

VERB TO BE PAST

A) ¿Cómo es el verbo “to be” en pasado?

B) ¿Qué significa el verbo “to be” en pasado?

C) ¿Con qué sujetos va “was” y con cuáles va “were”? Contesta en la tabla.

I	YOU	HE	SHE	IT	WE	YOU	THEY
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WAS	WERE
- <input type="text"/>	- <input type="text"/>
- <input type="text"/>	- <input type="text"/>
- <input type="text"/>	- <input type="text"/>
- <input type="text"/>	- <input type="text"/>
- <input type="text"/>	- <input type="text"/>

D) Completa las siguientes frases con la forma correcta del verbo to be.

1. I _____ in Madrid last week. (+)
2. It _____ a sunny day. (-)
3. _____ you a doctor? No, I _____.
4. They _____ famous. (+)
5. _____ he from Italy? Yes, he _____.
6. Anna _____ a student. (+)
7. Where _____ you last night? I _____ at home.
8. We _____ invited. (-)
9. It _____ cold yesterday. (+)
10. _____ Anthony sick? No, he _____.

E) Completa las frases usando la opción correcta:

1. The weather was / were nice in Málaga.
2. They was / were teachers.
3. Was / Were Mike at home? No, he was / were / wasn't / weren't .
4. Jane wasn't / weren't hungry.
5. My house was / were big.
6. Was / Were Nick and Mary in Paris? Yes, they was / were / wasn't .

7. I was / were at the beach this morning.
8. They wasn't / weren't at school.
9. Was / Were she in Cádiz? No, she was / were / wasn't / weren't .
10. I wasn't / weren't happy.

F) Escribe frases con el sujeto y la forma que se pide con el verbo to be past.

1. She (negative)
2. They (interrogative)
3. We (affirmative)
4. I (negative)
5. My sister (interrogative)
6. The cat (affirmative)