

### 1. What is the formula for Boyle's Law?

$$P_1V_1=P_2V_2$$

$$P_1V_1/P_2V_2$$

$$P_1V_2=P_2V_1$$

$$P_1/V_1=P_2/V_2$$

### 2. There are 40 liters of helium in a balloon at 100 K. If the temperature of the balloon is increased to 200 K, what will the new volume of the balloon be?

$$80 \text{ L}$$

$$45 \text{ L}$$

$$54 \text{ L}$$

$$45.33 \text{ L}$$

### 3. What is the formula Charles' Law?

$$V = T$$

$$VT = VT$$

$$T_1 / V_1 = T_2 / V_2$$

$$V_1 / T_1 = V_2 / T_2$$

### 4. What is 50 C in Kelvin?

$$223$$

$$323$$

$$100$$

$$50$$

5. There are 40 liters of helium in a balloon at 100 K. If the temperature of the balloon is increased to 200 K, what will the new volume of the balloon be?

80 L

45 L

54 L

45.33 L

6. Charles' Law deals with what quantities?

pressure/temperature

pressure/volume

volume/temperature

volume/temperature/pressure

7. If the Kelvin temperature of a gas is doubled, the volume of the gas will increase by \_\_\_\_.

A factor of 2

A factor of 1

A factor of 3

A factor of 0.5

8. What is the unit for temperature under Charles' Law?

a. Kelvin

b. Celsius

c. Fahrenheit

D. Rankine