

Unit 5- Festivals in Vietnam
Vocabulary and grammar

I. Mark the stress for these words

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|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. congratulation | 2. procession | 3. musician | 4. vegetarian |
| 5. magician | 6. electrician | 7. companion | 8. confusion |
| 9. preservation | 10. competition | 11. politician | 12. historian |
| 13. production | 14. generation | 15. tradition | 16. Canadian |
| 17. physician | 18. pedestrian | 19. librarian | 20. communication |

II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

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|--------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. a. reunion | b. ceremony | c. performance | d. procession |
| 2. a. oriental | b. politician | c. celebration | d. questionable |
| 3. a. anniversary | b. explanation | c. traditional | d. electrician |
| 4. a. specialities | b. activities | c. impression | d. technician |
| 5. a. lantern | b. companion | c. Christian | d. incense |

VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Complete the sentences with the correct words. Use the pictures as a clue.

archway lantern reunion offerings ceremony anniversary
procession performance carnival ritual

1. Their wedding _____ was held in the county park.
2. This is the band's first live _____ since last year.
3. Buddhist monks perform a prayer _____ in the main hall of the pagoda.
4. We went through a stone _____ into the garden.
5. The _____ in Rio de Janeiro is a festival held every year and considered the biggest in the world.
6. Hoi An _____ Festival takes place monthly – on the 14th day of each lunar month.
7. Our grandparents celebrated their 50th wedding _____ last week.
8. We have a family _____ every New Year's Day.



9. Lots of people poured down the street to watch a colourful _____ of dragon dances, lion dances.



10. Many people visit the shrines to make _____ of fruit or rice to the gods.



II. Complete the sentences with the correct form or tense of the verbs from the box.

worship preserve cheer offer pray commemorate perform float

1. *Quan ho* singing is _____ in traditional festivals in Bac Ninh.
2. On Tet holiday, Vietnamese people _____ their ancestors a five-fruit tray.
3. I enjoy going to Huong Pagoda and _____ Buddha.
4. The book will be published in October to _____ the 100th anniversary of Morris's death.
5. The crowds are shouting and _____ to encourage their teams.
6. We should _____ our tradition and culture for future generations.
7. Lotus lanterns are _____ on the small river in the old town.
8. On the first day of the New Year, we visit the temples _____ for good fortune and health.

III. State whether the following sentences are simple, complex or compound.

1. The Elephant Racing Festival is the biggest cultural festival in Tay Nguyen.
2. You can either choose to ride in a cable car up to the pagoda or walk up.
3. We first learned to sing *quan ho* when we were between 15 and 17.
4. The oarsmen are encouraged by the sounds of drums and the cheering crowds while they are racing.
5. Maya doesn't follow the procession, but she supports the dancing team.
6. Hundreds of thousands of people gather on the two banks of the river to watch the Ngo junk race.
7. Ngo junk race is a community sports which enhance unity among Khmer people from villages.
8. Even though many people come to Buon Don to ride the elephants, a lot of them fail to witness the Elephant Racing Festival.
9. Tet is the most important festival in Vietnam; therefore, most Vietnamese return home for Tet.
10. They played together as a team very well; however, they didn't win the race.
11. After taking a boat to the mountain, we can take a cable car up.
12. It was an exciting festival, so I felt very lucky to participate in it.
13. Last year, I went to Huong Pagoda with my family and friends.

IV. Complete each sentence using the correct conjunction from the parenthesis.

1. He's overweight, _____ he continues to eat lots of cakes and biscuits. (and, so, yet)
2. I've drunk six cups of coffee today, _____ I've got a headache. (and, so, but)
3. The lesson finished, _____ everyone went home. (and, or, but)
4. We're making good progress, _____ we've still got a long way to go. (but, so, or)
5. The climate is getting warmer. Maybe it's natural, _____ maybe it's caused by us. (and, but, or)
6. Maria didn't do any revision, _____ she didn't pass the exam. (but, so, or)
7. To get to Vancouver, you can fly, _____ you can ride the ferry. (and, or, yet)
8. I'm afraid of heights, _____ I appreciate the view from the top of this building. (and, yet, so)
9. It isn't in a very nice part of town, _____ it's a good restaurant. (but, and, so)
10. I found it hard to follow what the teacher was saying, _____ eventually I lost concentration. (yet, and, or)

V. Join the two sentences using the conjunctive adverbs in the box.

however nevertheless moreover therefore otherwise

1. My penpal has lived in the Alps all his life. He has never learnt to ski.

2. You need to work harder. You won't get a passing grade.

3. Roberta didn't have all the ingredients to bake a cake. She decided to prepare something else.

4. I was not confident of winning. I decided to give it a try.

5. I had a problem with my bike. I was late for school.

6. Drinking and driving is against the rules. It's dangerous.

7. We were supposed to go dancing after dinner. We went home instead.

8. Milos said his English is terrible. He got a 9.0 on his IELTS Writing test.

10. Remember to use sun cream when you go down to the beach. You'll get sunburnt within half an hour.

10. Diet and exercise will help you lose weight. It is good for your health.

VI. Complete each sentence with *and, but, so, or, moreover, however, therefore, or otherwise*.

1. You must do your homework; _____, you might get a bad grade.
2. He's seventy-two, _____ he still swims, runs and plays football regularly.
3. John studied hard for the math exam; _____ he got an A+.
4. Do you want a cup of tea, _____ would you prefer coffee?
5. Smoking gives you bad breath. _____, it is harmful to your health.
6. There are many learning English websites; _____, some of them are not free.
7. I like to read, _____ my grammar is always on-point.
8. I hope you are feeling better _____ will be back at college soon.
9. Engineering is an interesting career. _____, you have to be good at maths.
10. To be a doctor you have to study biology, _____ chemistry is also important.

VII. Combine a clause in column A with a clause in column B to make complex sentences.

A

1. Before I have breakfast,
2. They were talking
3. Although he worked very hard,
4. Since Joe has high blood pressure,
5. Never look down on anybody
6. After he finished his homework,
7. When he finished his degree,

- e. they order a hamburger and fries.
f. if he keeps exercising.
g. he has to watch what he eats.

8. George was obviously in a bad mood,
9. He'll be able to maintain a healthy weight
10. Whenever they eat at this restaurant

B

- a. his parents let him play video games.
b. Matt got a job in a software company.
c. because he didn't even say good morning.
d. unless you're helping him up.
h. he didn't manage to pass the exam.
i. I spend half an hour doing exercises.
j. while the teacher was explaining the lesson.