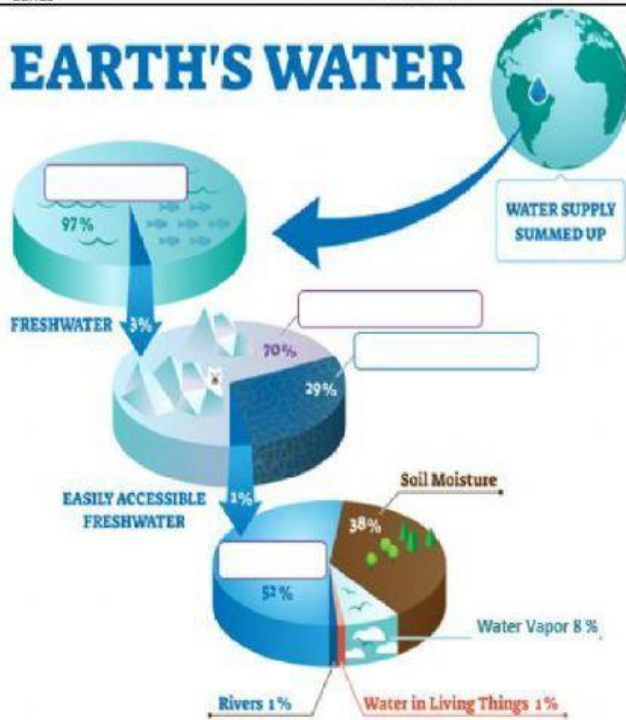


Q2. Use the words in the box to label the missing parts of the graphs that shows the distribution of Earth's water.

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| • Ice Caps and Glaciers | • Oceans |
| • Lakes | • Groundwater |



Q3. How can we use water?

- To improve the industry
- To make something beautiful
- To cook, clean, drink, water plants, etc.

Q4. What is the most important and abundant resource on Earth?

- Food
- Water
- Pollution

Q5. About ____% of the earth's water is salt water.

- 50%
- 70%
- 97%

Q6. Where can we find salt water?

- Rivers
- Lakes
- Oceans

Q7. Oceans are vast bodies of water covering ____% percent of the planet's surface.

- 50%
- 75%
- 71%

Q8. Water that is drinkable, or without salt:

- Saltwater
- Freshwater
- Mineral water

Q.9. Which of the following is the largest ocean on Earth's surface?

- a) Atlantic Ocean
- b) Pacific Ocean
- c) Indian Ocean
- d) Southern Ocean

Q.10. Which of the following term is defined as large bodies of ice that moves slowly across land?

- a) Glacier
- b) Groundwater
- c) Aquifer
- d) Runoff

Q.11. What percentage of the human body is made up of water?

- a) About 3 %
- b) About 10 %
- c) About 30 %
- d) About 70 %

Q.12. _____ is the gaseous state of water, as in steam.

- a) Aquifer
- b) Water vapor
- c) Deposition
- d) Runoff

Q.13. Which of the following term is defined as the process of water particles falling from the atmosphere back to the surface of Earth?

- a) Precipitation
- b) Condensation
- c) Evaporation
- d) Collection

Q14. Large areas of slow-moving ice are called:

- a) Mountains
- b) Glaciers
- c) Rivers

Q15. Water that is found in Earth's streams, rivers, and lakes:

- a) Saltwater
- b) Freshwater
- c) Surface water

Q16. Hail, sleet, snow, and rain are types of:

- a) Condensation
- b) Precipitation
- c) Evaporation

Q17. Water found below Earth's surface is called:

- a) Running water
- b) Freshwater
- c) Surface water
- d) Groundwater.

