Word formation

For questions **17–24**, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap **in the same line**. There is an example at the beginning (**0**).

Brain games

According to experts, doing puzzles keeps our brains fit and (**0**) healthy.	**HEALTH**
As well as gaining **(17)** ..... from finding the correct answer	**SATISFY**
to a difficult problem, we give our brains a good workout in the	
process. To help us do this, all sorts of handheld 'brain games'	
are now available in the shops, and the most **(18)** ..... games	**SUCCESS**
have sold in their millions.	
What's more, people **(19)** ..... that the more they play the	**COVER**
games, the easier it is to find a **(20)** ..... to the problems	**SOLVE**
posed. They see this as proof that there has been an **(21)**	**IMPROVE**
in the power of their brains. Unfortunately, however, this may	
be a false impression.	
Some **(22)** ..... argue that the brain gets better at any task	**SCIENCE**
the more often it is repeated. In other words, the improvement	
in the **(23)** ..... of the brain is something that happens naturally.	**PERFORM**
So although these brain games are obviously fun to play, it	
remains **(24)** ..... whether they are actually helping to boost	**CERTAIN**
brainpower or not.	

17) _____ 18)_____ 19)_____ 20)_____

21) _____ 22)_____ 23)_____ 24)_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS