

1. ADVERB (ПРИСЛІВНИК)

1.1. Правила утворення прислівників на -ly

Закінчення прикметника	Приклад	Закінчення прислівника	Приклад
-ic	basic	Adj + ally Виняток public – publicly	basically
приголосна + le	simple	Adj (le) → e + y	simply
приголосна – e	nice	Adj (e) + ly	nicely
приголосна – y	easy	Adj (y) → i + ly Виняток shy – shyly	easily
більшість прикметників	quiet slow	Adj + ly	quietly slowly

a fast train	to run fast
a hard frost	to work hard
a late visit	to come late
an early breakfast	to get up early
a good lesson	to read well

прислівники виключ.

hard	важко, багато	hardly	ледь	hardly ever
late	пізно	lately	останнім часом	=recently
close	біля, поруч	closely	ретельно	
near	біля, поруч	nearly	майже	
wide	широко	widely	широко	
deep	глибоко	deeply	глибоко	
high	високо	highly	високо	

у прямому смислі

у переносному смислі

Exercise 2. Choose the correct adverb to complete the sentences below.

- This year the river is flowing *wide/widely*.
- Professor Peyton is *wide/widely* known in scientific circles.
- The wind is blowing *hard/hardly* now.
- The wind is *hard/hardly* blowing today.
- Why did you come so *late/lately*?
- What have you been doing *late/lately*?
- The birds are flying *high/highly*.
- He is always *high/highly* spoken about.
- Why are you looking at me so *close/closely*?
- I live *close/closely* to my school.
- The oil deposit is *deep/deeply* under the ground.
- Everybody was *deep/deeply* touched by his words.
- The library is *near/nearly* the cathedral.
- It's *near/nearly* midnight. It's time to go to bed.

1.2. Ступені порівняння прислівників

Форма	Прислівник	Порівняльний ступінь	Найвищий ступінь порівняння
1. Прислівник має один склад	fast	faster	(the) fastest
2. Прислівник закінчується на <i>-ly</i>	brightly <i>Виняток</i> early	<i>more</i> brightly earlier	(the) <i>most</i> brightly (the) earliest

Запам'ятай!

Прислівник	Порівняльний ступінь	Найвищий ступінь порівняння
well	better	best
badly	worse	worst
much	more	most
far	farther further	farthest (про відстань) furthest (про відстань і послідовність)

Exercise 4. Use the adverbs given in brackets in the comparative or superlative form.

- Who can do it _____ (fast) than you?
- Henry works on his English _____ (hard) of all.
- Could you come a little bit _____ (early) tomorrow?
- The sun is shining _____ (brightly) today than yesterday.
- I would be glad if you spoke _____ (loudly).
- Which of you lives _____ (far) from the office?
- She did the translation _____ (well) of all.
- I don't understand you, speak _____ (distinctly).
- Claudia studies at the library _____ (often) of all.
- I know where to buy this laptop _____ (cheaply).

Запам'ятай!

The dish <i>tastes nice</i> .	Блюдо <i>чудово смакує</i> .
The music <i>sounds harsh</i> .	Музика <i>лунає різко</i> .
She <i>looks wonderful</i> today.	Вона <i>виглядає чудово</i> сьогодні.
The cloth <i>feels soft</i> .	Тканина <i>м'яка на дотик</i> .
The milk <i>smells strange</i> .	Молоко <i>пахне дивно</i> .

Exercise 7. Choose the correct word to complete the sentences below.

1. I like people who always look *happy/happily*.
2. The mother looked *happy/happily* at her newborn son.
3. The radiator feels *warm/warmly*.
4. The doctor was feeling the patient's injured leg *cautious/cautiously*.
5. The dog is smelling the food *suspicious/suspiciously*.
6. I refuse to eat this meat, it smells *suspicious/suspiciously*.
7. Your remarks sound *rude/rudely*.
8. What are you listening to so *careful/carefully*?
9. The cake tastes *delicious/deliciously*.
10. The kid tasted the porridge *unwilling/unwillingly*.