COLEGIO SAN JOSE
JESUITAS – AREQUIPA

NAME: _____

6G Speaking

Planning a holiday

I can discuss and plan a holiday trip.



1 SPEAKING Describe the photo. Where are the people? What are they doing?

2 VOCABULARY Check the meaning of the tourist attractions below. Which are places and which are events?

Tourist attractions art gallery carnival church concert festival monument musical safari park old town opera house park restaurant shopping district square theatre

3 2.27 Read the task below. Then listen to a candidate doing the task. Which attractions from exercise 2 do they mention?

You are planning a trip to London with a friend. Discuss the trip with your friend and agree on:
- accommodation in London.
- the tourist attractions you will visit.
- places to eat.
- the best way to travel around.

4 KEY PHRASES Look at the phrases for making suggestions (1–6) and say what follows them: a) verb + *-ing*, b) infinitive with *to*, c) infinitive without *to*.

Making suggestions

1 Shall we ... ? ☐
2 Let's ... ☐
3 Do you fancy ... ? ☐
4 Why don't we ... ? ☐
5 What about ... ? ☐
6 It would be nice ... ☐
7 We could always ... ☐

5 KEY PHRASES Complete the phrases with the words below.

both good keen like mind not rather really sounds suggestion sure that think

Accepting a suggestion

That [1] _____ like a great idea.
What a [2] _____ idea!
I [3] _____ that idea.
That's a [4] _____ good plan.
Yes. Why [5] _____ ?
Let's do [6] _____ .

Declining a suggestion

I'm not [7] _____ about that.
I don't [8] _____ that's a great idea.
I'm not very [9] _____ on that idea.
I'd [10] _____ not.

Expressing no preference

I don't [11] _____ .
Either [12] _____ is fine by me.
They're [13] _____ good ideas.

6 2.27 Listen again. Which phrases from exercises 4 and 5 did the speakers use?

7 SPEAKING Work in pairs. Take turns to make suggestions using the prompts below. Your partner either accepts the suggestion, or declines it and suggests something else. Use expressions in exercises 4 and 5.

go to an Indian restaurant get some pizza
stay in an expensive hotel book the hotel in advance
hire bicycles in the city visit the science museum
go on an out-of-town excursion travel by underground

➤➤ Vocabulary Builder City tourism: page 120

Speaking Strategy

If you don't understand something someone has said, don't panic! Ask for clarification. You can use these phrases:
- *Pardon?*
- *Could you repeat that, please?*
- *Sorry, did you say ... ?*
- *Sorry, what does 'tourist attraction' mean?*

8 2.28 Read the Speaking Strategy. Then listen to another candidate doing the task in exercise 3. How many times does the candidate ask for clarification? Which words did she not understand?

9 Work in pairs. Read the task below and make notes.

Student A: You are the tourist.
Student B: You live near the famous town.
You are planning a trip with a friend to a famous town in your country. Discuss the trip with your friend and agree on:
- the best way to travel around.
- the best places to eat.
- tourist attractions you will visit.
- out-of-town excursions that you will go on.

10 SPEAKING Role-play a conversation to the class.

LIVEWORKSHEETS