Full name: .....

Class: .....

ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEST

Time: 45 minutes

I. LISTENING

1. Listen to a tour guide talking about the Great Pyramid of Egypt. Fill each of the gaps with A WORD OR A NUMBER. You will listen TWICE.

The Great Pyramid of Egypt

Height: (1) _____ feet

Being the (2) _____ building in the world for more than 4,000 years

Built: around (3) _____ B.C.

Duration of building: 20 (4) _____

Number of builders: 360,000

Being the largest of (5) _____ pyramids in Giza

2. Listen to a conversation between Tom and Ha about their neighbourhood. Fill each of the gaps with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS. You will listen TWICE.

	Type	River	Historic buildings	New buildings
Ha's neighbourhood	(1) _____		(3) _____ ancient well large communal house	(4) _____
Tom's neighbourhood	City	River Tyne	Castle Theatre Royal (2) _____	Newcastle (5) _____

II. READING

1. Read the passage about the Great Wall. Decide whether the sentences are true (T) or false (F). Circle T or F.

There are four most popular sections of the Great Wall: Mutianyu, Badaling, Simatai and Juyongguan. I visited the Mutianyu section of the Great Wall in the last two months during my visit to China.

I thought we should climb up the Wall, you know, using only one rope, but actually, there is a cable car ride that you can take to get up on the Wall.

I had so much fun riding the cable car because the view from up there is so great! You can take a look at the view of the Wall, the mountains, and the villages of Mutianyu below. The view on the way up is breathtaking.

1. There are four most popular sections of the Great Wall. T F
2. The author visited Mutianyu in 2 months. T F
3. The author used a robe to climb the Great Wall. T F
4. The author thought the cable car was funny. T F
5. The author couldn't breathe in the Great Wall. T F

2. Read the passage and use the words from the box to fill the gaps. There are TWO words you will NOT need.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

fresh	supermarkets	convenient	friendly
neighbourhood	minimarts	difficult	

I live in a district in Ha Noi. I like my (1) ____ very much because it's nice and less polluted than other areas in Ha Noi. There are many trees around here so it is very cool. The air is also (2) ____. There is a large playground so we can play badminton in late afternoons. Children in the area can also do roller-skating. It is very (3) _____ to live here because it is easy to get around. In the area, there is a primary school, a small open-air market, some minimarts. Sometimes we can buy things in the (4) _____. My neighbours here are also very kind and (5) _____. They look after my house when I am away.

III. WRITING

1. What do you like about your neighbourhood? Write a description of it (60-80 words).

You should use the cues given:

- Name of the neighbourhood
- Things in your neighbourhood
- Reasons why you like it

2. For each question, complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. Use the word in brackets. You may need to change the word. Write NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS.

Here is an example.

0. *The bookshop is opposite the library.*

   _____ *a bookshop opposite the library. (THERE)*

   Answer: 0. ***There is***

1. It is less convenient to live in the suburbs than in the city centre.

   Life is _____ in the city centre than in the suburbs. (MORE)

2. His neighbourhood is much more polluted than my neighbourhood.

   His neighbourhood is _____ than mine. (LESS)

3. There are more high buildings in your city than in my city.

   Your city is _____ than my city. (MODERN)

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. We have nothing to do here. In London, we have many outdoor activities.

   We have _____ life in London than here. (INTERESTING)

5. I like my village most because others are not as peaceful.

   My village is _____ than any other villages. (MORE)

IV. LANGUAGE FOCUS

1. Listen and circle the words you hear.

1.	steam	team
2.	stamp	tame
3.	cost	cot
4.	host	hot
5.	coast	coat

2. Choose the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following sentences. Circle A, B or C.

1. It was hotter (A) last summer (B) than it was (C) now.
2. London is (A) much more moderner (B) than (C) Ha Noi.
3. Traffic (A) in big cities is often much more (B) heavier than (C) that in the country.
4. It is more inconvenient than (A) to live in the country (B) than in the (C) city.
5. The tourist attractions (A) here are the better (B) fantastic (C) than those in my city.

3. Read the description of something in nature. What is the word for each one? The first letter is already there. There is one space for each letter in the word.

1.	A large area of water surrounded by land	L _ _ _
2.	A waterless area of land with lots of sand	D _ _ _ _ _
3.	A stream of water falling from a height	W _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
4.	A naturally raised area of land	H _ _ _
5.	A sandy shore by the sea	B _ _ _ _

-- The end --

LIVEWORKSHEETS