

Critical Thinking

VOCABULARY: Put the letters in the correct order in order to complete the sentences

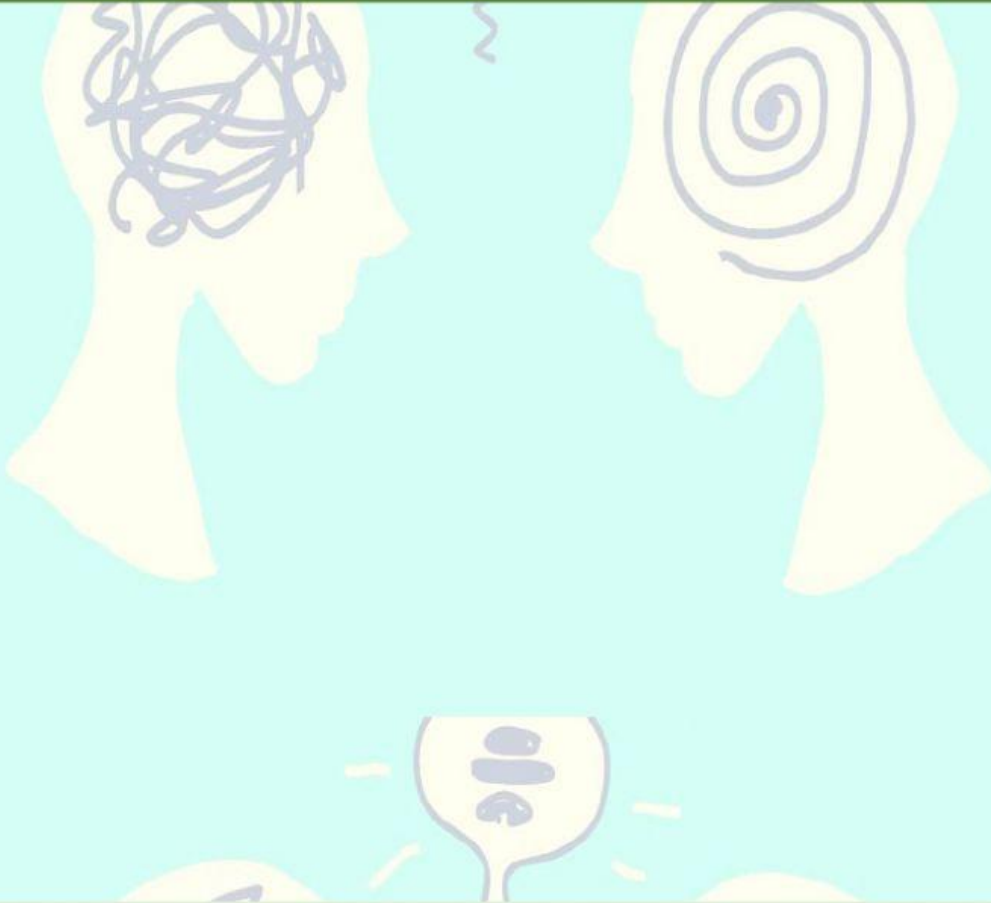
1. I must admit your argument is really _____ (PLECMOILNG), but I still hold my position on this matter.
2. Before forming an opinion, we need to _____ (SSASES) all this information.
3. We should avoid debates _____ (NGIOCNRECN) topics such as religion and politics.
4. Get rid of any _____ (YTFLAU) reasoning and you'll see better results.
5. She thought her arguments were _____ (NOUSD) and we could not _____ (ISMSIDS) them.
6. They thought this would be an argument we couldn't _____ (RETUOCN)

GRAMMAR: Select the best option to complete the sentences

1. I believe my argument is sound. _____, I don't dismiss others.
2. _____ this topic is concerning sensitive areas, I think we should leave it out from our debate.
3. Her argument was compelling. _____, we couldn't counter it.
4. _____ his faulty arguments, many people bought into his idea.
5. _____ they dismissed all my proposals, I decided to stop the negotiation.
6. They said they would be open to any suggestions, _____ they barely allowed us to speak during the meeting.
7. I am going through all of the sources _____ to assess the situation more effectively.
8. We regarded his arguments as a personal attack _____ the emphasis on "you" he placed in his speech.

Critical Thinking

VIDEO: Watch the video and complete the sentences with the words you hear.



1. Critical thinking consists of asking _____.
2. Critical thinking makes it easier to _____ evidence.
3. Critical thinking evolves stepping back from a situation to enable you to see all the angles before making _____ or taking _____.
4. Critical thinking isn't about being _____ or finding _____ in other people's claims.
5. Being a true critical thinker means being creative, _____ and _____.
6. Critical thinking is also about the _____ of discovery and _____.