

VOCABULARY: UNIT 4

1) Complete the sentences with the WORDS below. Drag the answers.

crime rate wealthy free of charge quality of life skyscraper
housing landmark overcrowding pay a fine round the clock

- 1 The first was built in Chicago in the US.
- 2 Politicians are trying to lower the city's and make it a safer place to live.
- 3 Many people say their improves when they move to the countryside.
- 4 Drinks are available if you have signed up for the conference.
- 5 Most big cities have CCTV cameras and surveillance these days.
- 6 The church tower is the most recognisable in our village.
- 7 Patricia has to because the police caught her riding her bicycle on the pavement.
- 8 The in this part of the city tends to be flats and apartments.
- 9 Some people in the audience were hurt due to
- 10 People who live in the city centre are often quite

2) Complete the sentences by adding the correct particle(s) to form a PHRASAL VERB. Type the answers.

- 1 I was supposed to meet Mary outside the cinema, but she didn't turn
- 2 The flood cut access to the main road.
- 3 He was a shy child, but he turned an outgoing teen.
- 4 I wanted to go to that university, but they turned me
- 5 Please don't cut – I'm talking.
- 6 My doctor told me to cut coffee to help me sleep.
- 7 If we cut these fields, I'm sure we'll find the path on the other side.
- 8 We thought we were going to be late, but it turned all right.

3) Use SEVEN of the words below to complete the text. Drag the answers.

land facilities giant housing wealthy
megacities overcrowding inequality unemployment equal

Mega-regions are beginning to form as the world's ¹ join together. These ² megaregions are capable of crossing borders and may be home to more than 100 million people, according to a UN report.

The largest of these is currently the Pearl River Delta region in China, which includes the cities of Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Guangzhou among others, and which provides ³ for 120 million people. Other megaregions are appearing in Japan, Brazil, India and Africa. This continuing trend means that more than half the world's population is now living in cities.

The growth of megaregions is leading to urban sprawl, which increases transport costs and energy consumption, and causes ⁴ for farming to be lost.

Income ⁵ is also more apparent in the megaregions. In US cities, the top 1% of ⁶ households earns more than 70 times the average income of the poorest 20% of the population. Incomes in Latin American, Asian and African cities were found to be more ⁷ , mainly because they were poorer.

4) Retype the sentences using the PHRASES below:

*unemployment ■ crime rate ■ free of charge ■ traffic jam
let in ■ population density ■ round the clock*

1 You can get the certificate without paying at the counter.

The

2 Many young people can't find jobs in this area.

There is

3 The number of robberies and murders in New York has fallen to a record low.

There has been

4 Macau has the highest number of people per square kilometre in the world.

The

5 They didn't allow us to enter the building.

We

6 We're working on this all day and all night.

This is

7 There are so many cars on the motorway that nothing is moving.

There's

5) Complete the sentences with PHRASAL VERBS containing TURN and CUT. Use the correct form of the verb.

1 I was trying to explain it to Tom, but Jeremy with a stupid remark.

2 Don't worry! Everything will all right.

3 I'm not waiting for her. She always late.

4 The heavy snow our village from the city for three days.

5 We can't an opportunity like this. It's too good to miss!

6 Let's town and avoid the traffic going to the match.

7 The mayor won't run for office again. Public opinion has her.

8 It's getting dark. I think we should now and head for home.

9 You really should all those sweets. It's very bad for your teeth.

10 He's not really such a stressful job.

11 Quick! Call a plumber! I can't water.

12 In this story, the ugly frog a handsome prince.

6) Complete the text with a suitable word or expression below. There are more words than you need. Type the answers:

turn into overcrowded residents isolation lack of
giant skyscraper quality of life clear high-rise

In a growing and ¹ world, a ² is an efficient way to create space for homes and offices. But so many of these modern ³ landmarks are not what they seem. In the race to construct the tallest building, architects are using empty spires so that the structures ⁴ much less efficient uses of space. The Burj Khalifa in Dubai appears to be 828 metres tall, but the top 30% has no ⁵

The race for the tallest building has only really become an issue in the last 30 years. The Empire State Building, at 381 metres high, spent more than four decades as the tallest building in the world due to a ⁶ competition. In 1973, however, the World Trade Center Towers in New York became the tallest building, followed by the Willis Tower in Chicago in 1974. The building of skyscrapers since then has been rapid and constant. Asian countries in particular have been creating many of these buildings, with the 452-metre Petronas Towers in Kuala Lumpur and the 508-metre Taipei 101 building in Taiwan. Now, the Gulf States have taken over, with the Burj Khalifa in Dubai currently the world's tallest building, and the next champion is likely to be in Saudi Arabia. The Jeddah Tower, which is scheduled to be completed in 2020, will be a ⁷ one kilometre high. How much of that will be usable space remains to be seen.