

HSK 2 Lesson 1 text 2 worksheets A (e-c)

14 Matching questions

- | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | afternoon | A. 啊 (a) ^{1-14 of 14} |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | together | B. 好啊 (hǎo a) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | we, us | C. 足球 (zúqiú) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | a sentence-final particle of exclamation, interrogation, etc. | D. 什么 (shénme) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | (to play soccer) | E. 我 (wǒ) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sports | F. 喜欢 (xǐ huan) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | soccer | G. 一起 (yìqǐ) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | I, me | H. 运动 (yùndòng) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | you | I. 我们 (wǒmen) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | to like | J. 吧 (ba) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | good! (agreeing) | K. 你 (nǐ) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | what | L. 下午 (xià wǔ) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | | M. 踢足球 (tī zúqiú) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | to kick | N. 踢 (tī) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | expression to indicate suggestion | |

12 Written questions

Definition

I, me

Definition

a sentence-final particle of exclamation, interrogation, etc.

Definition

afternoon

Definition

what

Term

一起 (yìqǐ)

Definition

good! (agreeing)

Term

踢 (tī)

Definition

expression to indicate suggestion

Definition

(to play soccer)

Definition

soccer

Definition

sports

Definition

you

5 True/False questions

Term

你 (nǐ)

- True
 False

Definition

to kick

- True
 False

Definition

what

- True
 False

Term

足球 (zúqiú)

- True
 False

Term

我们 (wǒmen)

- True
 False

Definition

to kick

Term

踢 (tī)

Term

什么 (shénme)

Definition

soccer

Definition

we, us

5 Multiple choice questions

Definition

good, well, fine

- 好(hǎo)
 好啊 (hǎo a)
 吧 (ba)
 踢 (tī)

Definition

afternoon

- 好啊 (hǎo a)
 喜欢 (xǐ huan)
 下午 (xià wǔ)
 一起 (yìqǐ)

Term

踢足球 (tī zúqiú)

- good! (agreeing)
 soccer
 to like
 (to play soccer)

Listen to audio and put the words in right order (by 1,2,3.....) :

- | | |
|---|---|
| [] 运动 sports | [] 踢足球 to play soccer |
| [] 一起 together | [] 喜欢 to like |
| [] 下午 afternoon | [] 吧 expression to indicate suggestion |
| [] 踢 to kick | [] 足球 soccer |
| [] 啊 a sentence-final particle of exclamation, interrogation, etc. | |
| [] 好 good, well, fine | [] 好啊 good! (agreeing) |
| [] 什么 what | [] 你 you |
| [] 我 I, me | [] 我们 we, us |



Vocabulary expansion

Vocabulary list:

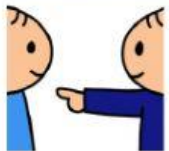
运动 (yùndòng) sports	踢 (tī) to kick
足球 (zúqiú) soccer	一起 (yìqǐ) together
你 (nǐ) you	我 (wǒ) I, me
我们 (wǒmen) we, us	

Please provide pinyin to the red highlighted words and translate the sentences into English:

我, 我们

___ hé ___ qù lǚyóu ma?
你 和 我们 一起 去 旅游 吗?

你



___ shì ___ zuì hǎo de péngyǒu.
你 是 我 最好 的 朋友。

___ míngtiān xiàwǔ qù ___ de jiā.
我们 明天 下午 去 你 的家。

Writing sentence in Chinese to include “你”, “我” or “我们”

足球

Yīgè ___
一个 足球

Bù ___
不 踢 足球

踢



___ zuì xǐhuān de ___ shì ___ ne
我 最 喜欢 的 运动 是 踢 足球, 你 呢?

Writing a sentence in Chinese to include “踢足球”

一起

_____ qù lǚyóu
一起 去 旅游

_____ kànshū
一起 看书

_____ hé tóngxuémen _____ qù xuéxiào _____
我 和 同学们 一起 去 学校 踢 足球。

Making a sentence in Chinese to include “一起”

运动

_____ 足球 运动

_____ xǐhuān shénme _____
你 喜欢 什么 运动?

Míngtiān _____ hé _____ qù _____ ba
明天 你 和 我们 一起 去 运动 吧



Making a sentence in Chinese to include “运动”

Word search: find 5 characters

	a	b	c	d	e
1	旅	为	我	最	得
2	球	游	你	也	踢
3	运	一	要	祢	们
4	什	觉	起	么	喜
5	足	云	怎	动	欢

e.g. Like 4 - e, 5 - e

- to travel
- soccer
- we, us
- sports
- to feel; to think
- to want
- why
- Most
- also, too
- I, me
- Together
- you
- to kick
- Play football

Study the text

A. Listening to the audio 3 times and fill in the blanks with pinyin, translate the texts into English :

_____ xǐhuān shénme _____ ?

A: 你 喜欢 什么 运动?

_____ zuì xǐhuān _____

B: 我 最 喜欢 踢 足球。

Xiàwǔ _____ qù _____ ba.

A: 下 午 我 们 一 起 去 踢 足 球 吧。

Hǎo a!

B: 好 啊!



B. Answer the questions based on the above dialogue in Chinese:

zùi xǐhuān shénme _____

1. The speaker B 最 喜欢 什么 运 动? _____

Tāmen shénme shíhòu qù _____

2. 他们 什么 时候 去 踢足球? _____

xiàwǔ xiǎng qù _____ ma

3. The speaker B 下午 想 去 踢足球吗? _____

C. Assuming you are B in the above dialogue, rewrite the dialogue as a narrative (not a dialogue) in Chinese, e. g. what sport do you like most, what are you going to do in the afternoon, with who

Language points review

要 Yào

Answer the questions based on the picture in Chinese, please include “要” :

Māmā _____ mǎi shénme

1. 妈妈 要 买 什么?



Dà wèi _____ qù nǎ'èr

2. 大卫 要 去 哪儿?



Tāmen _____ qù xuéxiào zuò shénme

3. 他们 要 去 学校 做 什么?



Listening exercise

Listen to the audio and write down what you hear in Chinese and answer the questions:

1.
Chinese character or Pinyin: _____

Answer the question: _____

2.
Chinese character or Pinyin: _____

Answer the question: _____

3.
Chinese character or Pinyin: _____

Answer the question: _____

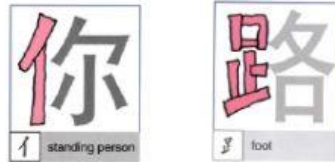
4.
Chinese character or Pinyin: _____

Answer the question: _____

Listening and put the words in right order (by 1,2,3...), there are more words provided than in the audio:

足 [] 一起 [] 踹 [] 运动 []
 球 [] 这动 [] 足球 [] 你 []
 踢 [] 找 [] 我 [] 祢 []
 藁 [] 我们 [] 踢足球 [] 跳足球 []

Chinese Radicals



偏旁 Radical	解释 Explanation	例字 Example Characters
足	足字旁，一般和脚有关系。 The radical “足” is usually related to one’s feet.	跑 pǎo to run 踢 tī to kick
亻	单人旁，一般和人有关系。 The radical “亻” is usually related to a person.	你 nǐ (singular) you 他 tā he, him

Exercise

Find the meaning of the words below with radicals “足” and “亻” and see if they are related to the explanation of the radical.

- 他 tā ()
- 跑步 pǎobù ()
- 仇人 chóurén ()
- 仁 rén ()
- 仆人 púrén ()
- 蹄子 tízi ()
- 休息 xiūxi ()
- 跳舞 tiàowǔ ()
- 踹 chuài ()
- 什么 Shénme ()

Your conclusion : _____