

High School. Colegio Patriarca San Jose.
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Subject: Listening/Speaking
Level: 9th Grade

UNIT 5. COLLEGE LIFE.

Listening Strategy: Words with Multiple Meanings

Some words have multiple meanings. The spelling and sounds of the words are identical, but the meaning changes. You can understand the meaning from the context. Listen carefully to the other words in the sentence. This will help you decide which meaning is used.

Some common words with multiple meanings:

back	in the previous place; at the rear; a body part	left	remaining; the opposite of <i>right</i>	free	not busy; having no cost
fine	good; a payment made as a punishment	light	a thing that makes a place bright; not heavy	check	a method of payment; to look carefully
sign	to write one's signature; a notice	room	a part of a building; space for more	point	a particular idea; to show a direction

Read the following examples:

Ex 1 Listen to the question and choose the correct response.

How are you doing in your biology class?

(A) I have to pay a fine.

Clue: *pay* → *fine* = a payment; unrelated to the topic of biology class

(B) It's a little hard to understand.

Clue: *hard* → *difficult* = hard to do; tells us about his experience in the class: **correct answer!**

(C) I don't have room for more.

Clue: *for more* → *room* = space for more; unrelated to the topic

(D) I sit at the back.

Clue: *sit* → *back* = at the rear (of the classroom); unrelated to how the speaker is doing in class

A Listen to the question or statement. Check the meaning used.  Track 35

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|----------|---|---|
| 1. point | <input type="checkbox"/> a particular idea | <input type="checkbox"/> to show a direction |
| 2. check | <input type="checkbox"/> a method of payment | <input type="checkbox"/> to look carefully |
| 3. room | <input type="checkbox"/> a part of a building | <input type="checkbox"/> space for more |
| 4. light | <input type="checkbox"/> not heavy | <input type="checkbox"/> something that makes things bright |
| 5. sign | <input type="checkbox"/> to write one's signature | <input type="checkbox"/> a notice |
| 6. fine | <input type="checkbox"/> good | <input type="checkbox"/> a payment made as a punishment |
| 7. free | <input type="checkbox"/> not busy | <input type="checkbox"/> having no cost |
| 8. left | <input type="checkbox"/> to leave (past) | <input type="checkbox"/> remaining |
| 9. back | <input type="checkbox"/> in the previous place | <input type="checkbox"/> a body part |

B Listen and choose the best answer.  Track 36

Dialog 1

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| <p>1. What is the woman's problem?</p> <p>(A) She can't write a check.
(B) She lost something.
(C) She's late for lab class.</p> | <p>2. Where will she go next?</p> <p>(A) To the laboratory
(B) To her room
(C) To the man's locker</p> |
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Dialog 2

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|--|--|
| <p>1. What does the woman have to do?</p> <p>(A) Study for a literature exam
(B) Go to the bookstore
(C) Give the library some money</p> | <p>2. What does the man think?</p> <p>(A) The woman should have more free time.
(B) The woman should have bought a book.
(C) The woman should not go to the library.</p> |
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"Self- assessment of my performance"			
<small>Al terminar por completo el trabajo, autoevalúo el nivel de desempeño alcanzado.</small>			
I type an (X) in the level that best represents my obtained performance in each indicator.			
Indicators of Learning	Performance Levels		
	To achieved (Beginner)	In progress (Intermediate)	Achieved (Advanced)
The student identifies the correct connotation of words with similar meaning by solving listening tasks.	Learner is in process to achieve the task. Learner presents some issues	Learner can achieve the task with some difficulty and needs improvement	Learner can achieve the task without any difficulty.