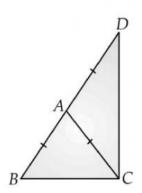


Concept_Grade-9_Triangles

Properties of Triangles

- ∆ABC is an isosceles right angled triangle in which ∠A = 90°.
 Calculate ∠B.
- 2. In $\triangle PQR$, PE is the perpendicular bisector of $\angle QPR$, then prove that PQ = PR.
- 3. ABC is an isosceles triangle with AB = AC. Draw AP \perp BC. Show that \angle B = \angle C.
- PS is an altitude of an isosceles triangle PQR in which PQ = PR. Show that PS bisects ∠P.
- 5. In a triangle ABC, X and Y are the points on AB and BC respectively. If BX = $\frac{1}{2}$ AB and BY = $\frac{1}{2}$ BC and AB = BC. Show that BX = BY.
- 6. Prove that each angle of an equilateral triangle is 60°.
- Triangle ABC is an isosceles triangle such that AB = AC. Side BA
 is produced to D, such that AD = AB. Show that BCD is a right
 angle.







8. In the figure, ABC is an isosceles triangle in which AB = AC and LM is parallel to BC. If ∠A = 50°, find ∠LMC.

