



10. Установите соответствие тем 1 - 8 текстам А- G. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую **ЦИФРУ** только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя. Запишите **цифры** в клетки задания 10

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. No way down | 5. A lifelong ambition |
| 2. An incredible report | 6. A bright idea |
| 3. Free as a bird | 7. Heading for the clouds |
| 4. Under arrest | 8. A difficult rescue |

- A.** Larry Walters was a lorry driver, but he had always wanted to fly. After leaving school, he wanted to become an Air Force pilot, but unfortunately, he was turned down because of his poor sights. So, he liked sitting backyard in his garden chair, he dreamed about the magic of flying. Then one day Larry came across an advertisement in the local paper and realized there was a way of making his dreams come true.
- B.** He went to a special store and bought forty-five weather balloons which are filled by helium. His plan was to float lazily into the sky and spend the afternoon sunning himself 10 m above his girlfriend's garden before eventually coming back down to earth. When he returned home, he attached the balloons to his garden chair, tied the chair to his car and filled the balloons. Then he packed a few sandwiches and drinks and took his air gun so that he could burst a few balloons when it was time to return to earth.
- C.** When his preparations were complete, Larry sat in his chair and cut the cord. But he made a mistake in his calculations and things did not turn out quite as he had planned. He did not float up as gently as he had expected; within seconds, he passed the 10 m altitude that he had hoped to reach, rising quickly to 30 m and then 300 m. He climbed and went on climbing until he finally leveled off at 3,000 m.
- D.** At that height he didn't want to risk shooting any of the balloons because he was afraid it might unbalance his aircraft and send him crashing to the ground. So, he stayed up there among the clouds, sailing around for fourteen hours, desperately trying to come up with a solution to the problem of how to get back to earth.
- E.** Eventually, many hours later, he drifted into the main approach corridor for Los Angeles International Airport. Fortunately, A Pan Am flight passed him and air traffic control was alerted. The pilots from few planes explained that they had just seen an armed man floating in a garden chair at 3,000 m just outside the planes. Radar confirmed the existence of an unidentified flying object above the airport and the authorities sent for a Navy helicopter to investigate.
- F.** As night began to fall, offshore breezes began to blow Larry out to sea, and when the helicopter arrived, the wind from the propeller kept pushing his home-made aircraft further away. Eventually, they hovered several hundred metres above him and managed to drop down a line, with which they were able to pull him gradually back to safety.
- G.** As soon as Larry hit the ground, he was taken away by the police and charged with invading Los Angeles' International Airspace. But as he was being led away in handcuffs, a television reporter called out, 'Why did you do it?' Larry stopped, looked at the man and explained. 'I've been dreaming of flying for years. I just got tired of waiting'.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

11. Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **A — F** частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами **1 — 7**. Одна из частей в списке **1 — 7** лишняя. Занесите **цифры**, обозначающие соответствующие части предложения, в клетки задания **11** без пробелов и знаков препинания.

I drove through a snow-whitened landscape towards the Grand Canyon. It was hard to believe that this was the last week of April. Mists and fog swirled about the road. I could see nothing at the sides and ahead of me except the occasional white smear of oncoming headlights. By the time I reached the entrance to Grand Canyon National Park and paid the 5\$ admission, **A** _____ thick white flakes so big that their undersides carried shadows.

The road through the park followed the southern lip of the canyon for thirty miles. Two or three times I stopped in lay-bys and went to the edge to peer hopefully into the silent murk, **B** _____, just beyond my nose, but I couldn't see anything. The fog was everywhere — threaded among the trees, adrift on the roadsides, **C** _____.

Afterwards I trudged towards the visitors' centre, perhaps 200 yards away, but before I got there I came across a snow-spattered sign announcing a look-out point half a mile away along a trail through the woods, and **D** _____, mostly just to get some air. The path was slippery and took a long time to traverse, but on the snow stopped falling and the air felt clean time and refreshing. Eventually I came to a platform of rocks, **E** _____. There was no fence to keep you back from the edge, so I shuffled cautiously over and looked down, but could see nothing but grey soup. A middle-aged couple came along and as we stood chatting about what a dispiriting experience this was, a miraculous thing happened. The fog parted. It just silently drew back, like a set of theatre curtains opened, and suddenly we saw that we were on the edge of a sheer, **F** _____.

The scale of the Grand Canyon is almost beyond comprehension. It is ten miles across, a mile deep, 180 miles long.

1. rising steamily off the pavement
2. giddy drop of at least a thousand feet
3. snow was dropping heavily again
4. is the thing that carved it
5. knowing that the canyon was out there
6. impulsively I went down it
7. marking the edge of the canyon

A	B	C	D	E	F

12-18 Прочитайте текст и выполните задания **12-18** отметьте на карточке вариант, соответствующий номеру выбранного вами варианта ответа.

Now, America is as modern place as you find in all the world, I imagine. But when you travel a few miles into Pennsylvania from Philadelphia and entre a place called Lancaster Country, you could believe you had travelled back in time to last century and even beyond. For that is where the Amish established themselves and held fast to their customs and beliefs. They are farming people who are immediately recognizable by their unusual dress — severe black suits for the men, long skirts and bob caps for the women, since it seems the heads must be covered at all times, even the children's. The men wear broad — brimmed black hats for best and straw ones for working. They will not use electricity or motor-propelled vehicles of any kind; they work the land with horses and light their homes with kerosene lamps and candles. I have to confess that I lived something of an Amish life for many years in Badersdale, but not through choice.

