

Đề phát triển theo cấu trúc ma trận minh họa BGD năm 2022 Môn TIẾNG ANH - Đề 7

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 1. If you don't have anything _____ to say, it's better to say nothing.

- A. construct B. construction C. constructive D. constructor

Question 2. Neither of the boys came to school yesterday, _____?

- A. didn't they B. does they C. did they D. doesn't they

Question 3. It's a little _____ that no one knows where he was at the time of the murder.

- A. doubtful B. suspicious C. skeptical D. dubious

Question 4. Television can make things memorable for the reason that it presents information _____ an effective way.

- A. over B. with C. in D. on

Question 5. Someone stopped me on the street and offered to sell me a gold watch for five dollars. I could _____ a rat.

- A. taste B. see C. think D. smell

Question 6. All activities have stopped _____ he weather has been terrible since yesterday.

- A. although B. because of C. because D. despite

Question 7. Her husband bought her a _____ scarf when he went on holiday in Singapore last week.

- A. beautiful silk yellow B. yellow beautiful silk
C. beautiful yellow silk D. silk beautiful yellow

Question 8. There are other problems of city life which I don't propose to _____ at the moment.

- A. go into B. go around C. go for D. go up

Question 9. When Carol called last night, I _____ my favorite show on television.

- A. was watching B. watched C. have watched D. watch

Question 10. _____, I will remind him to call for you.

- A. when he was turning up B. until he turned up
C. after had turned up D. When he turns up

Question 11. Researchers have to _____ the conclusion that your personality is affected by your genes.

- A. arrived B. come C. got D. reached

Question 12. Closer _____ of the documents revealed a number of interesting and important facts.

- A. scrutiny B. inception C. peculiarity D. Suspicion

Question 13. It is claimed that new nuclear power plants designed to be safer than the current ones _____.

- A. will build B. build C. are soon built D. built

Question 14. _____ water resources irresponsibly, the authorities had to deal with water shortages in the region.

- A. Managed B. Having managed C. To manage D. Being managed

Question 15. The harder you study for these exams, _____ you will do.

- A. the better B. the much C. the best D. the more good

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 16. John was in Hanoi and wanted to send a parcel to his parents. He asked a local passer-by the way to the post-office.

- **John:** "Can you show me the way to the nearest post office, please?"

- **Passer-by:** " _____ "

A. Look it up in a dictionary!

B. Just round the corner over there.

C. There's no traffic near here.

D. Not way, sorry.

Question 17. Ann was thanking Kate for coming to dinner.

- **Ann:** "Thank you for taking the time to come here in person."

- **Kate:** " _____ "

A. I'd love to come. What time?

B. I haven't got a clue.

C. It's my pleasure.

D. That's all for now.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 18. A. survival

B. industry

C. endanger

D. commercial

Question 19. A. cartoon

B. answer

C. reason

D. paper

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 20. A. visited

B. played

C. hated

D. needed

Question 21. A. hand

B. save

C. take

D. face

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22. Emissions from factories and exhaust fumes from vehicles can have detrimental effects on our health.

A. beneficial

B. neutral

C. needy

D. harmful

Question 23. Dozens of valuable works of art disappeared during shipment to the US.

A. authority

B. security

C. activity

D. delivery

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 24. Tom may get into hot water when driving at full speed after drinking wine.

A. get into trouble

B. stay safe

C. fall into disuse

D. keep calm

Question 25. Because of her conservative views, the professor never accepts anything not related to traditional values and the status.

A. conservational

B. progressive

C. modern

D. economic

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 26. His wife gave birth to their first child. He understood what true responsibility meant.

A. Never has he understood true responsibility before he became a parent himself.

B. Were his first child not to be born, he wouldn't understand true responsibility.

C. Hardly had he understood true responsibility when their first child was born.

D. Not until he became a parent did he understand what true responsibility meant.

Question 27. Peter moved abroad for a fresh start. He regrets it now.

- A. Peter wishes he hadn't moved abroad for a fresh start.
- B. If Peter moved abroad for a fresh start, he would regret it.
- C. Peter regrets not having moved abroad for a fresh start.
- D. If only Peter had moved abroad for a fresh start.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 28. The composer Verdi has written the opera Aida to celebrate the opening of the Suez Canal, but the opera was not performed until 1871.

