: _____

