

MS. CHI ENGLISH

Name: _____
Class: S6

Date: .../.../ 20...
Tel: 038 255 2594

GLOBAL ENGLISH 6: UNIT 2 – SPORT GRAMMAR 1

A. NEW LESSON

First conditional sentence with IF/ UNLESS (Câu điều kiện loại 1 với IF/ UNLESS)

1. Câu điều kiện loại 1: được sử dụng để diễn tả một sự việc, hiện tượng có khả năng xảy ra trong hiện tại hoặc tương lai.

2. Câu điều kiện loại 1 với IF:

	Mệnh đề If (Nếu)	Mệnh đề chính (thì)
Công thức	If + S + V (s, es)....,	S + will/ won't + V-inf. (won't = will not)
Cách dùng	Nói về một điều kiện có thể xảy ra trong hiện tại hoặc tương lai	Nói về một kết quả có thể xảy ra trong hiện tại hoặc tương lai nếu điều kiện mệnh đề If xảy ra

*Note: Hai mệnh đề trong câu điều kiện có thể đổi chỗ cho nhau được: nếu mệnh đề chính đứng trước thì giữa hai mệnh đề không cần dấu phẩy, ngược lại thì phải có dấu phẩy ở giữa.

Ex: If it rains, I will stay at home. (Nếu trời mưa, thì tôi sẽ ở nhà.)

We will miss our flight if we don't hurry up. (Chúng ta sẽ muộn chuyến bay nếu chúng ta không nhanh lên.)

3. Câu điều kiện loại 1 với UNLESS:

Cấu trúc UNLESS tương đương với IF NOT, vì vậy trong câu điều kiện, 2 từ này có thể thay thế cho nhau. Mặc dù UNLESS mang nghĩa phủ định nhưng nó lại được sử dụng trong câu khẳng định.

Ex: If John isn't tired, we will go out. (Nếu Tom không mệt, thì chúng tôi sẽ ra ngoài.)

→ Unless John is tired, we will go out. (Trừ khi Tom mệt, chúng tôi sẽ ra ngoài.)

B. HOMEWORK

I. Write the sentences in the first conditional

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| 1 I / have / time → I / read a magazine | If I have time, I'll read a magazine. |
| 2 you / charge / the batteries → the camera / work | |
| 3 it / snow → they / cancel / the game | |
| 4 he / tell / the truth → he / feel better | |
| 5 we / not go now → we / be late for dinner | |
| 6 I / come / with you → you / buy me / lunch | |

II. Finish the sentences so they are true for you

0. If I am late for school, _____ my mother will be angry _____.
1. Unless the weather is good tomorrow, _____.
2. Unless you like this film, _____.
3. If we have enough money, _____.
4. If you find my book, _____.
5. If they go on holiday, _____.

III. Complete the sentences using the correct form of the words in brackets

- 1 If Lydia passes her test, her father will buy her a new computer. (pass)
- 2 If Harry comes, I talk to him. (talk)
- 3 My mum won't let me go to the park if I don't finish my homework. (not finish)
- 4 If you do that again, dad will be very angry. (be)
- 5 We'll be late if we hurry. (not hurry)
- 6 If she goes to Paris, she will send us a postcard. (send)

IV. Match to make meaningful sentences

0. If I do this test,	a. I will improve my English.
1. Unless they study harder,	b. if he gets a cheap flight.
2. If you send this letter now,	c. if you watch this terrifying film.
3. Simon will go to London next week	d. she will receive it tomorrow.
4. You won't be able to sleep	e. unless you have experience.
5. You can't get a job	f. they won't pass the test.

0- a	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-
------	----	----	----	----	----

V. Circle the correct answer

0. A If you don't help me, I won't be able to move the sofa.
A. If B. Unless
1. Sandra won't come to the party A you apologise to her.
A. if B. unless
2. We will play badminton in the garden A it rains.
A. if B. unless
3. They will leave without me A I'm late.
A. if B. unless
4. A there's no cheese, will you make me a ham sandwich?
A. If B. Unless
5. I won't write about the film A I see it.
A. if B. unless

VI. Rewrite the sentences using the words and phrases given

- 1 I don't want to put on my hat. (you/get sunburnt)
If you don't put on your hat, you'll get sunburnt.
- 2 Let's go to New York. (we/visit the Statue of Liberty)
.....
- 3 I want to stay up late. (you/not/be able/get up early for school)
.....
- 4 He doesn't want to wear a jacket. (he/catch a cold)
.....
- 5 She must leave soon. (she/not/miss the beginning of the film)
.....

PART 1

QUESTIONS 1–6

For each question, choose the correct answer.

1

**Swimming pool closed
for building work**
**Open from Tuesday
for lessons only**

- A** People who have swimming classes can go on Tuesday.
- B** The pool will be closed to all customers after Tuesday.
- C** Swimming lessons will be in a new pool on Tuesday.

2

Chess club members!
We're meeting in the library this Wednesday instead of the hall, as there's a dance show happening there at 7 p.m.

The chess club is

- A** on a different day this week.
- B** in a different place this week.
- C** at a different time this week.

3

Rob,
Leave your laptop in the kitchen before you go out and I'll see if I can find out why it's not working.
Dad

Why did Rob's dad write this note?

