

Recycling

The process of converting trash resources into new materials and things is known as recycling. It can help preserve resources and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Recycling is used to reduce "conventional" trash disposal. It helps to avoid the disposal of potentially usable resources and cuts down on the utilisation of fresh raw materials, lowering energy consumption, air pollution, and water pollution.

Recycling is an important part of the modern reduction of waste, and it is the third stage in the "Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle" waste hierarchy, which strives to get the most out of products while producing the least amount of waste. Glass, paper, and cardboard, as well as metal, plastic, tyres, fabrics, and electronics, are all recyclable materials. Composting or other biodegradable waste reuse, such as food or garden waste, is also categorized as recycling.

Internal and external recycling processes are the two main types of recycling processes. Internal recycling is the reuse of materials that are scrap products of a manufacturing procedure within that process. On the other hand, External recycling is the recycling of materials from a tattered or outdated product.

The decision of whether and how much to recycle is largely based on financial concerns. Affluence and the availability of inexpensive raw resources encourage people to simply throw away used materials. When the price of recycling waste or reusable materials is less than the cost of treating and throwing the materials or processing fresh raw materials, recycling becomes economically beneficial.

Questions 1 - 7

Complete the sentences below.

Choose **NO MORE THAN ONE WORD AND/OR A NUMBER** from the passage for each answer.

1. _____ is a process of changing waste materials into fresh materials.
2. Recycling helps to avoid the disposal of potentially usable resources and cuts down on the utilisation of fresh raw materials, reducing _____ consumption, air pollution, and water pollution.
3. Recycling is the _____ stage in the "Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle" waste hierarchy,...
4. Composting or other _____ waste reuse, such as food or garden waste, is also categorized as recycling.
5. _____ recycling is the recycling of materials from a worn-out or outdated product.
6. _____ recycling is the reuse of materials that are scrap products of a manufacturing procedure within that process.
7. Recycling becomes financially _____, when the price of recycling waste or reusable materials is less than the cost of treating and throwing the materials or processing fresh raw materials...