

UNIT 1.- THE LANDSCAPES OF SPAIN

1.- Complete:

The Earthcrust is...

- a) The _____ and _____.
- b) Made up of _____.
- c) Forms _____ and the _____.

OUTERMOST

SEABED

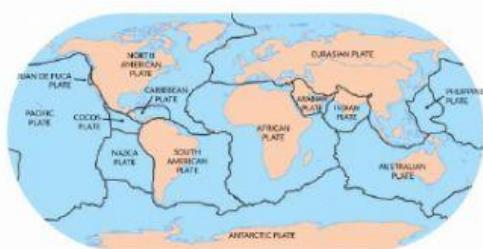
ROCKS

CONTINENTS

THINNEST

2.- Complete:

The Theory of the Tectonic Plates



More than 4 billions years ago there was only _____ continent which name was _____.

Movement of _____ caused the formation of the existing continents.

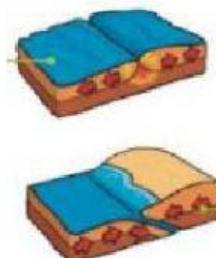
Causes:

- The force of _____.
- The Earth's _____.

3.- Match:

Plates that MOVE APART

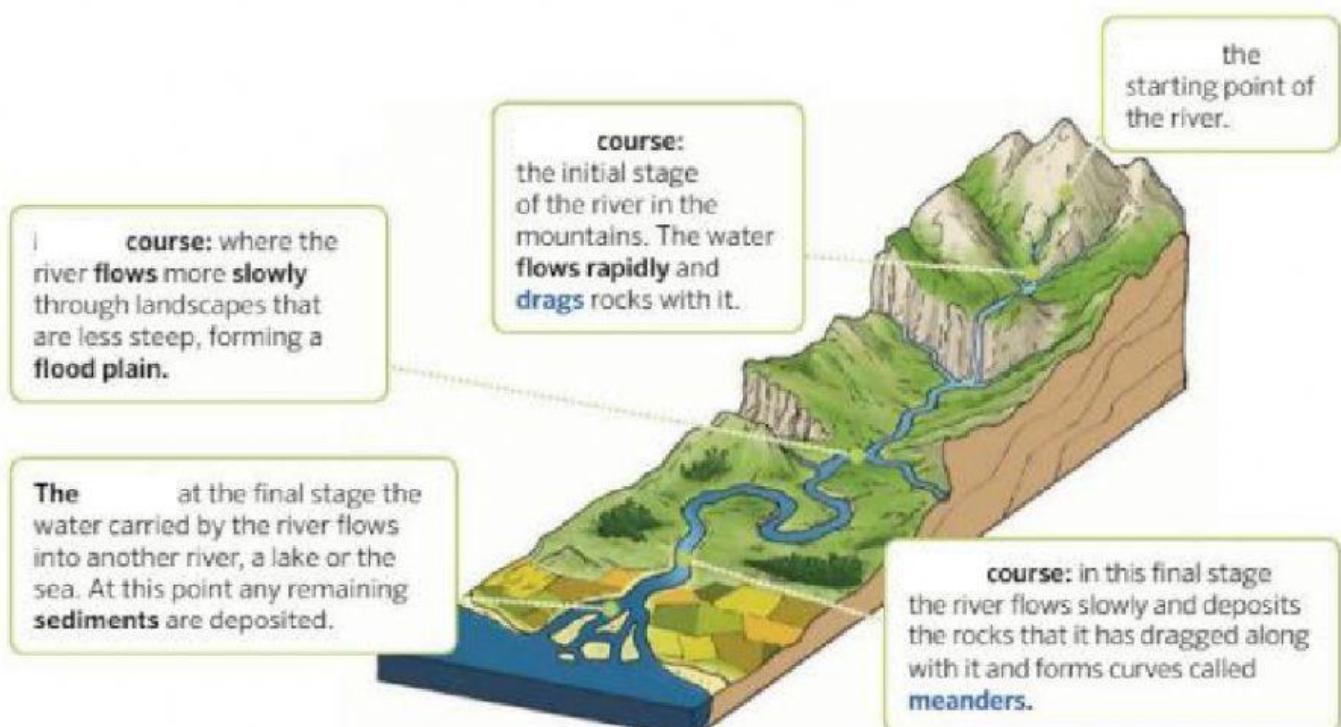
form EARTHQUAKES



Plates that SLIP UNDER

form VOLCANOES

4.- Complete the river stages:



5.- Match:

Length

Quantity of water the river flows

Water Flow

Distance between the source and mouth

Flow Régimen

Changes in the water flow along the year

6.- What is the watershed? Write Cantabrian, Atlantic or Mediterranean

<p>The rivers are short, the water flow is abundant, the flow regimen is regular.</p> <p>Eo, Navia, Narcea...</p>	<p>The Ebro is the longest river in Spain and one of the most abundant water flow.</p> <p>The rest are short, flooding in autumn with an irregular regimen.</p> <p>Júcar, Segura, Ter...</p>	<p>Galician rivers are short with an abundant water flow. The regimen is regular. Tambre, Ulla...</p> <p>Others are long and the water flow is different in summer and winter.</p> <p>Tajo, Guadiana, Guadalquivir...</p>

7.- Write T (True) or F (False):

The cantabrian coast has a rocky coast with many cliffs. _____

The Atlantic coast is made up of Galician, Andalsian and Islas Canarias Coast.

The mediterranean coast goes from Tarifa to Cabo de Gata. _____

8. Write the climate factors that affect to climate in Spain:

L _____

D _____

A _____

R _____