- A. has written
- B. to celebrate
- C. opening of
- D. was not performed

Question 29. Those of us who have a family history of heart disease should make yearly appointments with their doctors.

- A. who
- B. should make
- C. yearly
- D. their

Question 30. Modern office buildings have false floors under which computer and phone wires can be lain.

- A. office buildings
- B. false floors
- C. which
- D. can be lain

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 31. It's possible that Joanna didn't receive my message.

- A. Joanna shouldn't have received my message.
- B. Joanna needn't have received my message.
- C. Joanna mightn't have received my message.
- D. Joanna can't have received my message.

Question 32. She said, "John, I'll show you round my city when you're here."

- A. She made a trip round her city with John.
- B. She planned to show John round her city.
- C. She promised to show John round her city.
- D. She organized a trip round her city for John.

Question 33. It is over twenty years since I last got in touch with them.

- A. I can't help keeping getting in touch with them for over 20 years.
- B. I haven't gotten in touch with them for over 20 years.
- C. I used to get in touch with them for over 20 years.
- D. I have been getting in touch with them for over 20 years.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each the numbered blanks.

Every day on radio, on TV, and in the newspaper, we hear, see or read about (34) _____ problems in the world, for example, pollution problems. Air pollution is the first kind. It mostly comes from fumes (35) _____ from motorbikes, cars, airplanes, trains and poisonous gases emitted from factories. Also, waste is dumped anywhere, even in the city (36) _____ many people are living. The second pollution problem is sea pollution. Many people earn their living from fishing in the sea, and the fish they catch feed many people. (37) _____, the sea has become so polluted from oil spills and factory wastes that the fish are dying. This is not only killing the fish, but is also affecting those people who eat fish. Seldom do you find a place nowadays that is not polluted. This problem is growing more difficult every day. We must find a good (38) _____ that makes the world a better place to live.

(Adapted from <https://tinyurl.com/y3rjxt6x>)

- Question 34.** A. much B. many C. every D. a lot
- Question 35.** A. released B. launched C. escaped D. freed

- Question 36.** A. that B. which C. who D. where
Question 37. A. However B. So C. Therefore D. But
Question 38. A. method B. solution C. road D. idea

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the answer to each of the question.

Vietnam's population is ageing quickly. In 2017, more than 10 per cent of the population will be 60 and older, and in 15-20 years the elderly will account for one third of the total population. This raises concerns about healthcare, welfare and pensions for the elderly at a time when Vietnam is focusing on economic integration and requires a large labor force. So far two solutions have been proposed: to loosen the two-child policy and to increase the retirement age to 58 for women and 62 for men. By ending the two-child policy the government expects to make up for the ageing population within the next 20 years. But **its** effect could be creating an uncontrollable boom in the Vietnamese population. When the government loosened the two-child policy in 2015 in a trial period, in the first 6 months of 2016 the third child birth rate increased remarkably by 7.5 per cent

Raising the retirement age has been proposed by the Ministry of Labor pending parliamentary evaluation in May 2017. While the policy is beneficial in utilizing the work experience of the elderly while creating savings in the pension budget, it also means fewer job prospects and promotion opportunities for younger generations. It is also not in the interest of all the elderly, especially the 70 per cent of Vietnam's labor force working in manual labor-intensive sectors such as agriculture, manufacturing and construction where working above the age of 50 can be dangerous and unproductive. Despite these drawbacks, raising the retirement age is still considered by policymakers as one of the key solutions to the ageing population problem in Vietnam. However, these are only **temporary** solutions.

Question 39. The best title for this passage could be _____.

- A. Vietnam struggling with ageing population B. Stopping the two-child policy in Vietnam
 C. Raising the retirement age in Vietnam D. How to solve the aging population in Vietnam

Question 40. Which statement is probably TRUE according to the information in the paragraph 1?

- A. In 2017, the elderly take up for one third of the total population, this leads to more concerns about healthcare, welfare and pensions for the elderly.
 B. In 2015, the two-child policy has been officially tightened and succeeded.
 C. The government would promote families to have two children to compensate for the ageing population within the next 20 years.
 D. In the next 15-17 years, Vietnam's economy will need a large labor force to integrate with global economy.

Question 41. The word "**its**" in paragraph 1 refers to _____?

- A. two-Child policy B. aging population C. retirement age D. economic integration

Question 42. In the 2nd paragraph, the writer suggests that _____.

