COLEGIO SAN JOSÉ
JESUITAS – AREQUIPA

NAME: _____

4B Grammar

Compound future tenses

I can use compound future tenses for predictions and suppositions.

1 Choose the correct compound future tense in these sentences.

1 At the end of this month, I'll be / have been looking for a job for exactly one year.
2 By the time my brother leaves school, I'll have finished / have been finishing university.
3 In fifty years, nobody will be using / have been using cash any longer.
4 If Chelsea win the final, how many times will they have won / be winning the FA Cup?
5 You can take my bike in the morning. I won't be using / have used it tomorrow.
6 Sam's train will be arriving / have been arriving at 4 p.m.; let's meet him at the station.
7 There won't be any food left if you arrive at 9 p.m. – we'll be eating / have eaten it all by then.
8 I'll be tired when I reach the hotel, as I'll have been travelling / be travelling since 5 a.m.

2 Read about the 'eco village'. Then use the prompts to write sentences in the future perfect simple or continuous or the future continuous.

ECO VILLAGE

- **2028** Designs finalised
- **2030** Building work starts
- **2035** Half the homes finished
- **2036** First residents arrive
- **2040** All homes finished



1 (2029 / start building work)
In 2029, they won't have started the building work.
2 (2033 / build / three years)
_____
3 (2036 / half the homes / be finished)
_____
4 (2036 / first residents / arrive)
_____
5 (2038 / the whole village / be built / yet)
_____
6 (2042 / the project / be complete)
_____

3 USE OF ENGLISH Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. Include a compound future tense.

1 I expect my brother has arrived in Spain by now.
My brother _____ in Spain by now.
2 I don't imagine Luke is enjoying the camping trip.
Luke _____ the camping trip.
3 I doubt they've been able to find the thieves.
They _____ the thieves.
4 I expect all the students have been sent home.
All the students _____ home.
5 I imagine she's studying hard for her exams.
She _____ her exams.
6 I don't expect this bike has been used much.
This bike _____ much.

4 Complete the dialogue. Use the future continuous, future perfect simple or future perfect continuous of the verbs in brackets. Include the adverbs, where given.



Sarah I can't believe Owen missed the train. Now we [1] _____ (spend) the night here in Milan while he's still stuck in Bergamo.
Ted It doesn't matter. He can get a train in the morning. We [2] _____ (definitely / not leave) for the airport until the afternoon.
Sarah He was in the café next to the station. What happened? Did he forget the time?
Ted I guess so. He [3] _____ (most likely / read) his book. You know what he's like ...
Sarah Now he's all alone.
Ted I'm sure he's fine. He [4] _____ (no doubt / find) a hostel in Bergamo by now.
Sarah But why isn't he replying to my messages?
Ted Oh, he [5] _____ (turn off) his phone by now. He always turns it off when he goes to bed.
Sarah That's so annoying. Now I [6] _____ (probably / worry) about him all night.
Ted Relax! Owen [7] _____ (not worry); he [8] _____ (sleep) peacefully!

LIVEWORKSHEETS