

ĐỀ LUYỆN THI VÀO LỚP 6 SỐ 7

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the other words in each group.

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|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 2. A. <u>read</u> | B. <u>tea</u> cher | C. <u>ea</u> t | D. a <u>h</u> ead |
| 3. A. <u>ten</u> th | B. <u>ma</u> th | C. bro <u>th</u> er | D. <u>th</u> earer |
| 4. A. <u>engine</u> er | B. betw <u>ee</u> n | C. <u>tee</u> th | D. <u>greet</u> ing |
| 5. A. <u>inter</u> section | B. <u>er</u> aser | C. book <u>s</u> tore | D. <u>h</u> istory |
| 1. A. <u>l</u> azy | B. <u>al</u> ways | C. <u>a</u> dvice | D. bet <u>r</u> ay |
| 2. A. <u>co</u> mm <u>o</u> n | B. <u>o</u> pinion | C. bro <u>o</u> ther | D. <u>h</u> onest |
| 3. A. <u>to</u> uch | B. <u>c</u> ouch | C. <u>a</u> bout | D. <u>s</u> ound |
| 4. A. <u>g</u> ive | B. <u>d</u> ifficult | C. <u>l</u> ight | D. hard-working |
| 5. A. <u>vis</u> its | B. <u>jog</u> s | C. <u>re</u> m <u>e</u> mbers | D. <u>ar</u> rives |

II. Choose the best answer to each of the following sentences.

1. Don't _____ until the race finishes.
A. talking B. to talk C. talk D. talked
2. It's not difficult _____ garbage around the school yard.
A. collecting B. to collect C. collect D. collected
3. The baby doesn't look _____. I think she's going to cry.
A. happy B. happily C. happiness D. unhappily
4. I have a lot of _____ to do for tomorrow's test, so I can't go with you.
A. homework B. homeworks C. housework D. chores
5. We hope to earn some money _____ our school.
A. on B. for C. at D. from
6. Why don't you participate _____ our program?
A. on B. in C. at D. from
7. The new shopping mall is quite _____ the present shopping area.
A. different from B. the same C. like D. similar to
8. Most people enjoy _____ to different parts of the world.
A. to travel B. travel C. traveled D. traveling
9. The doctor advised her _____ a rest and _____ any heavy work.
A. to take / to do B. to take / not do C. to take / don't do D. to take/ not to do
10. It's too cold outside. _____ you close the door, please?

- A. Do B. Are C. Could D. Why don't
11. She is studying hard _____ pass the final exams.
A. for B. in order to C. so to D. so that
12. Can you fill _____ this form for me?
A. in B. on C. by D. at
13. " _____ do you have English?" ~ "Three times a week."
A. How B. How far C. How long D. How often
14. Once upon a time there _____ a girl called Little Pea.
A. be B. has C. was D. had
15. You should try to learn the new words by _____.
A. heart B. head C. eye D. mouth
16. On Sunday mornings I stay in bed _____ 8 o'clock.
A. until B. at C. from D. to
17. I often _____ in winter.
A. go playing skiing B. go skiing C. play skiing D. go to ski
18. It's difficult to cross this street because there is too much _____.
A. crowd B. traffic C. people D. transport
19. Would you like to come to my house for lunch?
A. Yes, I do B. I'd love to C. Yes, I like D. OK. I'd like
20. My homework _____ about 2 hours a day.
A. takes B. has C. makes D. gives

III. Supply the correct form of the words given in the brackets.

- He is a successful man. He has a lot of and money. (famous)
- We went to the countryside to join in a festival and felt very happy. (tradition)
- It was of him to drop the vase and broke it. (care)
- He is an/ a man and we don't like him. (kindness)
- He fell off the bike in crowded street and the was terrible. (injure)
- I am working with many experienced engineers and they are (assistance) me a lot.
- The dictionary is small but it is very (inform)
- To lose weight, you should avoid (health) food such as fast food, soft drink and do more exercise.

9. His (ill) causes us lots of (difficult) because he plays a very active part in the group.

IV. Supply the correct form of the verbs given in the brackets.

1. No one enjoy (go)to hospital.
2. What (you/ do)..... at the moment? I (watch)T.V.
3. A little girl can't spend all her time (listen) to stories.
4. He send a telegram for his mother (learn) good news.
5. Our class (start) at 7.15 and (finish) at 11.45 every morning.
6. What (your father/ currently/ do) ?
7. You can't talk to my parents because they (travel) to Paris now.
8. I am going to leave on business tomorrow. The plane (leave) Chicago at 11.30, and (arrive) in Atlanta at 2.45.
9. What kind of book (you/ often/ read) when you (be) a child?
10. As a child Becky often (go) fishing on the river near his house when he (have) free time.

V. Read the text and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D.

Winter Driving

Winter is dangerous because it's so difficult to know what is going to happen and accidents take place so easily. Fog can be waiting to meet you over the top of the hill. Ice might be hiding beneath the melting snow, waiting to send you off the road. The car coming towards you may suddenly slide across the road.

Rule Number One for driving on icy roads is to drive smoothly. Uneven movements can make a car suddenly very difficult to control. So every time you either turn the wheel, touch the brakes or increase your speed, you must be as gentle and slow as possible. Imagine you are driving with a full cup of coffee on the seat next to you. Drive so that you wouldn't spill it.

Rule Number Two is to pay attention to what might happen. The more ice there is, the further down the road you have to look. Test how long it takes to stop by gentle braking. Remember that you may be driving more quickly than you think. In general, allow double your normal stopping distance when the road is wet, three times this

distance on snow, and even more on ice. Try to stay in control of your car at all times and you will avoid trouble.

1. What is the writer trying to do in this text?

- A. complain about bad winter driving. B. give information about winter weather.
C. warn people against driving in winter. D. advise people about safe driving in winter.

2. Why would somebody read this text?

- A. to find out about the weather. B. for information on driving lessons.
C. to learn about better driving. D. to decide when to travel.

3. What does the writer think?

- A. People should avoid driving in the snow. B. Drivers should expect problems in winter.
C. People drive too fast in winter. D. Winter drivers should use their brakes less.

4. Why does the writer talk about a cup of coffee?

- A. to explain the importance of smooth movements.
B. because he thinks refreshments are important for drivers.
C. because he wants drivers to be more relaxed.
D. to show how it can be spilled.

5. Which traffic sign shows the main idea of the text?

A

DRIVE CAREFULLY
ICE ON THE ROAD AHEAD

B.

REDUCE SPEED NOW
FOG AHEAD

C.

DRIVE CAREFULLY
ROAD REPAIRS AHEAD

D.

SLOW DOWN
ACCIDENT AHEAD

VI. Make questions for the underlined part in the following sentences.

1. Farmers are burning forests because they need more land.

.....

2. My brother has two dogs.

.....

3. Yes, my mother works in a hospital.

.....

4. They often go to the cinema with their friends.

.....
5. Daisy has breakfast at 6 a.m.
.....

VII. Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning.

1. How much does a box of chocolate cost?

-

What _____?

2. Does your father cycle to work?

- Does your father get _____?

3. He looks after the sick people.

- He takes _____

4. Do you enjoy listening to music?

- Are you interested _____?

5. We have a two - month summer vacation.

- Our summer vacation lasts _____

6. Will you please look after the house while we are away?

- Will you please take _____?

7. It takes me about two hours each day to do my homework.

- I spend _____

8. Keeping the environment clean is very important.

- It's _____

9. I would like you to help me to put the chairs away.

- Do you mind _____?

10. Having a vacation abroad is very interesting.

- It is _____

____ *The End* ____