

5. The lorry crashed into a bus-load of schoolchildren. Six of them were slightly injured.
6. The Smiths were given rooms in the hotel. Their house had been destroyed in the explosion.
7. The river bed is uneven and you may be in shallow water one moment and in deep water the next. This makes it unsafe for non-swimmers.
8. He paid me 5 dollars for cleaning ten windows. Most of them hadn't been cleaned for at least a year.
9. Tom came to the party in patched jeans. This surprised the other guests. Most of the other guests were wearing evening dress.
10. I missed the train. I usually catch this train. And I had to travel on the next. This was a slow train.

7. Combine the sentences by using relative adverbs.

1. This is the place. The accident occurred there.
2. 7:05 is the time. My plane arrives at that time.
3. I'll show you the second-hand bookshop. You can find valuable books in this shop.
4. The reason is to invite you to my party. I'm phoning you for this reason.
5. Mark likes to travel at night. The roads are quiet at that time.
6. The Riverside Restaurant is very beautiful. I once had lunch with Henry in this restaurant.
7. She doesn't want to speak to the cause. She divorced her husband for this cause.
8. The days were the saddest ones. I lived far from home on those days.
9. A cafe is a small restaurant. People can get a light meal there.
10. You didn't tell us the reason. We had to cut down our daily expenses for that reason.

8. Change the relative clauses to phrases.

1. Do you know the woman who is coming toward us?
2. The road that joins the two villages is very narrow.
3. Most of the goods that are made in this factory are exported.
4. My grandmother, who is old and sick, never goes out of the house.
5. Kuala Lumpur, which is the capital city of Malaysia, is a major trade center in Southeast Asia.
6. The woman who lived here before us is a romantic novelist.
7. The scientists who are researching the causes of cancer are making progress.

8. Our solar system is in a galaxy that is called the Milky Way.
9. All students who don't hand in their papers will fail in the exam.
10. Simon Bolivar, who was a great South American general, led the fight for independence early in the 19th century.
11. Some of the people who have been invited to the party can't come.
12. Ann is the woman who is responsible for the error.
13. Mr. Jackson, who has been working in the company for over ten years, was nominated as the new director.
14. English has an alphabet that consists of 26 letters.
15. We noticed a pile of stones which had been left in the road.

9. Change the relative clauses to phrases, using to-infinitive or infinitive phrases (for + O + to-infinitive).

1. We used to have a room in which we could play music.
2. The child will be happier if he has someone that he can play with.
3. David was the only person who offered his help.
4. We had to sit on the ground because we hadn't anything that we could sit on.
5. She didn't have anyone to whom she could send cards.
6. There is a big yard that your children can play in.
7. Emma Thompson is the most famous actress who will appear on stage here.
8. We have some picture books that children can read.
9. He was the second man who was killed in this way.
10. Here are some novels that she should read.

10. Replace the clauses in italics by an infinitive or infinitive phrase.

1. We had a river *in which we could swim*.
2. The child is lonely; he would be happier if he had someone *that he could play with*.
3. I don't much care for cooking for myself; if I had a family *that I had to cook for* I'd be more interested.
4. I've got a bottle of wine but I haven't got anything *that I could open it with*.
5. I have some letters *that I must write*.
6. I don't want to go alone and I haven't anyone *that I can go with*.
7. I don't like him playing in the street; I wish we had a garden *that he could play in*.
8. He was the first man *who left the burning building*.

9. The floor is dusty but I haven't got a brush that I can sweep it with.
10. The fifth man *who was interviewed* was entirely unsuitable.

11. Complete the sentences using reduced noun clauses.

1. Her date is arriving in ten minutes. She doesn't know what clothes she should wear.
She doesn't know.....
2. Joe has gained a lot of weight. He went to the doctor for advice.
The doctor told him.....
3. There are several English schools for Kyoko to choose from.
She cannot make a decision.
Kyoko is not sure.....
4. They want to adopt a child but they don't know much about the procedure.
They go to a lawyer.
The lawyer told them.....
5. Ben is failing his economics class. He went to talk to the professor.
The professor advised told him.....
6. She forgot the time of her dental appointment.
She doesn't know.....
7. Jane is new in town. She wants to buy a new dress but she isn't sure about the stores.
Jane doesn't know.....
8. "My dog's sick! Help!" cried Linda.
Linda didn't know.....
9. I can't stop smoking. Please give me some advice.
Please tell me.....
10. Share a problem you have with your friend then offer advice to each other.
Tell your friend.....

12. Find any errors in noun clause construction and verb tense. Correct the errors.

1. A few students asked the teacher why was there going to be a final exam.
2. The teacher told to the students that it is crucial that they learn to take tests.
3. According to the students, however, it was more important that they were given more class time.