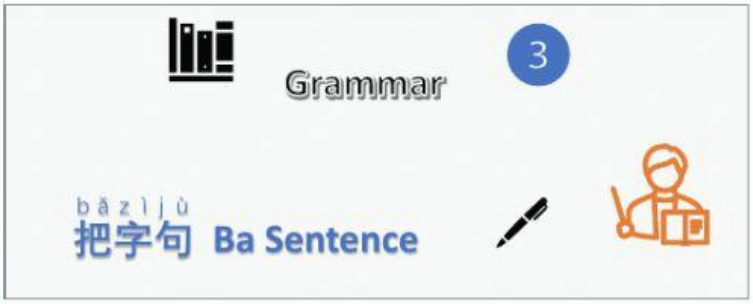


The word order of a “把” sentences is :

Sub. + 把 + O (things manipulated by) + V + Other elements

Used when the object is the receiver of the action

Used to emphasize how the object of a verb is manipulated and what result is brought about.

The object must be a definite person or a thing in the mind of the speaker.

“我 把一杯咖啡喝了” ✗

“我把那杯咖啡喝了” ✓

“ 把一本书给我” ✗

“把你的书给我” ✓

The main verb must be followed by some elements, such as “了”、“着”、a complement or the repetition of the verb , to indicate the result or effect of the action.

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“我把那杯咖啡喝”

“我把那杯咖啡喝了”

“我把那杯咖啡喝完了”

The main verb should be transitive and has a meaning of disposing/manipulating or controlling something. Verbs without such a meaning, e.g. “有 ”, “是”, “在”, “喜欢(xǐhuan)” and “知道(zhīdào)” etc. can’t be used in “把”sentence.

If the main verbs are followed by the complements of result “到”, “在”, “给” or “成”, “把 ” sentence must be used.

1. “ 到” “ 在” shows that the things or persons that are being manipulated of arrive some places or are in some places.

Sub. + 把 O + verb+ 到/在 + place

送--

放--

2. “给 ” shows that the things that are being manipulated of are given to somebody else.

Sub. + 把 O + verb + 给 + sb

发--

卖--

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3 “成” shows that the things or persons that are being disposed of become something else.

Sub. + 把 O + verb + 成(chéng) + sth /sb

wǒxiǎng bǎ ōuyuán huàn chéng rénmínbì
我 想 把 欧元 换 成 人民币

qǐng bǎ zhèpiān wénzhāng fānyì chéng zhōngwén
请 把 这篇 文 章 翻译 成 中 文

wǒ bǎ de míngzì xiě chéng le
我 把Mark的 名 字 写 成 Mike了

tā bǎ mǎ huà chéng hǔ le
他把 马 画 成 虎了

读成--

看成--

Negative adverbs, modal verbs and adverbial adjunct denoting time must be placed before 把.

tā míngtiān xūyào bǎ shū huán dào túshūguǎn
他 明 天 需要 把 书 还 到 图书馆

wǒ búhuì bǎ tādeduǎnxìn fāgěinǐ
我 不会 把 他的 短 信 发给你

wǒháiméibǎdiànzǐyóujiànfāgěinǐ
我还没把电子邮件发给你

qǐng bǎzhè piān wén zhāng fānyì chéng hélányǔ
请 把这 篇 文 章 翻译 成 荷兰语

wǒmen gāngcái bǎ bǎ deyǔfǎ yòu fùxíle yīcì
我们 刚才 把 “把”的语法 又 复习了 一次

LIVEWORKSHEETS