1. Match up

1. Una escuela de caballos	a) bullring
2. Una playa	b) Golf course
3. Un campo de golf	c) harbour
4. Un puerto	d) Theme park
5. plaza de toros	e) Riding school
6. Un parque temático	f) beach



2. Complete the table

Spanish	English
fantástico	
	boring
guay	
horroroso	
	interesting
fascinante	
	good
emocionante	

3. Translate into English

Me encanta ir al campo de golf
=
Siempre voy a la playa para nadar
=
En mi ciudad hay un parque temático
=

4. Complete with the missing word

Hago equitación en la_____de caballos = I do horseriding at the riding school
A menudo voy al campo de golf porque golf es mi _____ favorito = I often go to the golf course because golf is my favoruite sport
Voy al _____ para tomar fotos = I go to the harbour to take photos
En mi _____hay una plaza de toros =There is a bullring in my city
Me encanta ir a la _____ = I love going to the beach



5. Translate into Spanish

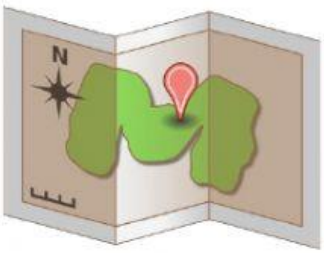
I go to the pool	=
I listen to music	=
I go to the cinema	=
I watch TV	=
I play rugby	=
I swim	=

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Your Spanish friend, Iván, writes to you about his home town.

What does he say? Write the correct letter in each box.

Vivo en un pueblo antiguo en el noreste de España. El pueblo es mucho más grande hoy porque está cerca de la costa y muchas personas compran casas aquí. También hay bastante turismo. Los turistas visitan la región para nadar en la laguna o ver las ruinas de las afueras del pueblo. Era más verde y tranquilo en el pasado, y en la región había más paz y naturaleza. Ahora, es verdad que hay mucho más que hacer pero hay más ruido y el pueblo está más sucio y contaminado.



Example How does Iván describe his home town?

a	It's a peaceful town in the north of Spain.
b	It's a pretty town in the north west of Spain.
c	It's an old town in the north east of Spain.

c

1 Why has the town grown?

a	People are buying up houses by the sea.
b	People are moving to the area for work.
c	People find the cost of living cheaper there.

2 Which is not a reason why tourists visit the area?

a	To swim in the lagoon.
b	To visit the ruins.
c	To see the village festival.

3 What was the area like in the past?

a	Quiet and a bit boring.
b	Peaceful and good for nature.
c	A rural, farming community.

4 What is good about the town today?

a	Transport is much better than it used to be.
b	There is a lot more to do.
c	It's even greener than it was before.

5 What is Iván not happy about?

a	The pollution brought about by tourism.
b	The rudeness of the visitors.
c	The plans for more building.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Grammar

***Ir* in the present tense**

Ir is one of the most frequently used verbs in Spanish. It is irregular in the present tense, so must be learnt carefully.

ir	to go
voy	I go
vas	you (sing) go
va	he/she/it goes
vamos	we go
vais	you (pl) go
van	they go

Remember that if you are going to somewhere, you must use the construction *ir a*. If the noun that follows the *a* is masculine singular, you must combine the *a* and *el* to make *al*.

- *Voy* ~~*a el*~~ ***al*** *museo.*
- *Vamos* ~~*a el*~~ ***al*** *supermercado.*

Put the sentences into the correct order



1. Iglesia voy a la Normalmente
2. Estadio de fútbol Mis van al padres
3. Finds de semana Vas al instituto los?
4. Al museo El jueves por la tarde vamos
5. Banco ahora Vais al?
6. El domingo Fernando supermercado va al

Add the correct form of "to go" to complete the sentences

1. Mi hermana ____ a una estación de tren
2. Juan _____ a un instituto de lunes a Viernes
3. Vosotros ____ a una tienda de ropa o a un banco?
4. El sábado por la manana nosotros _____ a un estadio de fútbol
5. Mi abuela a veces ____ a un supermercado

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Writing



Write a few sentences or a short text about where you live.

Include:

1. Where you live: *Vivo en ...*
2. What your town is like: *Mi pueblo/ciudad es... (pequeño/a/divertido/a).*
   Tiene un/una... (biblioteca enorme) y también hay... (un parque)
3. What you do in your town: *Voy al/a la (museo/piscina/cine)... para...*
   (ver una exposición de arte/hacer natación/ver una película).
4. *Whether you like your town or not (and why)*



LIVEWORKSHEETS

UNIT 9. MI CIUDAD
I can talk about where I live



¿Dónde vives? *Where do you live?*
¿Te gusta tu ciudad? *Do you like your city?*

Vivo en *I live in*	**Barcelona** **Edimburgo** *Edinburgh* **Harrogate** **Leeds** **Londres** *London* **Madrid** **Marbella** **Nueva York** *New York* **Roma** *Rome* **Ronda**	**Me encanta** *I love* **Me gusta** *I like* **No me gusta** *I don't like* **Odio** *I hate*	**mi pueblo** *my town*	**porque es** *because it is* **porque no es** *because it is not*	**animado** *lively* **bonito** *pretty* **feo** *ugly* **grande** *big* **pequeño** *small* **ruidoso** *noisy* **tranquilo** *quiet* **turístico** *touristic*

THE LANGUAGE GYM
LIVEWORKSHEETS

	Sidney		**mi ciudad** *my city*		**animada** *lively* **bonita** *pretty* **fea** *ugly* **pequeña** *small* **ruidosa** *noisy* **tranquila** *quiet* **turística** *touristic*

THE LANGUAGE GYM

LIVEWORKSHEETS