

Name: _____

Units 7-14 Test Prepare 2

LISTENING

1- Listen to five short conversations. Are the sentences right (R) or wrong (W)? (T.15)

- 1 William hasn't got a headache. _____
- 2 Susie has got a pain in her arm. _____
- 3 Carla's eye hurts. _____
- 4 Marek thinks his hand is broken. _____
- 5 Javi feels better. _____

2- Listen again. Complete the sentences from the conversations. Use the words in the box.

Broken	headache	matter	medicine	wrong
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- 1 You should take some _____.
- 2 What's the _____, Susie?
- 3 What's _____, Carla?
- 4 I think it's _____.
- 5 What about your _____?

3- Listen to Lucas talking to a friend about his trip to Cardiff with his family. What place did each person like the most? For questions 1–5, write a letter (A–H) next to each person. (T.16)

Example:

- | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| 0 Lucas | ☒ | A castle |
| 1 Sister | ☐ | B cinema |
| 2 Brother | ☐ | C clothes shop |
| 3 Mum | ☐ | D park |
| 4 Dad | ☐ | E museum |
| 5 Grandfather | ☐ | F restaurant |
| | | G theatre |
| | | H stadium |

READING AND USE OF ENGLISH

4- Read the fact file about computers and then do the multiple choice activity

FACT FILE: Computers

FUN FACTS:

- More than 3 billion people use the internet!
- More than 200 billion emails are sent every day!
- The first computer mouse was made of wood!

Computers can do lots of jobs. They can do maths, store information, or play music. You can use a computer to write or to play games. What do you know about the history of computers?



The first computers were very big. They were the size of a room! They were so big that people didn't have them at home. Early computers could also only do simple maths, like a calculator. In the 1930s Alan Turing had the idea for a computer you could program to do different things.

In 1958 Jack Kilby invented the microchip. Microchips are tiny but can store lots of information. They helped make computers smaller. In the 1970s computers were smaller and cheaper so people started to use them at home. In the 1980s computer games were very popular. Lots of people bought computers just to play games.



In 1989 Tim Berners-Lee invented the World Wide Web, which is a way to organise information on the internet. Now people all over the world can look for and share information on websites.

Today people can use smartphones to play games, email and go on the internet. In the past a simple computer was the size of a room. Now it can go in your pocket!



1. How many people use the Internet nowadays?

- a) Near three billion people
- b) Over two hundred billion people
- c) Over three billion people

2. What is true about the very first computers?

- a) People used them to send information to other computers
- b) They were as big as a room and could do maths
- c) People had them at home to use them as calculators

3. When did games start to be popular?

- a) In the 1970s
- b) In the 1980s
- c) In 1989

4. Why did computers start to be smaller?

- a) Thanks to the invention of the microchip
- b) Thanks to the World Wide Web
- c) Thanks to the invention of smartphones

5. What material was the first mouse made of?

- a) Wool
- b) Plastic
- c) Wood

6. What is false about smartphones?

- a) They are the size of a room
- b) They are replacing computers
- c) They can go in your pocket

5- Read the passage and choose the best answer to complete the gaps.

Every Saturday I go to Ocean Park Shopping Centre. Shopping at the centre is easier (1) _____ shopping in town because everything is in one place. There's also an amazing cinema. It's (2) _____ than the one in town. The tickets are expensive but the films are always (3) _____ and the cinema also has the latest technology in (4) _____. There are lots of cool shops and the prices are (5) _____, too. After shopping I always go to an Italian restaurant because the pizzas are brilliant! They are (6) _____ in the world!

- | | | | |
|----|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1) | a) as | b) than | c) that |
| 2) | a) big | b) more big | c) bigger |
| 3) | a) worse | b) better | c) the worst |
| 4) | a) sound | b) speaker | c) printer |
| 5) | a) cheaper than | b) more cheap | c) cheaper |
| 6) | a) best | b) better | c) the best |

6- Complete the following conversation between two teenagers. They are talking about HEALTH. For questions 6 -10, choose the correct answer A – G. (Write the letter)

Petra: I returned from a walking holiday two days ago and now I feel ill. Do you think it's because of the trip?

Joe:? 1)

Petra: Oh!? 2)

Joe: You should visit your doctor or go to hospital immediately!

Petra: Well, you see, I'm worried about my health.

Joe:? 3)

Petra: I spend all day in front of a computer. I'm getting fatter and I'm always tired. What can I do?

Joe:? 4)

Petra: I take the bus or my father takes me there.

Joe: Well, I think5)

A- HOW DO YOU GO TO SCHOOL?

B- YOU SHOULD GO BY BICYCLE.

C- WHAT SHOULD I DO?

D- YES, I THINK.

E- WHAT WOULD YOU LIKE TO DO?

F- IT COULD BE THE TRIP OR SOMETHING YOU ATE.

G- WHAT'S THE MATTER?

H- DON' T WORRY!

7- Read the passage and fill in the blanks with ONE word from the box. There are words you DO NOT need.

Drinks	for	eat	costume	lives	eats	has	lives	goes	have	to
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Betty (0) _____ is _____ twenty-two years old. She (1) _____ in a house in the state of Vermont near the sea. In the morning, she always goes (2) _____ a walk for half an hour, then she goes (3) _____ home and swims. She loves wearing her pink and blue swimming (4) _____. As she is a model, she has a strict diet. She never (5) _____ candy or chocolates. She usually (6) _____ a really big breakfast and then a salad and some chicken for lunch. She always (7) _____ a lot of water. She is really healthy!

8- Match the sentences to the words.

- 1 The colour of these changes from red and yellow to green when the traffic can go.
- 2 This is a large area of grass and trees in a city where children can play.
- 3 People and cars can use this to go across a river or a road.
- 4 This is round and is the place where several roads meet.
- 5 This is the word for something that has a roof and walls.

- a roundabout
- b traffic lights
- c building
- d park
- e bridge

WRITING

9- Think about your town or a town you like. Answer the questions. Make notes to help you.

- A. Where is it? _____
- B. What do you think of it? _____
- C. What are the people like? _____
- D. Is the weather usually good or bad? _____
- E. Are there many famous or unusual tourist attractions? _____
- F. What activities can you do in your city? _____
- G. Make a list of adjectives to describe your town _____

Now write a short text about the town. Use the notes in exercise 9. Write full sentences. Use punctuation marks. As a title write the name of the town. Write 40-50 words.

Listening: ____/15
 Reading: ____/6
 UOE: ____/23
 Writing: ____/10
 Total mark: ____/54