

Read the following text and choose the best answer!

The text is for no 1-3

The largest meat-eating animal in the world is the brown bear that lives in Alaska. "Brownie", as this bear is called, will always keep away from people. But, be careful if it is wounded with a gun or the mother bear and her cubs are shocked. Some hunters claim the brown bear can outfight a tiger.

A grown brownie may be up to nine feet tall. It may weigh over 1,600 pounds. But home when the brown bear is born, it weighs less than one pound. If you grew at the same rate, you would weigh almost 10,000 pounds when you were fully grown!

1. What does the text mostly tell about?
a. Brown bears. b. Strong hunters c. Fighting tigers d. Alaska people
2. But if it is wounded with a gun or if the mother bear and her cubs are shocked,..." (line What does the underlined word mean?
a. Male bears b. Baby bears c. Group of bears d. Other bears.
3. "It may weigh over 1,600 pounds." The underlined word refers to
a. Mother bear. b. A grown brownie. c. Baby bears d. Largest animal
4. That sofa looks
a. comfortable b. comfortably c. more comfortable d. most comfy
5. I can answer the questions during the interview ...
a. Easy b. easily c. more easy d. the most easy

The text is for no. 6 – 12!

Jasmine is a native flower to some tropical areas in South Asia, Africa and Australia. In India, some varieties of Jasmine are used for religious purposes.

The flower can grow up to 3 meters high and 2 meters wide. It releases its fragrance mostly after the sun sets especially nearing the full moon. Therefore, it is often associated with soothing night-time moods.

The planting of Jasmine is started by putting some cuttings in 3 inch pots within 4 weeks. After the roots grow, they are put into 6 inch pots. The soil in the pots should be kept moist but possible for the water to go through it for optimum growth.

There are some important advantages of Jasmine. In medication, this flower is often used for soothing headaches, stimulating brain, and restoring balance. Its extract is also widely used in the making of perfume.

6. When does Jasmine release the most fragrance?
a. At dawn b. In the morning c. In the afternoon d. In the evening
7. What is the main idea of the last paragraph?
a. Jasmine is grown worldwide
b. Jasmine has various benefits
c. Jasmine can cause headache
d. There are some varieties of Jasmine
8. In planting Jasmine, the soil should be kept moist to make it
a. Go through the water easily
b. Grow up to 6 inch in length
c. Produce optimum fragrance
d. Grow optimally

The text is for no 9 – 13

A tsunami is a series of ocean waves that sends surges of water, sometimes reaching heights of over 100 feet (30.5 meters), onto land. These walls of water can cause widespread destruction when they crash ashore.

These awe-inspiring waves are typically caused by large, undersea earthquakes at tectonic plate boundaries. When the ocean floor at a plate boundary rises or falls suddenly, it displaces the water above it and launches the rolling waves that will become a tsunami.

Most tsunami, about 80 percent, happen within the Pacific Ocean's "Ring of Fire," a geologically active area where tectonic shifts make volcanoes and earthquakes common.

Tsunamis may also be caused by underwater landslides or volcanic eruptions. They may even be launched, as they frequently were in Earth's ancient past, by the impact of a large meteorite plunging into an ocean.

Tsunamis race across the sea at up to 500 miles (805 kilometers) an hour — about as fast as a jet airplane. At that pace they can cross the entire expanse of the Pacific Ocean in less than a day. And their long wavelengths mean they lose very little energy along the way.

A tsunami's trough, the low point beneath the wave's crest, often reaches shore first. When it does, it produces a vacuum effect that sucks coastal water seaward and exposes harbor and sea floors. This retreating of sea water is an important warning sign of a tsunami, because the wave's crest and its enormous volume of water typically hit shore five minutes or so later. Recognizing this phenomenon can save lives.

A tsunami is usually composed of a series waves, called a wave train, so its destructive force may be compounded as successive waves reach shore. People experiencing a tsunami should remember that the danger may not have passed with the first wave and should await official word that it is safe to return to vulnerable locations.