- A** to ask if he can use Rob's laptop
- B** to tell Rob where he left his laptop
- C** to offer to check Rob's laptop

4



- A Rafa needs to change the plans for this evening.
- B Rafa will eat at work before going to the cinema.
- C Rafa prefers to see the film at a later time.

5

Sightseeing trips twice daily

Buses – 9.00 a.m. & 2.00 p.m.

Tickets only available from
tourist office

- A It's not possible to buy tickets on the bus.
- B Tourists must book both trips at 9.00 a.m.
- C Each sightseeing trip takes two hours.

6

**Cinema park is full
Please use the free
one in the shopping
centre**

- A You should pay for cinema parking in the shopping centre.
- B People who want to see a film must drive to the shopping centre cinema.
- C Cinema visitors should use a different car park.

PART 4

QUESTIONS 19-24

For each question, choose the correct answer.

Camels

Camels are one of the only large animals that can live happily in the Sahara Desert. The hot weather and strong winds are not a (19) for them. Also, they do not need to eat or drink every day, and this (20) them very useful to the people who live there.

Camels begin working at the age of about four years old and don't stop until they are around 25 to 30. They can carry people or things a very long (21), and because of this they are sometimes (22) the 'ships of the desert'.

These days, there are roads across some (23) of the Sahara, so buses and lorries are often (24) However, in places where there are no roads, camels are still the only type of transport.

19 A trouble B mistake C problem

20 A gets B has C makes

21 A way B path C road

22 A described B said C called

23 A parts B examples C things

24 A put B used C done

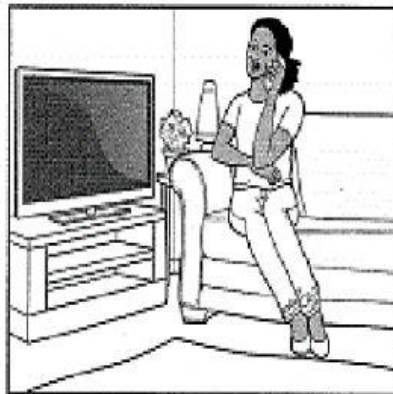
PART 7

QUESTION 32

Look at the three pictures.

Write the story shown in the pictures.

Write 35 words or more.

[illegible]

Con hãy mở link nghe bằng máy tính nhé: <https://tinyurl.com/muwvx52v>

PART 4

QUESTIONS 16–20

For each question, choose the correct answer.

- 16** You will hear a woman talking to a friend about getting to work.
Why did the woman arrive at the office late?
- A** The road was closed.
 - B** There was a problem with her car.
 - C** She couldn't find her car keys.
- 17** You will hear a man, Peter, talking to a friend about his plans.
Where will Peter be this Saturday?
- A** at a party
 - B** in another country
 - C** on a boat
- 18** You will hear a man talking about a music festival.
What's different about the festival this year?
- A** how long it is
 - B** where it is
 - C** when it is
- 19** You will hear two people talking about their school days.
Which subject did they both enjoy at school?
- A** history
 - B** geography
 - C** science
- 20** You will hear someone speaking to customers in a supermarket.
What's cheaper in the supermarket this week?
- A** desserts
 - B** soft drinks
 - C** fruit

Con hãy mở link nghe bằng máy tính nhé: <https://tinyurl.com/22evkbbk8>

PART 5

QUESTIONS 21–25

For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear Helena talking to her friend Steve about hotels in their city.
What does Steve think about each hotel?

Example:

0 Plaza Hotel E

Hotels

21 City Hotel

22 The Bridge Hotel

23 Lemontree Hotel

24 Greenleaf Hotel

25 The International Hotel

Opinions

A comfortable beds

B expensive

C friendly staff

D good food

E hard to find

F large bedrooms

G no parking

H noisy

I. Complete B's answers. Some sentences are positive and some negative. Use the verbs given in present perfect tense

	<i>have</i>	<i>meet</i>	<i>have</i>	<i>be</i>	<i>eat</i>	<i>happen</i>	<i>read</i>	<i>play</i>
	A				B			
1	What's Mark's sister like?				I've no idea. I've never met her.			
2	Is everything going well?				Yes, we haven't had any problems so far.			
3	Are you hungry?				Yes. I much today.			
4	Can you play chess?				Yes, but for ages.			
5	Are you enjoying your holiday?				Yes, it's the best holiday for a long time.			
6	What's that book like?				I don't know. it.			
7	Is Brussels an interesting place?				I've no idea. there.			
8	I hear your car broke down again yesterday.				Yes, it's the second time this month.			

II. Circle the correct answer

0. The children are playing _____ the garden.

A. on
C. between

☒ B. in
D. to
1. Oh my god! I saw a mouse _____ the sofa.

A. among
C. behind

B. between
D. next
2. There is a big supermarket _____ the park.

A. in front
C. on

B. near
D. next
3. To be quite truthful with you, I'm not very keen _____ this colour.

A. to
C. behind

B. on
D. at
4. She was fiercely proud _____ family traditions and continuity.

A. through
C. between

B. in
D. of
5. For me a car is just a means of getting _____ A to B.

A. from
C. on

B. at
D. of
6. The children were excited when they saw all the presents _____ the Christmas tree.

A. under
C. into

B. through
D. along