Lancaster Country was very rural. And down every narrow lane you could see half a dozen of those strange, black, horse-drawn buggies, totally enclosed and usually driven by an old, white-bearded man. The Amish are people whose ancestors came from Switzerland in the sixteenth century. The community living in Lancaster country came from Germany and still spoke a Rhine dialect. Indeed, the children do not begin to learn English until they start -their education, and even then, they go to one-room Amish schools. And from a very young age they are all given jobs to do in the home or on the farm, which gives them even less time to mix with non-Amish children. After baptism, you cannot marry outside the faith. Owning motorized transport is banned because cars would give youngsters a chance to travel and experience other ways. You could not go on a horse and buggy. Sunday worship is held in one of their homes, and the location is known only to the Amish, week by week. Apparently, the services start at 11 a.m. and last for three hours.

The time when the standard Amish day starts is 4.30 a.m. and the milking goes on until breakfast at seven. Half an hour later the children are sent off to school, which starts at eight, and then the men start work until lunch is served by the women at eleven. Around three in the afternoon the final milking of the day begins. That is followed by supper, and by seven-thirty most farmers are in bed.

12. The Amish people are unusual for us because _____

- 1) they wear black clothes.
- 2) they don't use any modern conveniences.
- 3) they live far away.
- 4) they are occupied with farming.

13. Their heads must be covered _____

- 1) when it is hot.
- 2) when it is cold.
- 3) when they want.
- 4) all the time.

14. A buggy is a cart which is drawn by _____

- 1) engine.
- 2) horse.
- 3) donkey.
- 4) man.

15. The Amish community speaks German because _____

- 1) they don't know English.
- 2) they came from Switzerland.
- 3) they keep their customs this way.
- 4) Baptists speak only this language.

16. Every _____ in the Amish community must work.

- 1) man
- 2) adult
- 3) couple
- 4) person

17. The Amish people get up _____

- 1) when they want.
- 2) when the sun rises.
- 3) very early.
- 4) at seven o'clock.

18. They milk their cows _____

- 1) in the morning.
- 2) twice a day.
- 3) in the evening.
- 4) at day time.

19-24. Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **19-24**, так чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы. **(ПЕЧАТНЫМИ ЗАГЛАВНЫМИ БУКВАМИ, без пробелов и знаков препинания!)**

My friend Clare has a big problem. She's a shopaholic and spends all her free time shopping.

She **19** _____ things for last few years which she can't really afford at all. Whenever she goes out, her mother warns her: 'You mustn't go near any shops today!'

You should be **20** _____ with your money!

Remember, you **21** _____ go on holiday next summer if you have no money.' But Clare can't stop herself spending! Last week, for example, we went swimming. On the way to the pool, we passed a shop window and Clare saw a swimming costume.

She **22** _____ buy another costume as she already has a really nice one, but she bought it anyway. I couldn't stop her. She used all her pocket money to buy it, of course. When she got home, she was really embarrassed.

She had to bring herself to tell her mother what she **23** _____

Now she's old enough. Clare is waiting to get her own credit card. The reason is this: if you have a credit card, you needn't wait until you have enough cash to buy something. But I'm worried. If Clare can't control her spending now, how will it be able to control her when she has a credit card?

If I **24** _____ her, I wouldn't get any credit card.

BUY

**CAREFUL
NOT/CAN**

NOT/MUST

DO

BE

25-29. Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами после номеров 25 - 29 так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 25-29.

Happy at work?	
A survey this week reveals that a surprising number of people are not gaining enough 25 _____ from their work. More than a quarter of those interviewed said that 26 _____ was the biggest factor in why they disliked work, while 10% said their initial enthusiasm for their jobs had quickly been replaced by a strong sense of 27 _____.	SATISFY BORE
Many people questioned commented on how tiring they found their jobs, with longer hours and more pressure resulting in feeling of constant 28 _____. Experts have described the findings of this survey as «very worrying for all employers.»	APPOINT ANXIOUS
However, they also believe that the 29 _____ could be fairly simple.	SOLVE
Employers would see great improvement if they valued their workers more and created a relaxed and happy environment for people to work in.	

30-36. Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами **30-36**. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям **30-36**, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов.

A bright future for e-retailing

Four volunteers recently took part in an unusual experiment. They spent five days **(30)**_____ in their rooms in a London youth hostel with nothing as a credit card and **(31)**_____ to the Internet. They wanted to find out how long they will survive without having to pop in to their local supermarket or department store.

There has been an **(32)**_____ increase in what is called 'e-commerce' since the late 1990s. You can now buy almost everything via the Internet, from pizzas to leading designer labels. That's true: the Internet gives you great choice. If you need a new outfit, for example, you can travel the world to see what's they **(33)**_____ in clothing stores from London to Los Angeles for no more than the cost of a phone call.

Web shops are open 24 hours a day, which allow you to choose the **(34)**_____ you want and pay instantly. Of course, you then have to wait for delivery — and that's where the problems can start. Buying groceries on the Internet seems to be the perfect solution **(35)**_____ people who hate supermarket shopping. But when it comes to that designer outfit you order for next week's party, be prepared for the **(36)**_____ that it will not reach you in time. Delivery times can be up to four weeks.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| 30. | 1) closed | 2) took | 3) blocked | 4) locked |
| 31. | 1) exit | 2) enter | 3) access | 4) entrance |
| 32. | 1) enormous | 2) very | 3) so | 4) lot of |
| 33. | 1) give | 2) suggest | 3) offer | 4) attend |
| 34. | 1) products | 2) goods - | 3) things | 4) purchases |
| 35. | 1) for | 2) of | 3) with | 4) by |
| 36. | 1) news | 2) event | 3) result | 4) fact |