

High School. Colegio Patriarca San José.
Teacher: Lic. Roberto Bolaños Quesada.
Subject: Listening

Self-Study Guide.

BOOK. DEVELOPING LISTENING SKILLS.

UNIT 4. LAW. PART A

- | | |
|--------------|-------------------|
| a. arrest | i. trademark |
| b. pursue | j. courtroom |
| c. swear | k. trial |
| d. copyright | l. criminal |
| e. judge | m. jail |
| f. attorney | n. investigate |
| g. witness | o. jury |
| h. victim | p. commit a crime |

Vocabulary: Law

Picture Dictionary



Track 26

Write the letter of each word under the correct picture.



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____



5. _____ 6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____



9. _____ 10. _____ 11. _____ 12. _____



13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____ 16. _____

Words in Context



Read the definition and sample sentence for each word. Then think of your own sentence.

appeal v.	in law, to ask a higher court of law to reconsider a previous decision <i>His lawyer suggested appealing the decision so that he could get a shorter sentence.</i>
confess v.	to admit you have done something wrong <i>The teenager confessed to stealing from the company fund.</i>
deceive v.	to make someone believe something is true when it isn't in order to gain an advantage <i>The advertisement deceived many people.</i>
determine v.	to come to a conclusion <i>The police determined that John had taken the money.</i>
evidence n.	data used in court to prove that something is or is not true <i>The evidence clearly showed that she was guilty of murder.</i>
expertise n.	a high level of skill or knowledge <i>She was widely known for her expertise in project management.</i>
fraud n.	illegally gaining money or property by cheating people <i>He must return all the money he gained by fraud.</i>
guilty adj.	having broken a law <i>The jury took only two hours to find the criminal guilty.</i>
itemize v.	to list things separately <i>The police itemized all the things they found at the crime scene.</i>
lawsuit n.	the act of taking a disagreement to a court of law for a decision <i>The customer filed a lawsuit against the franchise when he found a nail in his burger.</i>

litigation n.	the process of going to court <i>The two companies settled out of court to avoid the cost of litigation.</i>
manipulate v.	to control someone or something to your advantage <i>The accountant manipulated the figures and stole the company's money.</i>
patent n.	a document giving the legal right to make or sell an invention for a particular number of years <i>Haven Electronics Co. owns the patents for several kinds of car parts.</i>
paralegal n.	a lawyer's assistant who has some legal training but is not a lawyer <i>The paralegal spent all night researching past court cases.</i>
testimony n.	the words spoken in court to say that something is true <i>The testimony he gave in court ensured the criminal was convicted.</i>

Listening Strategy: Words to Listen For

In the TOEIC®, you will be tested on your ability to respond to a question. Often, test makers will use distractors to try to confuse you. This is especially true of Part 2 of the test.

1. Repeated Words

If a word is repeated from the question, this is unlikely to be the answer.

Ex Did John commit the **crime**?

(A) **The police are still investigating.** → **the status of the crime: correct**

(B) What a **crime** to waste your time. → *What a crime* = What a pity!: unrelated

(C) **Crime** is common in my city. → uses the word **crime**, but does not answer the question

2. Similar Sounds

Sometimes words with similar sounds will be used to try to distract you.

Ex Is the paralegal **working** this weekend?

(A) He's **walking** on Sunday.

(B) **He works every weekend.** → **correct**

(C) He spent 3 hours filing last weekend.

Note Do not confuse the words *walking* and *working*.

3. Homonyms

Homonyms are words that have the same sound but different meaning and sometimes different spelling.

Ex Can you **hear** what his attorney is saying?

(A) **Not really. There is too much noise.** → **correct**

(B) **Here** is the attorney now.

(C) Let's talk over **here**.

Note Do not confuse the words *here* and *hear*.

4. Same Word, Different Meaning

You may also be distracted by words that have the same spelling and pronunciation, but have a different meaning.

Ex Who will be the **judge** during the trial?

(A) We can't **judge** how long the trial will be. → judge = verb, forming an opinion.

(B) The **judge** announced the winner. → judge = noun

(C) **Judge Henderson** → **name of the judge: correct**

5. Verb Tenses

Verb tenses can also be used to mislead you. You may hear an answer that would be correct but the verb tense is wrong.

Ex How long **was** he in jail?

(A) His punishment **is** 20 years. → present tense

(B) **He was released after 20 years.** → **past tense: correct**

(C) He **might be released** next year. → future / conditional form

Practice

A Listen to the question and check the correct response.  **Track 28**

1. _____ (A) No, he wasn't.
_____ (B) Yes, he was freed.
2. _____ (A) Not yet. She will be starting in the fall.
_____ (B) Yes, she finished studying last fall.
3. _____ (A) Yes, he did.
_____ (B) You should never swear.
4. _____ (A) Because of his expertise.
_____ (B) Because he can't do it.
5. _____ (A) I don't see the point.
_____ (B) I had to do jury duty.
6. _____ (A) Thank you. That would be nice.
_____ (B) Is this seat taken?
7. _____ (A) Yes, he sold them to a rival company.
_____ (B) Yes, he's a good sales person.
8. _____ (A) No, they were determined to win.
_____ (B) No, they are still investigating 

B Listen and choose the correct response. **Track 29**

1. (A) (B) (C)

2. (A) (B) (C)

3. (A) (B) (C)

4. (A) (B) (C)

5. (A) (B) (C)

"Self- assessment of my performance"			
Al terminar por completo el trabajo, autoevalúo el nivel de desempeño alcanzado.			
I type an (X) in the level that best represents my obtained performance in each indicator.			
Indicators of Learning The Student:	Performance Levels		
	To achieved: (Beginner) Learner is in process to achieve the task. Learner presents some issues.	In progress: (Intermediate) Learner can achieve the task with some difficulty and needs improvement.	Achieved: (Advanced) Learner can achieve the task without any difficulty.
recognizes specific information from audios related to the context of "LAW" when solving listening tasks.			