Some tsunamis do not appear on shore as massive breaking waves but instead resemble a quickly surging tide that inundates coastal areas

9. Why did the author write the report?
 - a. To raise people' awareness about tsunami.
 - b. To warn people about an upcoming tsunami.
 - c. To warn people about the dangers of tsunami
 - d. To inform people about the different types of tsunami.
10. Tsunamis are usually the result of ...
 - a. Landslides
 - b. Volcanoës
 - c. The awe-inspiring waves
 - d. The sudden rise or fall of ocean floors
11. Why tsunami called a wave train?
 - a. It produces a vacuum effect that sucks coastal water
 - b. It is usually composed of a series waves
 - c. Tsunamis race across the sea at up to 500 miles an hour
 - d. Tsunamis may also be caused by underwater landslides or volcanic eruptions
12. "Some tsunami do not appear on shore as massive breaking waves but instead resemble a quickly surging tide that inundates coastal areas." (Paragraph 8)
 - a. Fills
 - b. Floods
 - c. Covers
 - d. Attacks

13. The From the text, we know that Tsunami can be very destructive because ...
a. They occur suddenly c. They come after earthquakes
b. They have a vacuum effect d. They are tall, fast, forceful and repetitive
14. I hope tomorrow will be ... than today
a. Best b. better c. good d. more good
15. I have no idea why he spoke ... than before.
a. gently c. gentlest
b. gentlier d. more gently



Elephants are the largest land animals on earth. They have the largest brains of any mammal. Elephants talk to each other. Researchers discovered more than 50 different types of calls that they use to communicate with each other. Their trunks are... (16) enough to pick up trees but sensitive enough to... (17) up a flower. They use them as tools to sweep paths, to scratch themselves, to swat flies, and to draw in the dirt. They are good swimmers and use(18) trunks like snorkels. They live together in family groups. They help each other when in trouble. They join together to care for and rescue their young.

16. a. weak
b. soft
c. strong
d. gentle
17. a. pick
b. picked
c. picks
d. picking
18. a. them
b. their
c. they
d. theirs



Kangaroos are animals found only in Australia, although they have a smaller relative, called a wallaby, which lives on the Australia island of Tasmania and also in Guinea. Kangaroos eat grass and plant. They have short front legs, but very ... (19), and strong back legs and tail. These they use for sitting up on and for jumping. Kangaroos have been known to make forward jump of over eight meters, and leap across fences more than three meters high. They can also ... (20) at speeds of over 45 kilometers per hour.

The largest kangaroos are the Great Grey Kangaroo and the Red Kangaroo. Adult grow to a length of 1.60 meters and weigh over 90 kilos.

19. a. big
b. weak
c. small
d. long
20. a. run
b. walk
c. jump
d. swim

B. Read the text below then answer the questions that follow !!

Jellyfish are not really fish. They are invertebrate animals. This means that unlike fish or people, they have no backbones. In fact, they have no bones at all.

Jellyfish have stomachs and mouths, but no heads. They have nervous systems for sensing the world around them, but no brains. They are made almost entirely of water, which is why you can look through them

Some jellyfish can glow in darkness by making their own light. The light is made by a chemical reaction inside the jellyfish. Scientists believe jellyfish glow for several reasons. For example, they may glow to scare away predators or to attract animals they like to eat.

Most jellyfish live in salt water, apart from a few types that live in fresh water. Jellyfish are found in oceans and seas all over the world. They live in warm, tropical seas and in icy waters near the North and South poles.

1. The text tells us about ...
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2. What is the writer's intention in writing the text ?
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3. Which one creates jellyfish's light?

4. "Some jellyfish can glow in darkness by making their own light." (paragraph 3).
The word "glow" in the sentence means ...

5. "They live in warm, tropical seas and in icy waters ..". The underlined word
refers to...