- A. The Ministry of Labor has applied raising the retirement age in May 2017.
 B. Raising the retirement age can reduce job opportunities for younger generations.
 C. The elderly whose age is 50 would be dangerous if they continued to work
 D. Raising the retirement age and stopping two-child policy can be considered as long-term and effective solutions.

Question 43. The word "**temporary**" in paragraph 2 means _____.

- A. constant B. permanent C. short-term D. long-term

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the answer to each of the question.

Coral reefs are some of the most diverse ecosystems in the world, housing tens of thousands of marine species. With their hardened surfaces, corals are sometimes mistaken as being rocks. And, because they are attached, “taking root” to the seafloor, they are often mistaken for plants. However, unlike rocks, corals are alive. And unlike plants, corals do not make their own food. Corals are in fact animals. Appearing as **solitary** forms in the fossil record more than 400 million years ago, corals are extremely ancient animals that evolved into modern reef-building forms over the last 25 million years.

Coral reefs are the largest structures on earth of biological origin. Coral reefs are unique and complex systems. **Rivaling** old growth forests in longevity of their ecological communities, well-developed reefs reflect thousands of years of history.

Corals are ancient animals related to jellyfish and anemones. The branch or mound that we often call “a coral” is actually made up of thousands of tiny animals called polyps. A coral polyp is an invertebrate that can be no bigger than a pinhead to up to 30 centimeters (1 foot) in diameter. The polyps extend their tentacles at night to sting and ingest tiny organisms called plankton and other small creatures. Each polyp has a saclike body and a mouth that is encircled by stinging tentacles. The polyp uses calcium carbonate (limestone) from seawater to build a hard, cup-shaped skeleton. This skeleton protects the soft, delicate body of the polyp.

Reefs only occur in shallow areas that are reachable by sunlight because of the relationship between coral and algae. Various types of microscopic algae, known as Symbiodinium, live inside of the coral, providing them with food and helping them to grow faster.

There are over 2,500 kinds (species) of corals. About 1,000 are the hard corals that build coral reefs. Other corals are soft corals. Soft corals have skeletons that are flexible and can bend with the water. The three main types of coral reefs are fringing reefs, barrier reefs, and coral atolls. The most common type of reef is the fringing reef. This type of reef grows seaward directly from the shore. **They** form borders along the shoreline and surrounding islands. When a fringing reef continues to grow upward from a volcanic island that has sunk entirely below sea level, an atoll is formed. Atolls are usually circular or oval in shape, with an open lagoon in the center. Any reef that is called a barrier reef gets its name because its presence protects the shallow waters along the shore from the open sea. That protection promotes the survival of many types of sea plant and animal life.

(Adapted from <http://justfunfacts.com>)

Question 44. Which of the following could best reflect the main purpose of the author in the passage?

- A. To prove that coral reefs are animals.
- B. To provide the facts about coral reefs.
- C. To explain that coral reefs are the most diverse ecosystems in the ocean.
- D. To distinguish coral reefs with other animals.

Question 45. The word “**solitary**” in paragraph 1 could be best replaced by _____.

- A. single
- B. private
- C. general
- D. typical

Question 46. The word “**Rivaling**” in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. Differing from
- B. Comparing with
- C. Relating to
- D. Changing from

Question 47. According to the passage, the following are true about coral reefs, EXCEPT _____.

- A. Coral reefs are mistaken for rocks and plants because of their hardened surface and “roots”.
- B. Polyps are the composition of corals.
- C. The skeleton of a polyp is created from calcium carbonate in seawater.
- D. Corals absorb food in the sunlight using their tentacles.

Question 48. With the help of myriad species of tiny algae, reefs _____.

- A. are likely to develop more rapidly.
- B. can protect the soft and delicate body of the polyp.

C. are able to find food inside their polyps.

D. find it easier to bend with the water.

Question 49. What does the word “**They**” in paragraph 5 refer to?

A. coral atolls

B. barrier reefs

C. fringing reefs

D. the shores

Question 50. As mentioned in the last paragraph, why a reef is called a barrier reef?

A. As it keeps developing from a volcanic island that has sunk entirely below sea level.

B. Because its skeleton is flexible enough to defend many marine organisms.

C. Since it saves the low waters along the coastline from the open sea.

D. Because it is one kind of 1,000 hard corals that protect the shoreline.

THE END