

Name :

Class :

Read the following text and then answer the questions by clicking the correct option.

Recycling is a collecting, processing, and reusing material that would otherwise be thrown away. Materials ranging from precious metals to broken glass, from old newspapers to plastic spoons, can be recycled. The recycling process reclaims the original material and uses it in new products.

In general, using recycled materials to make new products costs less and requires less energy than using new materials. Recycling can also reduce pollution, either by reducing the demand for high-pollution alternatives or by minimizing the amount of pollution produced during the manufacturing process. Paper products that can be recycled include cardboard containers, wrapping paper, and office paper. The most commonly recycled paper product is newsprint. In newspaper recycling, old newspapers are collected and searched for contaminants such as plastic bags and aluminum foil. The paper goes to a processing plant where it is mixed with hot water and turned into pulp in a machine that works much like a big kitchen blender. The pulp is screened and filtered to remove smaller contaminants. The pulp then goes to a large vat where the ink separates from the paper fibers and floats to the surface. The ink is skimmed off, dried and reused as ink or burned as boiler fuel. The cleaned pulp is mixed with new wood fibers to be made into paper again.

Experts estimate the average office worker generates about 5 kg of wastepaper per month. Every ton of paper that is recycled saves about 1.4 cu m (about 50 cu ft) of landfill space. One ton of recycled paper saves 17 pulpwood trees (trees used to produce paper).

1. What is the purpose of the text?
 - A. To explain how or why something happens.
 - B. To entertain the readers with great stories.
 - C. To discuss a certain issue in our society.
 - D. To tell how to do things correctly.
 - E. To give arguments about an important issue.

2. The following things can be recycled, EXCEPT ____
 - A. Precious metals
 - B. Broken glass
 - C. Old newspapers
 - D. Plastic spoons
 - E. Fresh vegetables and fruits

3. Which of the following is NOT the benefit of recycling?
 - A. It costs much money for the process of recycling
 - B. It costs less to make new products
 - C. It requires less energy
 - D. It can reduce pollution
 - E. It reduces the demand for high-pollution alternatives

4. What is the third step of recycling paper products?
- A. Collect and search for contaminants such as plastic bags and aluminum foil.
 - B. Mix the paper with hot water in a blender which turns it into pulp.
 - C. Screen and filter the pulp to remove smaller contaminants.
 - D. Put the pulp to a large vat to separate the ink from the paper fibers.
 - E. Mix the pulp with new wood fibers to be made into paper again.
5. “Recycling can also **reduce** pollution ____” The antonym of the bold underlined word is ____
- A. increase
 - B. insert
 - C. decrease
 - D. involve
 - E. give
6. We can make use of the ink after being separated from the paper fibers by doing the followings, EXCEPT ____
- A. Skim it off
 - B. Mix it with the pulp
 - C. Reuse as ink
 - D. Burn as boiler fuel
 - E. Dry it
7. The best title for the text above is ____
- A. The preparation of recycling
 - B. How to mix raw materials
 - C. Recycling
 - D. How to recycle well
 - E. The things to be recycled