



4

Let's go shopping!

much/many • some/any • a few, a little, a lot of • Articles • Shopping • Prices

THE WEEKEND SHOP

Quantity

1 Sarah and Vicky are two students who share a flat. It is Saturday morning, and Sarah has written a shopping list.

T.4.1 Read and listen to their conversation.

V It says here *milk*. How much milk do we need?

S Two pints.

V And eggs? How many eggs?

S A dozen.

V And what about potatoes? How many potatoes?

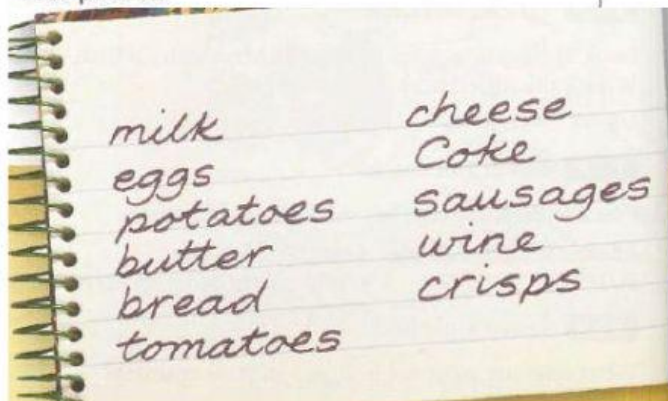
S A kilo's enough.

V And butter? How much?

S Just one packet.

2 Match these quantities with the shopping list.

a bottle of red	six cans
just one white loaf	six pork ones
200g of Cheddar	four big ones
four packets	





3 T4.2 Read and listen to the rest of the conversation.

V Do we need anything else?

S Let's have a look. We've got some apples, but there aren't any grapes. And there isn't any coffee, but we've got some tea.

V Is there any orange juice left, or did somebody finish it?

S There's a little, but there isn't much, so we need some more.

V And vegetables? Have we got many vegetables?

S Well, I can see a few carrots, but there aren't many onions.

V Oh, and don't forget we need a lot of crisps. My nephews are coming tomorrow!

S Right, then. I think that's everything. Let's go! By the way, how much money have you got?

- ◆ **Some, any** и **no** употребляются как с неисчисляемыми существительными (*sugar, bread* и т.д.), так и с исчисляемыми существительными во множественном числе (*pens, cars* и т.д.).



some bread
(немного хлеба)



some cherries
(несколько вишен)

- ◆ **Some** означает *немного* или *несколько* (а также: *некоторое количество, некоторые, часть* и др.). **Some** используется в **утверждениях**.
Например: I've got **some** money.
(= У меня есть **немного** денег.)

- ◆ **Any** используется в вопросах, а **not any** в отрицаниях.

Например: Have you got **any** money?
No, I haven't got **any** money.

- ◆ В отрицаниях можно употреблять **no** вместо **not any**.

Например: I haven't got **any** money.
I've got **no** money.

Примечание. Мы употребляем **some** в вопросах, когда что-то предлагаем или просим.

Например: Would you like **some** coffee? (предложение)
Can I have **some** coffee, please? (просьба)

Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

- 1 Have you got _____ brothers or sisters?
- 2 We don't need _____ olive oil.
- 3 Here are _____ letters for you.
- 4 I need _____ money.
- 5 Is there _____ petrol in the car?

Complete with *some/any/no*

- 1 "Would you like ...**some**... cake?" "No, thank you."
- 2 I'm going to the baker's. I need bread.
- 3 I haven't got pets.
- 4 Have you got fresh eggs?
- 5 Don't buy butter. We have in the fridge.
- 6 I'm hungry. Can I have sandwiches, please?
- 7 He's got money, so he can't buy a hamburger.

- ◆ **Much**, как правило, употребляется с **неисчисляемыми** существительными в вопросах и отрицаниях.

Например: *How **much** money have you got? There isn't **much** sugar in the bowl.*

- ◆ **Many**, как правило, употребляется с **исчисляемыми** существительными в вопросах и отрицаниях.

Например: *Are there **many** books on the shelf? There aren't **many** books on the shelf.*

2 Complete the sentences with *much* or *many*.

- 1 Have you got _____ homework?
- 2 We don't need _____ eggs. Just half a dozen.
- 3 Is there _____ traffic in your town?
- 4 I don't know _____ students in this class.
- 5 How _____ people live in your house?

- ◆ **A lot of / lots of** употребляется в утверждениях с исчисляемыми (например: books, cars и т.д.) и с неисчисляемыми (например: sugar, milk и т.д.) существительными.

Например: *She's got **a lot of / lots of** books. There's **a lot of** milk in the fridge.*

- ◆ **A little / little** используются с неисчисляемыми существительными (water, money, rice и т.д.). **A little** означает "немного, но достаточно".

Например: *I've got **a little** money. I can buy some bread.*

Little означает "совсем мало, почти ничего" и для усиления часто употребляется с **very**.

Например: *They've got **(very) little** money. They can't buy any bread.*

- ◆ **A few / few** используются с исчисляемыми существительными во множественном числе (tomatoes, books, cups и т.д.).

A few означает "немного, но достаточно; несколько".

Например: *There are **a few** tomatoes. We can make a salad.*

Few означает "совсем мало, очень мало" и для усиления часто употребляется с **very**.

Например: *There are **(very) few** people in the cinema. It is almost empty.*

3 Complete the sentences with *a little*, *a few*, or *a lot of*.

- 1 I have _____ close friends. Two or three.
- 2 He has _____ money. He's a millionaire.
- 3 'Do you take sugar in coffee?' 'Just _____. Half a spoonful.'
- 4 'Have you got _____ CDs?' 'Hundreds.'
- 5 I'll be ready in _____ minutes.
- 6 She speaks good Spanish, but only _____ Russian.

Questions and answers

4 Look at Sarah and Vicky's bathroom. Ask and answer questions with a partner about these things:

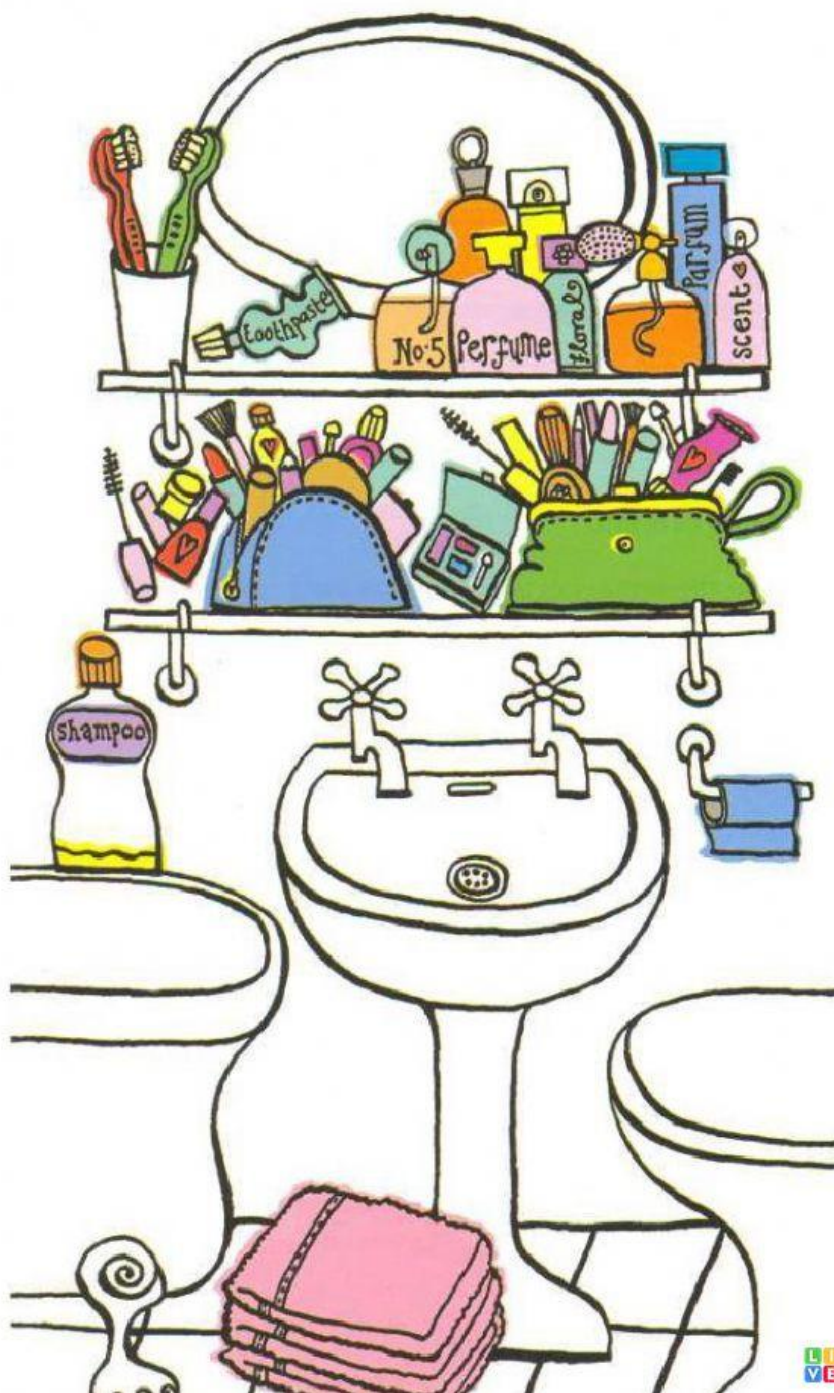
- make-up
- toothbrushes
- hairbrushes
- shampoo
- toothpaste
- soap
- towels
- toilet paper
- bottles of perfume

Have they got much make-up?

Lots.

Is there any soap?

I can't see any.



something/someone/somewhere

5 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

some any every no	+	thing one/body where
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- 1 'Did you meet _____ nice at the party?'
'Yes. I met _____ who knows you!'
- 2 'Ouch! There's _____ in my eye!'
'Let me look. No, I can't see _____.'
- 3 'Let's go _____ hot for our holidays.'
'But we can't go _____ that's too expensive.'
- 4 'I'm so unhappy. _____ loves me.'
'I know _____ who loves you. Me.'
- 5 I lost my glasses. I looked _____, but I couldn't find them.
- 6 'Did you buy _____ at the shops?'
'No, _____. I didn't have any money.'
- 7 I'm bored. I want _____ interesting to read, or _____ interesting to talk to, or _____ interesting to go.
- 8 It was a great party. _____ loved it.

T 4.3 Listen and check.