



**PSLE English Mastery**  
**Editing Techniques**

**The Write Tribe**





## Practice 17

Each of the underlined words contains either a spelling or grammatical error. Write the correct word in each of the boxes.

Khalid and his family were planning to visit his grandparents during

1.

this coming school holidays. They were his puhternal grandparents. They

2.

lived in Malaysia but he did not get to visit them as often as he would like

to. His grandparents were also getting on in years, so travelling over to

3.

Singapore was too strenewous for them.

4.

Khalid's grandparents lived in the sahburbs of Muar. The area was

5.

6.

like a page from a hysteri book. It was quite unlike any place on Singapore.

7.

His grandparents rear chickens and had a little vegetable plot of their own.

8.

Whenever Khalid visited them, he would find great enjoy in assisting his

grandfather in doing chores. This was because these chores were different

9.

with the usual ones that Khalid had to do. Every morning, Khalid would

10.

follow his grandfather out to the chicken kuup to collect freshly laid eggs.

11.

Although the stench could be rather panjunt, Khalid found it amusing to

12.

reach in to grab the warm, cream-coloured orbs. These eggs would usual be

part of the breakfast fare at the table. It was a very laid-back lifestyle.



## Practice 18

Each of the underlined words contains either a spelling or grammatical error. Write the correct word in each of the boxes.

Coins first made their appearance in the 5th or 6th century BC.

1.

There have been different ehkounts of who created the first coins. Some

2.

say they were first mint by the Lydians. Aristotle said that it was the wife of

3.

4.

King Midas which made the first coins. Rigardlus of who made the first coins,

what is known is that the first coins were made of electrum. This is an alloy

5.

with gold and silver.

6.

In China, the first gold coins were standard during the Qin dynasty.

7.

The Han emperurs later added on two more legal tenders. They were the

silver coins and the deerskin notes. These notes were the predecessors of

8.

9.

paper currency. Hence, paper money was a Chinese invention.

10.

11.

Coins have become the most universal concept of money. Historically,

12.

most coins were round. However, there were some rectangle ones. In China,

many coins had a hole in the centre. This was to allow the coins to be strung

together for the convenience of carrying around.



## Practice 19

Each of the underlined words contains either a spelling or grammatical error. Write the correct word in each of the boxes.

1.

Nat's hobby is collecting coasters. Which is a coaster? It is a small piece

2.

of cardboard or mat that is placed at the bawtum of a glass, cup or bottle.

3.

It protects whatever surface that the bevrege is placed on. Nat first began

4.

collecting coasters when her uncle came along from a holiday in London.

He bought her a coaster with a cartoon of a British royal guard on it. The

5.

6.

coaster also had her name printed on it. She really liked that suvenir. See her

7.

name on it made it extra special. That one pursonalised coaster started her

collection.

8.

After the years, whenever she goes travelling with her family, she

9.

would be on the lookout for unique coasters with interesting deizigns.

10.

She does not bother with regular ones that advertised particuler drinks.

11.

So far, she has one that she buys at the Eiffel Tower in Paris. She also

has two from different Disneylands that she has visited. One is from

12.

Hong Kong Disneyland yet the other from Tokyo Disneyland. She hopes to

be able to collect coasters from Disneylands all over the world.



## Practice 20

Each of the underlined words contains either a spelling or grammatical error. Write the correct word in each of the boxes.

Are you a superstitious person? As much as certain symbols represent

1.

bad luck, there are those that signefy good luck too. The lucky symbols you

2.

know of depending on the culture you belong to. These symbols are usually

3.

believed to bring good luck, grant wishes and heal sick. Some even believe

4.

they have the able to ward off evil and curses!

5.

Commen lucky symbols include the four-leaf clover, the horseshoe

6.

and the colour red. However, there are some which you may be less fermiliar

with.

7.

Acorns are said to bring good luck. In myth, the Vikings associated

oak trees with Thor, the god of lightning and thunder. The Vikings believed

8.

that as the oak tree would attract lightning, it was seikred to Thor. However,

since the acorns would survive the lightning strike, they must be protected

9.

10.

against Thor's rath. This brought over the practice of people placing acorns

11.

on their windowsills. They believed that doing so would ensure the protect

of their houses from lightning.

Rainbows are also known to bring good luck. People are always

12.

happy whenever they see this natural phenomenon appear in the sky. It has

many positive meanings in many cultures around the world.