Word formation

For questions **17–24**, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap **in the same line**. There is an example at the beginning (**0**).

Brain games

According to experts, doing puzzles keeps our brains fit and (**0**) healthy. **HEALTH**

As well as gaining **(17)** ..... from finding the correct answer to a difficult problem, we give our brains a good workout in the process. To help us do this, all sorts of handheld 'brain games' are now available in the shops, and the most **(18)** ..... games have sold in their millions. **SATISFY** **SUCCESS**

What's more, people **(19)** ..... that the more they play the games, the easier it is to find a **(20)** ..... to the problems posed. They see this as proof that there has been an **(21)** ..... in the power of their brains. Unfortunately, however, this may be a false impression. **COVER** **SOLVE** **IMPROVE**

Some **(22)** ..... argue that the brain gets better at any task the more often it is repeated. In other words, the improvement in the **(23)** ..... of the brain is something that happens naturally. **SCIENCE** **PERFORM**

So although these brain games are obviously fun to play, it remains **(24)** ..... whether they are actually helping to boost brainpower or not. **CERTAIN**

17) _____ 18)_____ 19)_____ 20)_____

21) _____ 22)_____ 23)_____ 24)_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS