



INTERACTIVE WORKSHEET

READING COMPREHENSION

GRADE : 5th High School

AREA : ENGLISH

INTI RAYMI – HISTORY

During the time of the Incan Empire, Inti Raymi was the greatest festival of the year. According to Inca tradition, the festival was created in 1412 by Pachacutec, the ninth and most powerful Incan Emperor who also built Machu Picchu, to celebrate the winter solstice which heralded the return of the sun, and the Incan New Year.

In the past, the festival included animal and human sacrifices which were meant to please the sun god Inti, who at the time of the winter solstice was as far away from the Earth as he could possibly be. The festival and sacrifices were performed to encourage Inti to return and shine warmly on the land so that crops could grow and the Incan people would have enough to eat.

Around 25,000 people gathered every year in Cusco in Peru, which was then the centre of the Incan Empire, to celebrate the festival which lasted for nine days. They painted their faces yellow like the sun, wore deer antlers, swept the main road and covered it with flowers before the Sapa Inca – the ruler of the Inca Empire – and his consort Mama Oclla were carried along it to the celebration ground. There, people danced and played music and priests gave blessings. On the fourth day, at the high point of the celebration, the Sapa Inca climbed a golden tower, offered a drink made from maize to the sun god, and addressed his people.

Inti Raymi was banned by the Spanish invaders during the Spanish conquest because they believed it was pagan and contrary to the Catholic faith.

The modern-day celebration of Inti Raymi was revived in 1944 and has been held every year since.

I Mark the sentences “True” or “False” according to the history of Inty Raymi text.

1. The festival of Inti Raymi goes back over one thousand years.

True / False

2. The original Inti Raymi celebrations took place at Machu Picchu.

True / False

3. The festival was celebrated by dancing, drinking, and killing.

True / False

4. The festival took place around the longest day of the year.

True / False



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GRAMMAR : 3RD CONDITIONAL

5. Inti was the name given by the Incas to the sun god. True / False

6. Pachacutec was the first and greatest Sapa Inca. True / False

GRAMMAR: THIRD CONDITIONAL

I. READ AND CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE

1) If Mary had gone to the party, I _____ too.

a) went b) would have gone c) gone

2) If you _____ me the money, I wouldn't have bought the ticket.

a) didn't lend b) don't lend c) hadn't lend

3) I wouldn't have stayed at the hotel if you _____ it to me.

a) hadn't recommended b) don't recommend c) didn't recommend

4) She would have been hurt in the car accident if she _____ her seat belt.

a) wouldn't worn b) didn't wore c) hadn't worn

5) If you _____ me, I would have helped you.

a) had asked b) asked c) ask

II. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING THE CORRECT FORM OF THE VERBS PROVIDED. (DO NOT USE CONTRACTIONS)



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Grammar : 3rd Conditional

Ex. Annie failed her history test, but if she had studied (study) harder, she would have passed (pass).

- 1) Kevin caught the bus on time, but if he _____ (miss) the bus, he _____ (be) late for his appointment.
- 2) Bob didn't write to me when he was on vacation, but if he _____ (know) my address, he _____ (send) me a postcard.
- 3) We didn't buy the car because it was too expensive, but if it _____ (be) a little cheaper, we _____ (buy) it.
- 4) It was cold yesterday, but if it _____ (be) warmer, we _____ (go) to the beach.
- 5) Jane didn't understand the homework. If she _____ (listen) to the teacher's instructions, she _____ (know) what to do.

