PRAGUE

Capital city of the Czech Republic with almost 1,3 million inhabitants / tenants and area of 496 km^2 / km^3. It is the largest city in Bohemia and the whole Czech Republic and is divided into 47 / 57 parts.

The historical centre of Prague was inscribed in the UNESCO list in 1989 / 1992 and encompasses the Prague Castle and Hradčany, Malá Strana (_____ _____) including Karlův Most (_____ _____), Staré Město (_____ _____) with Josefov (the preserved section of the former Jewish cemetery), Nové Město (_____ _____), Vyšehrad and each of the monuments within these areas.

According to the Guinness Book of World Records, Prague Castle is the largest coherent castle complex in the world, with an area of almost 70,000 m². Another famous site is the St. Vitus Cathedral. Visitors enter it through the portal in the western facade, opposite the passage-way between the Second and Third Courtyard of Prague Castle. Prague Castle is home to the president of Czechia but it isn't the only place where they can spend their time. The Lány Chateau situated in the midst of the Křivoklát forests is the official summer residence of the presidents of the Czech Republic. Unlike the surrounding park, the chateau is not open to the public.

DECIDE WHETHER THESE SENTENCES ARE TRUE OR FALSE.

The whole city of Prague is inscribed in the UNESCO list.	T x F
Lesser Side is a UNESCO heritage site.	T x F
St. Vitus Cahtedral is part of the Prague Castle complex.	T x F
The Chateau Lány is in Prague.	T x F
Presidents of the Czech Republic are allowed to stay in the Chateau Lány.	T x F
You can visit the park in the Chateau Lány.	T x F

MATCH THE NAMES OF THE SITES WITH THE PICTURES.

Astronomical Clock   Charles Bridge   Chateau Lány

Karlštejn Castle   National Theatre   Petřín Lookout Tower

Prague Castle   St. Vitus Cathedral   Vyšehrad