



## MOVE IT 1.6 QUIZ 2- UNIT 9

Mark

Student's Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Teacher's Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Irene Bracamonte Dávalos \_\_\_\_\_

### Part I-Listening

Type the answers to the questions. Then listen and check.

Example: 1 Who invented television? \_\_ John Logie Baird \_\_ invented television.

2. What's an IWB? IWB is an \_\_\_\_\_.

3. What technology can you use to read novels? You can read novels as \_\_\_\_\_—electronic books.

4 What does WWW stand for? WWW stands for \_\_\_\_\_.

5 What are Twitter and Facebook? They are \_\_\_\_\_.

6 Where does solar power come from? Solar power comes from \_\_\_\_\_.

### Part II-Vocabulary

1. You want to read a novel. You can use ...

instant messaging

a digital radio

an e-reader

2. You want to talk to your friends. You can use ...

instant messaging

a flash drive

an interactive whiteboard

3. You want to take the homework you did on your computer to school. You can use ...

Wi-Fi

a screen

a flash drive

4. You want to take a photo of your friends. You can use ...

an e-reader

a smart phone

a blog

5. You want to listen to music. You can use ...

a social networking site

a digital radio

a screen

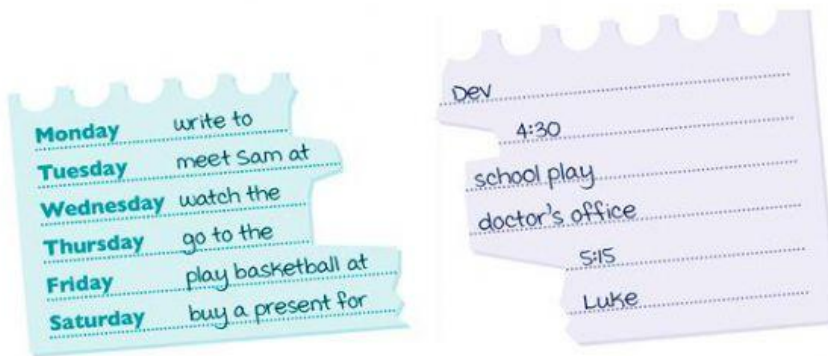
### Part III – Grammar

Complete the sentences with the correct form of *be going to* and the verb.

Example:

1. They are going to watch a DVD (watch) a DVD tonight.
2. I am going to buy a smart phone next month. (buy)
3. He is going to wear his new shoes tomorrow. (wear)
4. She isn't going to play the guitar. (not play)
5. They aren't going to go bowling. (not go)
6. We are going to visit the technology fair next week. (visit)

Look at the missing part of Tammy's planner. Answer the questions.



Example: 1. Who is Tammy writing to on Monday?

She's writing to Dev.

2. When is she meeting Sam?
3. What is she watching on Wednesday?
4. Where is she going on Thursday?
5. What time is she playing basketball on Friday?
6. Who is she buying a present for on Saturday?

### Part IV –Reading

Answer the questions.



Today, people spend about seven hours every day using technology such as television, radios, MP3 players, phones and computers. Teenagers spend a lot of this time using their cell phones. Alexander Graham Bell invented the first telephone in the UK in 1876, but it was only in 1973 that Dr. Martin Cooper at Motorola invented the cell phone in the US. The phones were very big and heavy, and they were unpopular because there weren't any networks. Japan created the first network in 1979. The first cell phones only made phone calls—they didn't do anything else. Then, in 1993, people started sending text messages in Finland, and cell phones became more popular. Today, 85 percent of American adults have a cell phone, and half of British teenagers have smart phones. Smart phones are cell phones, but you can do a lot more than make phone calls with them. You can send texts, take photos and videos, listen to the radio and connect to the Internet. When you are online, you can watch movies, send emails, play games ... and much more. In the future, smart phones are going to get thinner, like paper, and they are going to get even smarter!

Example:

1.Alexander Graham Bell invented the first telephone.

Country: UK

Year: 1876

2.Dr. Martin Cooper invented the cell phone.

Country:

Year:

3.The first cellular network started.

Country:

Year:

4.People sent text messages.

Country:

Year:

## Part V – Writing

Write about your plans for next weekend. What are you going to do?