

Con la ayuda del diccionario, lee el siguiente artículo y realiza las actividades posteriores.

An opinion on Chilean and Argentine wines

Chile and Argentina have big-league wine industries (Argentina's is the world's fifth-largest), nearly 500 years of **vintages** and growing areas with Eden-like climates for farming wine grapes--so warm and **dry** that **grapes** easily **ripen** and **pesticides**, **fungicides** and **anti-rot measures** are often unnecessary.

Of course, Argentina and Chile need more than **warm** and dry **weather** to produce wine. **They** have many advantages such as **Water**. Snowmelt from the Andes Mountains in this area provides all the grapes need for **irrigation**, and **Cool temperature**. **It** keeps the grapes' natural **acidity** from respiring out before the grape fully ripens.

For Alvaro Espinosa , Chilean **Winemaker**, "The ambitious wines **we** are drinking today in South America didn't come from nowhere, of course". **He** added: "We have seen a huge improvement even in the past three years, but the quality arriving now is not from the work of three years but from what we have done in the past 15 years."

You people are now getting used to seeing **wines** like carménère from Chile, malbec (and torrontés and bonarda) from Argentina.

1- ¿Qué tipo de palabras son las que se encuentran en rojo?

2- ¿A qué sujeto hace referencia cada uno de ellos?

THEY

WE

HE

IT

YOU

3- Busca el significado de las palabras (vocabulario específico) resaltadas en negrita.

DRY

WEATHER

RIPEN

WATER

FUNGICIDES

ANTI-ROT MEASURES

WARM

COOL TEMPERATURE

IRRIGATION

ACIDITY

GRAPES

WINE

PESTICIDES

VINTAGE

